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THE TIMES


30p


No. 65,660 MONDAY APRIL 22 1996

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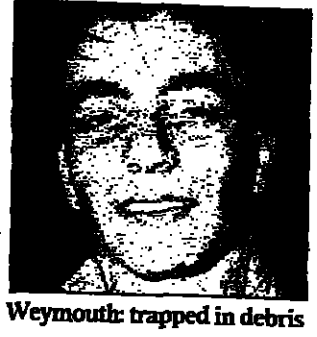
**MATTHEW PARRIS**
A great truth on a late train
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**SPORT ON 14 PAGES**
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Viscount's girlfriend dies as bomb blasts backpacker hotel



By ADRIAN LEE and CHRISTOPHER THOMAS
VISCOUNT WEYMOUTH, the son of the Marquess of Bath and heir to the Longleat estate, survived a bomb blast in Delhi which killed his girlfriend, best friend, and ten other people.

The viscount, 21, was pulled from beneath the debris of a guest house but suffered only cuts and bruises. But his girlfriend, Scarlett Kirby, 29, and best friend Crinan Wilde, 21,

both believed to be from London, were killed in the blast at a guesthouse, popular with backpackers. Up to 30 others, including another three Britons, were injured in the blast on Saturday. Last night two separatist groups opposed to Indian elections, due to start next week, claimed responsibility for the bombing.

The Marquess, whose ancestral seat is Longleat, near Warminster, Wiltshire, spoke yesterday of his "huge relief" at his son's good fortune and his sadness for the victims. His son, born Caewlin Thym, is heir to a £150 million fortune. "He has certainly been most lucky in escaping injury or worse. He was buried in the explosion but I have spoken to him and he is all right. He has got cuts but no broken bones. He sounded his normal self but that was before he knew about the others."

"One feels tremendous sympathy for their families and I cannot really say any more. They were all great friends and very fond of one another. Scarlett was a charming girl who would have gone far in life. I am totally devastated by this."

The Marquess said, at first, his son believed Miss Kirby had survived the huge explosion. "When I first spoke to him he thought she was alive. He thought he had heard her voice after the explosion."

Weymouth: trapped in debris

Bare-handed rescue, page 3

Shadow Cabinet warning Prescott tells Short to toe line or resign

By JILL SHERMAN, CHIEF POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT
CLARE SHORT was publicly warned by John Prescott, the deputy Labour leader, to accept collective responsibility or resign from the Shadow Cabinet, as a further row broke out over the party's tax plans.

But within minutes of criticising his colleague, Mr Prescott appeared to make a similar gaffe on tax which was gleefully seized on by the Tories who claimed that it showed Labour would hit middle income earners.

Last week Ms Short, the Shadow Transport Secretary, angered the Labour leadership by suggesting that people like herself, who is on an MPs salary of £34,850, should pay more tax. Ms Short immediately accused her critics of stifling debate.

Yesterday Mr Prescott said that if Ms Short was not prepared to accept the constraints of collective responsibility she should consider her position.

"You must make a judgment but when you make a judgment to stay on the front bench you are under a certain amount of constraint," he said. "You come to a collective agreement about something and you have a responsibility to observe it. If you don't then you can clearly leave it because, after all, each one of us in the Shadow Cabinet stands for election."

However Mr Prescott then conceded that Labour's aim to achieve fairer taxation meant that some people would pay less but others would pay a lot more. While he made clear that Labour had no intention of hitting the middle classes who had suffered under Tory tax rises, he suggested that the wealthy would pay more.

Mr Prescott tried to keep to the party line that the Labour leadership would spell out its tax rates nearer the next general election. He refused to answer questions on BBC's *Breakfast* with Frost about specific tax bands, merely saying Labour would have a "fair tax system". However when asked by Sir David

"Of course there are some very rich entrepreneurs, but what's wrong with that?"
— Peter Mandelson, page 46

Frost if a fair tax system meant "some people would pay less and quite a lot of people would pay more tax", Mr Prescott said: "That seems to be a reasonable interpretation about a fairer tax system but the appropriate rates are the ones that people are concerned about."

He went on to argue he did not want to "add to the unfair burden of the massive tax increases that the Government had imposed, particularly on the middle income earners."

His comments highlighted the tension among the Labour leadership over whether the party should impose a new top



The Queen responds jubilantly to crowds at Sandringham who greeted her with a chorus of *Happy Birthday*

Queen enjoys a birthday takeaway

By ALAN HAMILTON
FOR all the Queen's efforts to keep the occasion within the bosom of her family, her 70th birthday yesterday became something of a public event.

More than 1,000 well wishers flocked to Sandringham, where the crowd slipped into a chorus of *Happy Birthday*. Tributes from all quarters were paid to the Queen, praising her 44 years on the throne as an outstanding constitutional monarch who has rarely put a foot wrong.

Less happily, some Sunday newspapers which now toe a republican line marked the anniversary by blaming the Queen for bringing her recent family troubles on her own head: and a private dinner last night for 14 close family and friends was switched to Frogmore House in Windsor Great Park after a newspaper disclosed the original location as Michel Roux's Waterside Inn near Windsor. Not to be beaten, M Roux took his planned dinner to the Royal party, rather than the other way round.

The Queen, who had spent a quiet weekend at Wood

Continued on page 2, col 4 Ben Pimlott, page 6

Lamont backs Goldsmith

By JILL SHERMAN
A DAMAGING new split emerged in the Conservative Party last night after Sir James Goldsmith set out his terms for a referendum on Europe, insisting the people should decide whether they wanted to be governed by Brussels or Westminster.

Northern Lamont, the former Chancellor immediately threw his weight behind the billionaire financier, whose Referendum Party is threatening to field more than 600 candidates at the next election.

John Redwood also broke ranks with the Tory leadership by calling for a wider referendum than one for a single currency, admitting Sir James's terms were "worth considering". Mr Redwood has already accepted an invitation to meet him to discuss the referendum.

Ministers are becoming increasingly nervous about Sir James's threat — backed by a £20 million fighting fund — to campaign in marginal seats at the next election.

The backing from two senior Tory rightwingers will further undermine party morale after more rumours that a disenchanted group of right-wing MPs still hope to mount

On the road to Damascus

Warren Christopher, the US Secretary of State, returned to Damascus for talks with President Assad of Syria, after announcing that he was confident of bringing a halt to the Israeli-Hezbollah fighting.

After meeting Shimon Peres, the Israeli prime minister, Mr Christopher said that the negotiations were going to be "very difficult".

McColgan wins the hottest marathon

By JOHN GOODBODY, SPORTS NEWS CORRESPONDENT
LIZ MCCOLGAN, one of the most dedicated runners in international sport, revelled in the hottest conditions of the year yesterday when she returned from injury to win the London Marathon women's race.

As many in the record field of 27,000 runners suffered in the unexpected sunshine, the Briton strode down the Mall on the Queen's 70th birthday to become one of the favourites for the Olympic title.

The temperature of 70 degrees, the highest in the event's 16 years, brought out hundreds of thousands of spectators.

After winning the race for the first time, McColgan, 31, who once competed with a broken kneecap and trained only a week after giving birth, was embraced by her husband Peter, an international steeple-chaser. They then phoned their 5-year-old daughter Eilish at their Dundee home.

She said: "I am the sort of runner who competes well in the heat." Her victory in 2 hours 27 minutes 54 seconds earned her about £150,000.

McColgan, who in 1991 won the world 10,000 metres title and New York Marathon, subsequently suffered knee and back injuries and was told by a specialist that she would never run again.

For the third successive year, Dionisio Cerón of Mexico, won the men's race, in 2 hours, 10 minutes. Vincent



'Christopher Robin' dies

The original Christopher Robin, sayer of prayers and "whisper who dares" and best friend of Winnie-the-Pooh, has died at the age of 75. Christopher Robin Milne, was the son of A.A. Milne.


Obituary, page 19

Angels for sale

Exquisitely carved cherubs and angels from a magnificent 19th-century altarpiece at St Paul's Cathedral will be sold abroad unless £740,000 can be raised. They are among 17 marble sculptures that survived from the reredos designed in the 1880s.

Page 5

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THIS WEEK IN THE TIMES

PLAY TO WIN

THE TIMES

Our cash prize
Interactive Team
Football game

PLUS:

The Libby Purves
column

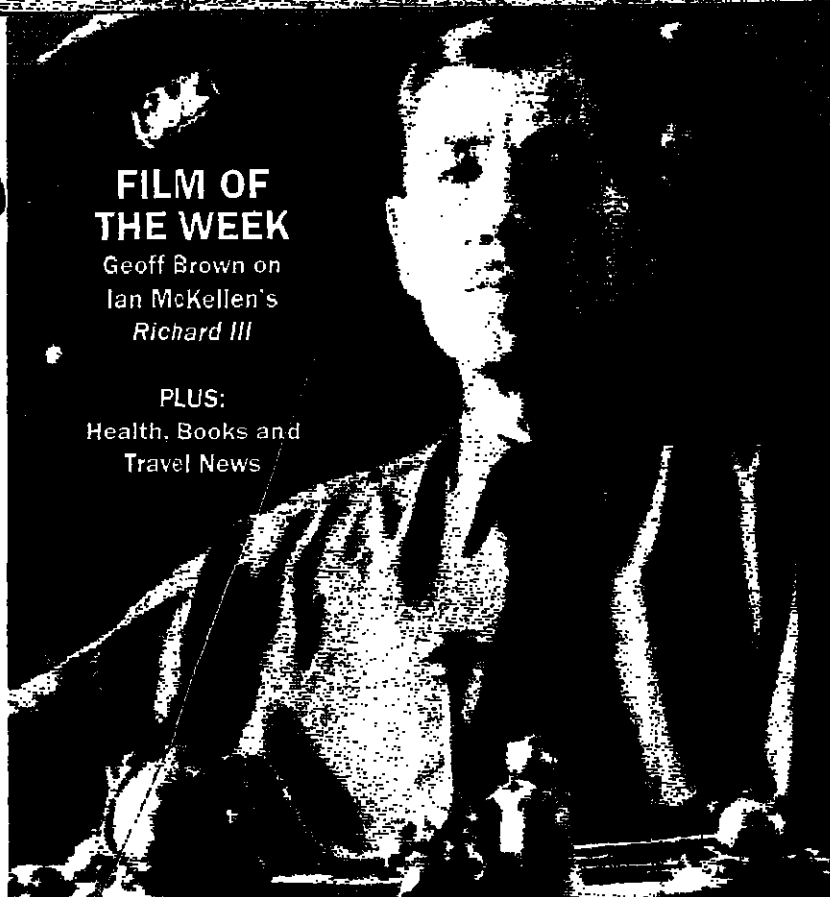
FASHION

The long skirts
of summer
PLUS:
What a Canon
is worth
£500 in
insurance

INTERFACE



THURSDAY

FILM OF
THE WEEKGeoff Brown on
Ian McKellen's
Richard IIIPLUS:
Health, Books and
Travel News

FRIDAY

SATURDAY

MAGAZINE



HOUSE STYLE

32 pages of ideas and inspiration
PLUS:
Weekend, Car 96, Weekend Money,
1015 for young Times
readers and Vision, the
7-day TV and radio guide

POP

Alan Jackson on
Everything But The Girl
PLUS:
The Valerie Grove interviewTory threatens to force
by-election if deselected

By JILL SHERMAN, CHIEF POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

A LEADING Tory right-winger has threatened to force a by-election, which could wipe out the Government's majority of one, if he is deselected by his constituency party next month.

Sir George Gardiner, former chairman of the right-wing 92 Group, faces deselection in his Reigate seat after local activists claimed he "acted against the interests of the Government".

Local Tories are evenly split over whether they would support Sir George in a deselection battle after his controversial backing of John Redwood in the Tory leadership contest last summer. A survey by local Tories shows 51 per cent would support Sir George and 49 per cent would

not. Yesterday Sir George said there was a "death wish" in his constituency in wanting to expose divisions and old wounds, particularly over Europe.

Speaking on BBC Radio 4's *The World This Weekend*, Sir George insisted that he had never deliberately tried to cause trouble. "I have never acted against the interests of my party. I have always spoken for the grassroots about my party and I continue to do so," he said.

Sir George, who has one of the safest seats in the country with a 17,000 majority, said it was highly unlikely that he would be deselected but he left open the possibility that he would resign and force a by-election if that happened.

"That is a hypothetical situation. I believe that I have the support of the majority of active workers," he said.

"If it were to be shown that I did not, and that they had lost all confidence in me, then I would obviously have to consider my position but I have not gone further than that."

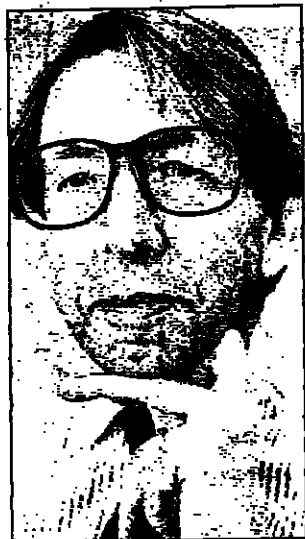
Tony Collinson, chairman of a local branch recently merged with the constituency, said there was significant concern. "I think quite a few people are unhappy; I mean I know a lot of people who actually think Sir George Gardiner has acted against the interests of the Government," Mr Collinson said.

"I think a lot of people feel you shouldn't rock the boat, particularly when the position

is as it is at the moment." John Chiles, a veteran Tory member of Reigate and Banstead Council, said Sir George tended to follow his own mind on matters rather than take the advice of the wishes of the people he represented.

"The support for Sir George is possibly equal to those who might wish to see another person selected," Mr Chiles said. "There is a feeling that we've been let down. Some people definitely would like to see a new MP."

Even Major-General Michael Steele, Sir George's constituency party chairman, conceded Reigate might look to a new MP. "There is some dissent but the system that we have of 'first past the post' on re-election means, as far as I



Gardiner: never tried to cause trouble

am concerned, that once the adoption issue is out of the way, then the association will settle down and work together to get George re-elected — or to get our MP re-elected — with as good a majority as he's got at the moment."

Peter Riddell, page 16

MPs' pay
expected
to rise 30%
to £45,000

By JILL SHERMAN

MPs are expecting a 30 per cent rise in their basic salaries to at least £45,000 a year to be agreed this summer. They will have extra allowances for office costs and secretarial staff.

The Senior Salaries Review Body will not make its final recommendations until June, but Westminster sources predict that an MP's £34,480 salary will be brought more into line with civil service pay.

Senior Labour Party sources suggested last night that £45,000 was a "reasonable" figure for MPs, many of whom work more than 80 hours a week. But they pointed out that MPs were more concerned with having better resources, such as secretaries and office equipment.

At present MPs are entitled to one overall allowance of £42,754 to cover office costs, including research work. MPs with constituencies outside London are entitled to a further £11,267 for accommodation in the capital.

But many are now pressing for proper offices in their constituencies as well as at Westminster. They argue that both offices should be manned by a secretary and have a computer and a fax machine, apart from office equipment.

Peter Riddell, page 16

RAF uses war spirit
to cut plane crashes

Wartime camaraderie between Battle of Britain fliers is to be instilled in their present-day counterparts to try to cut the growing number of crashes. Senior officers believe there is a lack of teamwork among air crews who rarely socialise.

Seven aircraft have crashed this year, at a cost of £100 million. Psychologists who interviewed survivors are thought to have noted a lack of teamwork which might have been a factor in some accidents. In the next 12 months, experts will visit every flying base at home and overseas to train up to 6,000 staff in "crew resource management", which has already been rehearsed at RAF Insworth, Gloucestershire, the training command headquarters.

BSE linked to hay mite

The National Farmers' Union called for further study into a theory that hay mites may be spreading "mad cow" disease. Scientists say in *The Lancet* that they have evidence that hay mites may be one of the routes by which scrapie, closely related to BSE, passes between sheep. They speculate that the same may be true of BSE.

Adoption smokescreen

Smokers would be barred from adopting babies and young children under a policy to be considered by North Yorkshire. Couples who smoke could adopt children over two but would have to set up non-smoking areas in their homes. A spokesman said that the move reflected concern over the effects of smoking on young children.

Nurse recruitment falls

A slump in the number of nurses being trained is threatening patient care and could turn into a significant recruitment problem for the NHS, the Royal College of Nursing said yesterday. Official figures show that 9,000 nurses are expected to qualify next year. The figure is a third lower than the 14,000 who qualified last year.

Tories split over Goldsmith referendum plan

Continued from page 1
prevent his party challenging MPs. Mr Goldsmith said: "If they are willing to give a real referendum — on a question which answers the fundamental point — Who governs Britain — then we would dissolve."

Mr Lamont, who has called for a wider plebiscite than a single currency, last night gave a clear endorsement to Sir James. "These are real questions. They cannot be ignored and I very

much doubt if Sir James will go away." Mr Redwood said Sir James's terms were "worth considering". The defeated party leadership challenger has proposed a referendum on whether Britain should remain within a common market or move on to a European superstate.

Last night he conceded this was a similar position to Sir James's but emphasised he wanted to know what the financier envisaged happening if

the people voted that Westminster rather than Brussels should govern. "This could be taken as an advisory referendum which would strengthen the Government's hand during present negotiations at the inter-governmental conference on Europe," said Mr Redwood. "It would mean that the Government could not go ahead with a single currency or further steps towards European integration."

Sir James yesterday received sup-

port from an influential senior Tory, the former party treasurer Lord McAlpine, who confirmed, on Sky News's *Sunday programme*, that he would consider voting for the Referendum Party if it did mount a challenge.

However, John Gummer, the Environment Secretary, was adamant that the Government would give Sir James no more ground.

Peter Riddell, page 16

Barclays
bomber
increases
expertiseBy STEWART TENDLER
CRIME CORRESPONDENT

ANTI-TERRORIST detectives intensified the hunt for the Mardi Gras bomber yesterday after an explosion near a branch of Barclays Bank left three Saturday afternoon shoppers with slight injuries.

Police fear the latest attack shows that the bomber is getting better at making devices. A Scotland Yard source said: "There is concern he is getting more determined. There is the greater potential for greater damage or injury."

In the past some attacks have caused small explosions. Other devices have been made without a vital part. Some have included all the parts but failed to explode because of technical mistakes.

The bomber sent a device in a package to another branch in the Ealing area at the start of his campaign. Other branches in west London have been prominent among his targets.

The device was made from shotgun cartridges, which the bomber has used before. Explosives experts are likely to compare the debris to photographs of a device the bomber sent to a national newspaper several weeks ago. The bomber claimed he was perfecting a new type of device, using shotgun parts, which he claimed was more powerful.

A six-man team in the Yard's Anti-Terrorist Branch SO13. Special Branch officers and provincial police are all involved in a hunt for the bomber which began in December 1994.

Queen celebrates

Continued from page 1

Farm on the Sandringham estate inspecting her stud, arrived for morning service at the Church of St Mary Magdalen, Sandringham, accompanied by the Princess Royal and watched by a large welcoming crowd, many of whom were sporting festive coloured balloons.

She was greeted at the church by Canon George Hall, rector of Sandringham, and Michael Oswald, manager of the Royal Studs, who shares her birthday.

In his sermon, relayed to the crowd outside, Canon Hall wished the Queen a happy birthday and said: "We give thanks for the years of steadfast devotion to duty and to the service of this country and the Commonwealth. We give thanks that she has shared with her subjects their grief in time of sorrow, as well as their joy in celebration."

As the Queen and her daughter emerged to the warm applause of the crowd, Canon Hall spoke of the current climate of divorce within the Royal Family with the Duke and Duchess of York being granted a decree nisi last week, and the Prince and Princess of Wales currently negotiating through their lawyers towards the same end.

"Only time will tell how deep is the damage. But meanwhile I am confident that the monarchy will survive. The Queen is absolutely wonderful," Canon Hall said. "Today we have seen how much people love her."

Later in the day the Queen travelled to Windsor, where she was reunited with the Duke of Edinburgh, who had spent the day attending a charity cricket match in aid of the National Playing Fields Association. The couple were then entertained to a private restaurant dinner — a rare

treat for the Queen — organised by Prince Edward, who is reported to have charged the guests £100 a head to share his mother's celebration.

The most notable absentees were the Princess of Wales and the Duchess of York, to whom invitations were not extended. The guests included Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother, Princess Margaret, The Prince of Wales, Prince Edward and his long-standing companion Sophie Rhys-Jones, and Princess Alexandra with her husband Sir Angus Ogilvy.

The Queen was determined that her 70th birthday be a low key and private affair. The reason appears to be twofold: she felt a public celebration inappropriate while divorce was a major issue in the family, and she felt that, with wartime anniversary parties last year and the millennium less than four years away, with her own Golden Jubilee hard on its heels, celebration was in danger of moving into overdrive, if not overkill.

Nevertheless yesterday was in sharp contrast to the marking of past round numbers in the Queen's life. On her 50th birthday she hosted a grand ball at Windsor, at which such luminaries as Margaret Thatcher, Edward Heath and Harold Wilson danced the night away to the Joe Loss orchestra. On her 60th birthday, 6,000 school children serenaded her outside Buckingham Palace and presented her with hosts of golden daffodils.

This time, the only official acknowledgement was to today, when, as on all her birthdays she is accorded a 62 gun salute from the Tower of London and another 41 guns in Hyde Park.

Ben Pimlott, page 6

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Emma Thom
takes film

By ALEXANDER

Emma Thom
takes film

Emma Thom
takes film

Bomb survivors dug out victims with their hands

BY ADRIAN LEE

THE RESCUE

BRITISH survivors of the Delhi bomb blast clawed at the rubble to reach trapped victims. The three-storey Arjun guest house was reduced without warning to a pile of debris by the huge explosion.

Andy Byfield, 32, from Kent, who had been backpacking through India with friends, joined the rescue operation. His flatmate Cathi Soanes, 31, was among the injured. He said: "There was sheer panic. There was no visibility and you could just hear people

screaming frantically. People began digging with their hands, trying to locate anybody. In the first 20 minutes we managed to dig out four or five heavily bleeding and dusty people.

"After half an hour it was obvious lots of other people were trapped. You could reach through the slabs and touch their faces. They were screaming 'Water' and we poured water through the holes just to clean them and to get some of the dust and debris out of the

air. We were holding people's hands and pulling them out. There was so much panic and screaming, so much crazy, out-of-control behaviour."

Mr Byfield, a former advertising manager who gave up his job to travel for six months, added: "All you wanted to do was keep people alive. Because of the language barrier, three or four Westerners worked together to move slabs. There were no heroics - it was a case of getting people out as quickly as possible, in case the rest of it fell down or they died."

Miss Soanes, a marketing consultant, from Croydon, south London, who was mugged the day before the bombing and suffered typhoid earlier on the tour, suffered neck injuries in the blast. The group, who were walking past the hotel, had been due to leave India yesterday.

Miss Soanes' mother, Margaret, said: "She desperately wants to get home. Both she and Andy are in shock. She is waiting for a scan before she can fly. Some people they know have been killed."

Mr Byfield's father, Barry, of Purley, south London, said: "He has come up trumps this time. He's normally a bit on the squeamish side, so this will have shocked him." He said his son was sleeping on the hospital floor to be near his injured flatmate.

Dion Scholte, 24, an engineer, from Chelmsford, Essex, who was also on a backpacking holiday, said two people in the room next door to his were killed. "We had gone out, otherwise we would have been killed." His Danish girlfriend, Charlotte, persuaded him to go to a restaurant 20 yards from the hotel. He said: "She nagged me to go and get a drink - it's nearly 40C here. We walked to the restaurant, sat down and got a cold drink. There was this great loud bang, and then dust and rubble flying everywhere and the lights went out."

"We didn't know what the hell was happening. We were hiding in the back for a while and then people were running out trying to pull at the rubble. I treated a guy with a head wound - I think he was British. He was covered in blood, he was shaken and bleeding from his head and legs - he looked a mess."

The bomb may have been planted by groups opposed to elections, due to start next week. Two little-known separatist groups claimed to have carried out the bombing in a joint statement delivered to newspaper offices in Srinagar. They called themselves the Jammu and Kashmir Islami Harkatul-Murineen and the Khalistan Liberation Force.

India's general election is due to begin on April 27. A separatist rebellion in the Kashmir region is one of the campaign issues.



Delhi residents help members of the rescue services to take one of the injured to hospital after the blast in the Paharganj area

£2-a-night dives are haven for backpackers

BY ROBIN YOUNG

DELHI

UP TO 100,000 British backpackers visit Delhi every year but few stay more than a day or two before moving on to the more attractive sights of Agra and the Taj Mahal, or Jaipur and Rajasthan.

The Arjun guesthouse is one of many cheap backpackers' hostels in the narrow lanes near Connaught Place, the Indian capital's central square. Paharganj, where the

guesthouse is situated, is described in several guidebooks as being the area that has the worst dives, offering dormitory beds or cheap rooms at less than £2 a night.

Connaught Place comes as a disappointment to most visitors. It is full of stray dogs, dangerous drivers and men who try to manhandle customers into carpet empor-

iums. Sexual harassment, known as Eve-teasing, is commonplace and Westerners are pursued mercilessly by beggars and hawkers offering anything from airline tickets to palm readings.

Anyone rash enough to give away money is immediately mobbed by a ragged crew of children. Most dangers in Delhi derive from the food and the infamous "Delhi belly", which is seldom life-threatening, and the traffic,

which frequently is. Five people are killed daily on Delhi's streets.

Otherwise backpackers are warned to beware ruthless travel agents who try to lure them into visiting Kashmir by claiming their friends have already gone there or by telling them Delhi is about to be hit by riots. Tourists have been kidnapped and killed after being caught up in the conflict in Kashmir as a result of such advice.



Cathi Soanes, of Croydon, hurt her neck in the blast

Heir who rebelled by conforming

BY MICHAEL HORSNELL

VISCOUNT WEYMOUTH, who first featured in the gossip columns in 1991 when expelled from Bedales School for smoking cannabis, has subsequently refrained from embracing the hedonistic lifestyle of his father, the hippy Marquess of Bath.

Crawlin Henry Laszlo Thynn, 21, has frequently surprised his libidinous father - famous for a harem of more than 60 "wiflets" - immortalised in a series of nude portraits - by his conformity. First, he went against his father's wishes by using a trust fund to pay his £7,300-a-year boarding fees at the Hampshire public school. His father, who disapproves of private education, had sent him to a local comprehensive school.

Then he announced that he would not compromise his privacy by admitting visitors to his private apartments at Longleat House when he inherits it, unlike his father, who welcomes tourists to view his artistic handiwork at an extra charge.

Lord Bath, 64, became the 7th Marquess in 1992 upon the death of his father - the first aristocrat to open his stately home to the public - and runs Longleat, its lion park and 10,000 acres. After

THE DYNASTY



Family arms with motto "I have good reason"

expulsion from Bedales, Lord Weymouth transferred to a sixth-form college in Cambridge, where he took his A levels.

He took a year out in the United States to study politics and philosophy at the University of Richmond before going to University College London to read economics and philosophy. Since graduating he has been involved in a rave-style nightclub and fallen in love with Scarlett Kirby, a public relations consultant eight years his senior.

The couple went to India in the new year to start a ski resort in the foothills of the Himalayas.

Emma Thompson's Austen takes film award encores

BY ALEXANDRA FREAN, MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

THE film *Sense and Sensibility*, which won an Oscar for its star and screenwriter Emma Thompson last month, took three awards at the annual ceremony of the British Academy of Film and Television Arts last night.

Thompson, who took the best screenplay Oscar for the critically acclaimed production, was named as best actress by Bafta for her role as Jane Austen's romantic Regency heroine Elinor Dashwood. Her co-star Kate Winslet took the award for best supporting actress.

The film also won the best film award. Thompson failed to win the screenplay prize, which went to John Hodge,

adapter of *Trainspotting*, the controversial British film about heroin addiction.

The resurgence in popularity of the works of Jane Austen was reinforced in the television categories. The BBC2 film of *Persuasion* was named best single drama, while Jennifer Ehle won the best television actress award for the BBC series *Pride and Prejudice*.

British talent dominated the film awards, which were presented by Sir Peter Ustinov and Angus Deayton at the Theatre Royal, London, and attended by the Princess Royal, Nigel Hawthorne was named best actor for the lead role in the Channel 4 film *The*

Madness of King George, which also took the Alexander Korda Award for the best British film. But the Lloyds Bank People's Vote Award, voted for by the public, went to Hollywood for Mel Gibson's film *Braveheart*.

The awards for the television industry had a familiar ring. The BBC *Panorama* interview with the Princess of Wales won the best talk-show award. Robbie Coltrane won the best television actor award for *Cracker* for the third year running and the programme was also named best drama series. Rory Bremner was named best light entertainment performer for the second consecutive year.

THE WINNERS

FILM
Best film: *Sense and Sensibility*; Best screenplay: *Sense and Sensibility* (Emma Thompson); Best actress: Emma Thompson (*Sense and Sensibility*); Best supporting actress: Kate Winslet (*Sense and Sensibility*); Best actor: Nigel Hawthorne (*The Madness of King George*); Best film not in the English language: *Il Postino*; Lloyds Bank people's vote for favourite film: *Braveheart*.

TELEVISION
Best single drama: *Persuasion*; Best drama series: *Cracker*; Best factual series: *The Death of Yugoslavia*; Best light entertainment (programme or series): *The Merton Show*; Best comedy (programme or series): *Father Ted*; The Huw Wheldon Award for the best arts programme or series: *Children of the Revolution*; Best children's programme (factual): *Short Change*; Best children's programme (fiction - entertainment): *Coppy with Christmas*; The Fisher Award: *The Boatyard*; Best actress: Jennifer Ehle (*Pride and Prejudice*); Best actor: Robbie Coltrane (*Cracker*); Best light entertainment performance: Rory Bremner (*Rory Bremner - Who Else?*); Best comedy performance: Martin

Clunes (*Men Behaving Badly*); Best news coverage: Channel 4's news coverage of war crimes in former Yugoslavia (production team, ITN for Channel 4); Best sports coverage: *World Cup '96*; Best talk show: *Panorama* interview with the Princess of Wales; Lloyds Bank people's vote for favourite TV programme: *The X Files*.
Awards in the gift of the Bafta Council: Fellowship: John Schlesinger; Alexander Korda Award for the outstanding British film: *The Madness of King George*; Richard O'Sullivan Award for the most important personal contribution on the screen in factual television: Jeremy Paxman; The Dennis Potter Award: Roy Clark; Lloyds Bank Award for a significant and popular television programme: *The Antiques Roadshow*; Foreign TV programme: *ER*.

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Scientists argue on how to split particles of cash

By NIGEL HAWKES, SCIENCE EDITOR

THE world of academic research has been split by a bitter dispute between scientists over money. Physicists accuse the astronomers of grabbing more than their fair share of the resources available to the Particle Physics and Astronomy Research Council, which backs both disciplines.

At the annual conference of the particle physicists at Imperial College ten days ago, the Chief Executive of the council, Professor Ken Pounds — an astronomer — faced a barrage of criticism that only just stopped short of a vote of no confidence. He said: "I felt like a man standing at the Sretford end at Manchester United with a Leeds scarf on. What the particle physicists are saying about astronomers getting more than their fair share is stupid, and untrue."

The particle physicists, who study the fundamental properties of matter using atom

smashers, finally drew the line at the vote of no confidence but are circulating by e-mail texts of various possible resolutions which will be critical of the council's management.

Three of them — Professors Peter Dornan of Imperial College London, Erwin Gabathuler of Liverpool and Roger Cashmore of Oxford — have issued a statement saying that their branch of research is being badly handled by the council, whose plans contain "fundamental flaws based on poor advice".

The council is faced with the problem of satisfying both groups within a limited budget. Alarmed by the steady increase in the subscription to Cern, the European Particle Physics Laboratory in Geneva, it decided that expenditure on particle physics had to be capped. Professor Pounds said that the Cern subscription had risen by 27 per cent in the two years since

the council was established. The bulk of the increase is caused by a reduction of the value of the pound against the Swiss franc. However, the Cern costs are shared on the basis of national GDP, and Britain's has been growing faster than those of other members.

The council feared that, ultimately, all the money available would go towards the subscription, with none left to do any science. Professor Sir Arnold Wolfendale, president of the Institute of Physics, said this would be like joining a golf club and having no money for equipment. But the particle physicists exploded when told that the council hoped to renegotiate the Cern subscription. One said: "It's not possible under Cern's constitution."

Professor Pounds said that the council's plan was the way to ensure a future for astronomy, space science and particle physics in Britain. He added:



Professor Pounds, left, who found himself under angry attack from physicists, and Sir Arnold, who has written to the Government seeking "a little extra cash"

"There are risks in what we have decided to do, but the council took the view that doing nothing was worse".

He pointed out that the space scientists had already had to drop out of a satellite called Integral, which will carry gamma-ray telescopes into space. "The irony is that through the British subscription to the European Space

Agency, we will be paying £50 to £60 million into the construction of Integral, but we won't have any experiments on it," he said. "That makes no sense, scientifically or politically."

Sir Arnold Wolfendale defends Professor Pounds, but says that he also sympathises with the particle physicists' anger. "They foresee their

science withering on the vine," he said. He has written to Ian Taylor, the Science Minister, saying that the row threatens to dwarf previous arguments about money for science. "With a little extra money we can escape from this dilemma. Something will have to give," he said.

Science briefing, page 14

Liner sails after Cunard pays £15m for damage

Egyptian authorities released the Cunard liner *Royal Viking Sun* yesterday after a £15 million fine was paid for damage caused by the ship to coral reefs in the Red Sea this month. The fine was paid by the International Protection Club, a maritime insurance fund. The ship will be towed in the next 24 hours to Greece, where it will be repaired.

The British-owned liner, with more than 500 passengers on board, scraped the reefs on April 4, tearing a three-yard gash in its hull. Nobody was hurt in the accident, but it meant the end of a three-month world cruise for which passengers had paid up to £21,000.

Oxford student cleared

A former Oxford Union president who was barred from office for alleged electoral malpractice has won his appeal against the judgement. Jonathan Wolf, 21, a Corpus Christi student, "emerged without a stain on his character", an appeal tribunal found. Mr Wolf, who was accused of preventing one candidate from speaking while aiding another, said he felt "totally vindicated".

Beaches 'like cesspits'

Many beaches in Britain's most popular holiday areas are "little better than cesspits", according to a newly published beach guide. The North West, including such resorts as Blackpool and Morecambe, had beaches which were "a national disgrace", said the Marine Conservation Society which compiled the guide for the *Reader's Digest*.

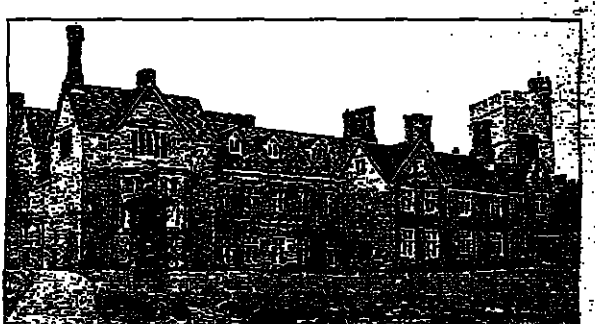
Motorway jam guide

Huge motorway signs advising drivers how to avoid traffic jams are to be introduced on some busy routes at a cost of £16 million. The overhead signs will appear initially on the M1, M11 and parts of the A1 and M25, giving warnings of problems and suggesting alternative routes. The system is used widely on the Continent but has never been tried in Britain.

Civil servant rebuked

A senior civil servant at the Welsh Office in Cardiff has received a disciplinary warning for criticising MPs' outside earnings while in the audience on BBC's *Question Time*. William Hague, Secretary of State for Wales, was on the panel. The Civil Service Management Code says senior grades must retain "proper reticence in matters of political controversy".

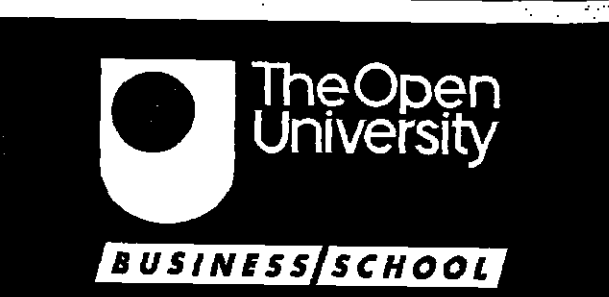
Public mansion for rent



An 18-bedroom neo-classical house, the 1814 Philipps House at Dinton, near Salisbury, is being made available for letting by the National Trust at £25,000 a year on a 40-year lease. The tenant would pay the £18,000 buildings insurance and allow public access to the principal rooms two afternoons a week. The park will remain public.

Two share £10.4m jackpot

Two tickets won the National Lottery jackpot of £10.37 million, each winning £5,185,306. Twenty tickets won £159,547 each for matching five balls plus the bonus number and 914 winners receive £2,182 each for four balls. Winning numbers, page 24



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EXQUISITELY carved by the hands of an angel, this magnificent 19th-century altar-piece at St Paul's Cathedral will be sold at auction unless £740,000 can be raised to keep them in Britain. They are among 17 sculptures that survived the fire, and are the only ones designed in the early 19th century by the Victorian architect George Frederic Bodley. Part of the altar-piece was damaged by the fire, and St Paul's Cathedral is now in a state of repair. The remaining sections in the altar-piece, which were damaged by the fire, are being sold at auction. The altar-piece is a masterpiece of Victorian sculpture, and its sale would be a major loss to the nation's art heritage.

Canon John Halliburton, the cathedral's director of works, has expressed dismay that such treasures were sold, and wants them back. He said: "They were part of one of the most important decorative schemes of the 19th century. There is nothing to be compared with it, apart from the Houses of Parliament. This is a unique collection. It would be a great pity if it went abroad."

He said the pieces had been sold from the cathedral's storehouse when conservation work was really appreciated. The altar-piece, which has been in the store since 1992, is a masterpiece of Victorian sculpture, and its sale would be a major loss to the nation's art heritage.

The altar-piece was part of the great Victorian part of the cathedral's decoration, and its sale would be a major loss to the nation's art heritage. The altar-piece is a masterpiece of Victorian sculpture, and its sale would be a major loss to the nation's art heritage.



Bodley, designed the altar-piece in the 1850s

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Duty and tradition: Elizabeth's reigning devotions

Elizabeth Windsor at 70 is not a triumphant Queen. But she is undoubtedly a remarkable one. In this, she follows a distinguished line. Britain's female monarchs have generally had a good press. Apart from Lady Jane Grey, who reigned for ten days but had her uncrowned head chopped off, and Bloody Mary, who burnt Protestants and lost Calais, there have been no major disasters.

This may have less to do with female superiority than coincidence: the two most celebrated of our queens, Elizabeth I and Victoria, happened to have reigned at times of national expansion and success. One reason for a recent shift of opinion on the monarchy could be that Elizabeth II has not been so lucky. It is hard to appear a great monarch if the nation over which you reign is on a slippery slope. The spiralling descent from the age of Churchill to the age of John Major can scarcely be described as "happy and glorious".

Yet Britain's decline since the 1950s might have been even more traumatic but for the continuity and unity embodied in our prosaic and unshowy Head of State, who has provided a vital element of reassurance. Indeed, the Queen's very limitations may have been an anchor. Her symbolic strength is real but odd. In many ways, she is an enigma. She is by no means a democratic or representative figure.

Ben Pimlott, the Queen's biographer, assesses the strengths and weaknesses of her 44 years on the Throne and finds their origins in national developments and her own personality

Rooted in the tiny stratum that still takes for granted stately homes, large estates and little social contact with people from other sections of society, she remains a wealthy landowner with a passion for horses and dogs. She turns more naturally to *The Sporting Life* than to the *Financial Times* or the *London Review of Books*. Privately she is shrewd, sharp, funny and knowledgeable, but firmly non-intellectual and, almost as firmly, philistine.

Publicly, she is a traditionalist. In contrast to her husband and eldest son, who like to innovate, her instinct is to leave things as they have always been. A retired courtier said: "Monarchs shouldn't be ahead of the times or even abreast of them. But they must never fall far behind them."

In recent years she has allowed the monarchy to seem old-fashioned. On a number of occasions, she has failed to take initiatives where a royal intervention was needed. Her mishandling of the choice of Prime Minister early in her reign resulted in the virtual loss of the most important remaining part of the royal prerogative. She can be

severely criticised for not responding sooner to pressure to pay tax on her private wealth. Long ago, she should have broadened the social and racial mix of people in royal employment.

She may be indicted for failing to exercise enough authority over her children. A recent error was to let the Prince and Princess of Wales send Prince William, second in line to the throne, to Eton, dye-stamping the monarchy until late in the next century — if it survives — as an upper-class institution. She depends too much on flattery, and a voluntary cutting of costs would be a gesture the public would much appreciate.

Yet the list of major mistakes is small, given the length of her reign. Until the recent period of Royal Family turmoil, the most striking feature of the Queen's reign was its steadiness. Nobody could accuse her of an excess of imagination. Instead she has a quality that used to be a mark of Britain's governing elite but fell out of fashion in the money-grabbing 1980s: a concept of duty. She unquestioningly does what



The Queen has been required to protect the image of the monarchy without the advantages of national success and expansion that underpinned the reigns of Elizabeth I and Victoria

is expected of her — not much more, but never any less. For nearly half a century she has been true to a vow made on her 21st birthday in 1947 in South Africa, when she declared "that my whole life, whether it be long or short, shall be devoted to your service and the service of our great imperial family to which we all belong". Unlike some politicians, the Queen regards the modern version of the "imperial family" — the Commonwealth — with the utmost devotion, and its survival

as a creative forum owes much to her personal role. If her relations with left-wing Prime Ministers have sometimes been better than with Tory ones, that is partly because Labour has taken Commonwealth aspirations more seriously, especially in black Africa. She bears herself well in public and takes seriously what she does. She does not behave as if she were bored, like Edward VIII; or as if she were nervous, like her father, George VI; or as if the whole thing were part of showbusiness, like

some of the younger royals. She neither treats her subjects as if they were fans nor strives to be the Queen of people's hearts. She respects the sincere feelings of others, especially older people and children, have towards her and towards what she represents. She is not a spontaneous person and prefers not to reveal her feelings. Thus it is all the more moving when, as at Dunblane, she does.

Royal propaganda claims that she is overworked. By most standards, this is untrue: many of her

subjects work harder and in less cushioned conditions. Yet she is always on call and the strain she has to bear is constant. Her cousin, Earl Mountbatten of Burma, was assassinated: an attempt was made to kidnap her daughter; an intruder broke into Buckingham Palace and entered her bedroom; a deranged youth fired a pistol at her; atrocities have been committed against members of her Household Guard.

The pressure of publicity never ends. Her family have suffered more humiliation at the hands of the press — and of daughters-in-law — than the Royal Family has had to endure since the early 19th century. Yet she has retained her dignity and the respect of the nation as the distillation of a dated but commendable form of Britishness. She has many admirers and few enemies: how many elected heads of state, after ten years let alone 44, could say the same?

The climax of the Coronation Service in 1953 came with the proclamation "Long live Queen Elizabeth, may the Queen live for ever!" — a form of words handed down from Anglo-Saxon practice. Today, viewing an uncertain future, there are politicians as well as courtiers who fervently mutter the same prayer.

Ben Pimlott's biography of the Queen will be published by HarperCollins later this year.

Luxury that made royals want to join the inn crowd

By Robin Young

CELEBRATING the seventieth birthday of the head of the family at a local restaurant may be the choice of most middle England these days. The Royal Family had an extra incentive for wanting to abandon their own dining room for the occasion: Britain's only three-star Michelin restaurant outside London is close to their Windsor home.

The Waterside Inn, at the end of a narrow lane in Bray, Berkshire, occupies a magical location on the banks of the Thames. Its co-founder and driving force, Michel Roux, celebrated his fifty-fifth birthday on Saturday night in the private dining room which was reserved last night for the royal party.

The dining rooms, decorated in exquisite French taste, look out on to the gently flowing water through the fronds of an ancient weeping willow, and have been renowned for years as Britain's premier showcase for classic

French cuisine. The inn is justly famous as a wonderful place to enjoy good food in a cosseted but unoppressive atmosphere. The set dinner alone is £60.50, and the wine list is said to be "as French as the Eiffel Tower, with prices somewhat higher". A regular who has been going for years said yesterday: "Customers often laugh ruefully when presented with the bill, acknowledging that they have had a good time and that it was worth it after all."

The restaurant, a white and black pebble-dashed building with a modern dining room bolted on to the back, was created in 1972 by the Roux brothers, Albert and Michel. It became the domain of Michel, the warm and effusive one in a partnership that has proved the most successful and influential in the British restaurant trade, and one of the most popular cookery double acts seen on television. The food at the



Michel Roux at the Waterside Inn. He maintains high standards and secrecy: "I never talk about what customers choose," he said

Waterside specialises in the subtle and refined flavours of classic French cuisine. Many of the dishes, such as poached eggs and asparagus in a mousseline sauce, depend upon split-second timing for an effect that makes them more exciting than they sound. Other specialties include duck poached in jasmine tea and roasted in honey, a lobster bisque of "amazing power", and a navarin of lamb "fragrant

with the perfumes of spring vegetables". On Saturday night, M Roux's guests included Albert, now an international consultant, the three-star chef Nico Ladenis from Chez Nico at Ninety Park Lane, and Richard Shepherd of Langman's Brasserie. M Roux's own birthday menu included carp thermidor, roast suckling pig with compote of apples, French cheeses and *tarte aux mirabelles*. M Roux would

not discuss any menu that might have been ordered for the Queen. He is very diplomatic, having served two years as a pastry chef in the British Embassy in Paris before doing his national service and then becoming personal chef to Cecilie de Rohan.

"I have never talked about what any customers choose to eat, either before or after a meal," said M Roux, who has also cooked before Presidents

Pompidou and de Gaulle. "But I think I can say one dish has long been one for which the Waterside is famous."

That could have been the Dauphine Dubarry, an astonishing marbled terrine of chicken, artichoke and foie gras, accompanied with a scoop of intensely flavoured cauliflower cream, which the *Good Food Guide* has singled out for praise for two consecutive years. It was described first as "a surpris-

ing but marvellous march" and then "a gorgeous combination of flavours and textures".

M Roux, still French after 29 years in Britain, qualified as a pastry chef, became a Meilleur Ouvrier de France in that craft in 1976 and was made Chevalier de l'Ordre National de Mérite in 1987.

Individual dishes at the Waterside cost up to £34 a la carte. Weekday lunch is from £28.50.

Order of service

The service at the Church of St Mary Magdalen, Sandringham, yesterday was Matins from the 1662 Book of Common Prayer. All readings taken from the King James Bible. But where possible, namely at the welcome, in the prayers and during the sermon, the Rector refers to the Queen's birthday.

Start: congregation sings first verse of national anthem. Canon George Hall, Rector of Sandringham and Chaplain to the Queen, welcomes everybody and reads notices. He mentions that it is the Queen's 70th birthday and wishes her a happy day. Hymn: *Father, Hear the Prayer We Offer*. Confession and Absolution. The Lord's Prayer. Versicles and Responses.

Psalm 24. First Lesson: Ezekiel xxiv, 11-16. Te Deum. Second Lesson: John 2, 11-16. Jubilate. Creed. Collects. Prayers as laid out in the Book of Common Prayer, except for the opening prayer, where the Rector says: "As we celebrate Her Majesty's birthday today, let us pray for Her Majesty the Queen..."

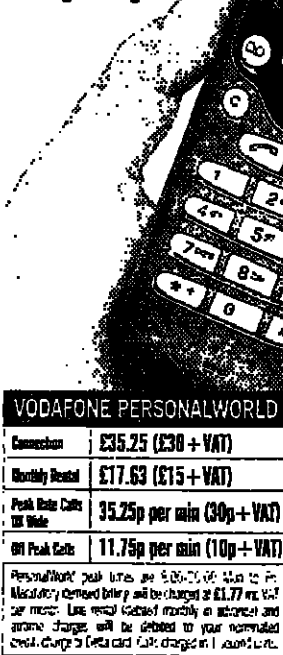
Hymn: *God of Mercy, God of Grace*. Sermon. Hymn: *Praise to the Holiest in the Height*. Blessing.

As the Queen leaves church, organist strikes up with *Happy Birthday*. Congregation and crowds listening outside join in.

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Gut reaction puts doctors on trail of mystery agent

FOR a generation, doctors have been searching for an organism that could be responsible for Crohn's disease. It has been assumed there might be an infective agent that could trigger an abnormal immunological response, giving rise to ulceration and inflammation of the gut in patients with an aberrant genetic make-up.

Crohn's disease, a chronic inflammatory disease that could strike any part of the gastro-intestinal tract from the mouth to the anus, is one of the more unpleasant afflictions that predominantly affects younger people. At different times chlamydia and the microbacteria have been implicated. More recent research has suggested that the measles virus could be involved: a weakened virus is used in immunisation programmes. Equally disturbing, when dairy farmers are being harried over BSE, is the suggestion that the organism which may trigger Crohn's disease is genetically susceptible young people is transmitted by milk. Professor John Hermon-Taylor of St George's Hospi-



Dr Thomas Stuttaford

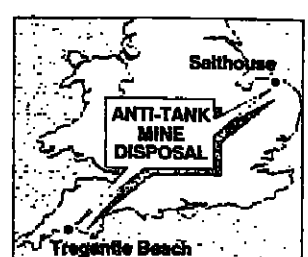
tal, London, has opened the case again against microbacteria, in particular *Mycobacterium paratuberculosis*, or MparTB. This organism is known to vets as the cause of Johne's disease, an incurable inflammation affecting the bowels of cattle. MparTB is not destroyed by standard pasteurisation and therefore could be a possible source of infection in humans. Professor Hermon-Taylor is reported to have found evidence of MparTB in three quarters of the patients he has treated for Crohn's disease.

George is a fairly typical sufferer from Crohn's disease. Aged 25, he was the life and soul of his rugby club and was outgoing, emotionally well-oriented and fit. There was no family history of Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

both inflammatory bowel diseases can occur in the same family. George suddenly developed severe diarrhoea, associated with heavy bleeding, a high temperature, pain and rapid, severe weight loss. He was so ill that he became disorientated.

As in many cases, the maximal abdominal tenderness was over the junction of the small and large intestines, just where the appendix lies, so it can mimic appendicitis. Treatment is aimed at inducing a remission of symptoms and George is now in remission.

Steroids are usually needed to achieve this remission. Recently a new presentation of the Entocort CR budesonide, which mainly acts locally in the gut and therefore has fewer side effects, has given encouraging results.



Winter storms uncover mines along coastline

SEVERE storms during the winter have exposed large numbers of unexploded Second World War anti-tank mines along the English coast as far apart as Cornwall and north Norfolk (Michael Horsnell writes).

charges around the shingle bank protecting the shoreline between Salthouse and Cley next the Sea, Norfolk. They were laid shortly after the fall of France in 1940 when a German invasion was thought imminent. The A149 road between them has been closed and warning notices posted on the beach. Disposal teams are

also searching for explosives after three 20lb mines were detonated at Longsands beach at Tregantle, Cornwall. The beach has been closed indefinitely.

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Law Society and Bar conference

Women lawyers launch campaign to oust Mears

By FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

WOMEN lawyers are fighting to oust Martin Mears, president of the Law Society, after he accused some of being "discrimination zealots" who thrived on "heresy-hunting".

Mr Mears said it was nonsense to suggest that women were held back by prejudice, but delegates were told that he represented the "forces of darkness" in the profession.

Alison Parkinson, chairwoman of the Association of Women Solicitors, called for action to tackle the Law Society leadership after Mr Mears's comments at a conference of women lawyers and judges. She urged all solicitors present to vote, and to encourage their friends to vote and stand for seats on the Law Society council.

The president lambasted the feminist and politically correct lobby at a conference on Saturday organised by the Bar and Law Society and sponsored by *The Times*. He said it

was absurd to say that women lawyers were "some kind of honorary minority" who faced discrimination, when they now accounted for most entrants to the solicitors' profession. "It is a nonsense and a fiction to assert that there is any kind of prejudice against women anywhere in the public sector or quasi-public sector. The exact opposite is the case."

The conference in London, titled *The Woman Lawyer: Changing the Culture*, is the second to be held. Last year's caused similar controversy when Eileen Pembroke, a Law Society council member, accused the society of failing to tackle sexual harassment. On Saturday Ms Pembroke, who fought Mr Mears for the presidency last year, said he represented the "forces of darkness".

She added: "Now you can see what we are up against. Mr Mears would not be here if there were not plenty of men



Pembroke said plenty shared Mears's views

in the profession who hold his views."

At the conference Mr Mears criticised the rise in tribunal cases over "indirect discrimination" and claimed that minority groups were abused to promote such grievances.

Most women and ethnic minority lawyers he met had the same concerns as any other solicitor and wished to be treated as such, not given special privileges, he said. "Their attitude is very different from that of some of the discrimination zealots who thrive on grievances and heresy-hunting and use minorities as raw material for their whinge factories."

The "discrimination industry" rarely rejoiced at the advances of women and ethnic minorities, he said. Instead they found further grievances in the shape of the concept of "indirect discrimination".

Mr Mears's comments brought an immediate clash with the chairman of the Bar, David Penry-Davey, QC, who said: "Martin, I profoundly believe you are wrong. There are those organisations or individuals who seek to take advantage, rightly or wrongly of equal opportunities policy. It does not mean that there is no problem: I believe there is a problem." Mr Penry-Davey



Martin Mears at the conference, where he complained of "minorities used as raw material for whinge factories"

added that the Bar, which has just launched an equal opportunities code, would not be "sidetracked by accusations of political correctness from the path we know to be right".

Laura Cox, QC, conference chairman, said Mr Mears's comments were "remarkable — comic and tragic in equal

proportions" and a clear illustration of how much the culture had to change. The guest speaker at the conference, Lesley Abdela, an equal opportunities expert, said: "As a first step towards changing the culture, we will vote out Martin Mears." He will stand for re-election in the summer.

In his speech, Mr Mears emphasised that his concern was about "abuses" of equal opportunities laws, not the principles. "Hardly a week goes by without some new example of zealotry and heresy-hunting."

He criticised Michael Portillo, the Defence Secre-

tary, for considering "abolishing the taboo against female combat soldiers". Such a taboo should be reinforced, Mr Mears said. "An equal opportunity to kill? It sounds an odd kind of crusade."

Law Report, page 42

Cherie Booth attacks sexism in legal profession

CHERIE BOOTH, QC, accused the legal profession of sex discrimination and called for a new attitude to work and family in which men and women are equal partners.

Ms Booth told a conference for women lawyers in London at the weekend that the issue of women's careers in the law was tied up with "how to get a balance in our lives and fulfil ourselves through work, but not at our families' expense".

The wife of the Labour leader, a mother to three children who has reached the top ranks of the Bar as a Queen's Counsel, accused many men of being one-dimensional. "They are dedicated to their work and miss out on their families. We, as women, are determined to make sure we have a proper balance." In achieving that, Ms Booth added, women could liberate men as well.

Despite the advances of women at the Bar over the 20 years of her career, in which the numbers of women had risen from less than 10 per cent to more than 40 per cent, Ms Booth said successful women were undermined by accusations of "tokenism" and such comments made her angry.

"I look forward to seeing more women as silks and as judges. But what really annoys me is the suggestion that someone got on because she was a woman. That is an insult to the hard work and effort of women who have come up through the system and managed to succeed."

Mrs Justice Arden, a High Court judge and chairman of the Law Commission, similarly called for a new partnership between men and women in the home. She told the conference: "We need to change the culture so that the responsi-

bility of bringing up children and running the home is not perceived as a women-only job."

Mrs Justice Arden, whose husband, Sir Jonathan Mance, is also a High Court judge, said: "It is the responsibility of women — but it is also that of the men. Why should it be the woman who has to leave early to go to the school play — why not the man?"

She said that if this step in changing attitudes was achieved, then women would not be "forced to act like men". At present, she said, they "have to abide by men's working practices and attitudes. If we recognise that men and women should take responsibility for children and the home, this would be a momentous change."

Mrs Justice Arden gave women three practical tips to further their careers: to do their professional work to the best of their abilities; to do something extra outside work to raise their profiles, and to join a network such as the associations for women barristers or solicitors.



Booth said many men missed out on family life

Barrister change 'may be unlawful'

PLANS to extend the time it takes to qualify as a barrister could be unlawful and discriminatory, women barristers have claimed. The accusation came as the Bar launched an equality code which aims to convey a strong message that it will root out discrimination.

David Penry-Davey QC, Bar chairman, told the weekend conference that equality of opportunity would be judged by the extent to which all women fulfilled their potential. "We recognise it is not sufficient to have a few highly visible and successful women at the Bar."

However, the Association of Women Barristers criticised a separate proposal in which entrants will no longer be called to the Bar after their Bar finals, but will have to undertake six months' training in chambers. The association said this would severely disadvantage women and ethnic minorities — who find it harder to obtain a training place in chambers — and those employed in government, commerce and industry, where there were disproportionately more women than in private practice.

The proposal will go before the Lord Chancellor's advisory committee on education

and conduct on April 29. It is also opposed by the Middle Temple and by barristers in the government legal service.

The association cited figures showing the proportion of women at the "employed" Bar (outside private practice) are greater than in private practice: of 2,495 barristers in government, commerce and industry, 38 per cent are women, but women make up only one-fifth of barristers in private practice. Among the ethnic-minority barristers "called" or qualifying in 1994, 62 per cent of men and 42 per cent of women were not in private practice, against 40 per cent of white men and 34 per cent of white women.

Barbara Hewson, the association chairwoman, said the proposals would have an indirect discriminatory effect: "This will be unlawful, unless the Bar can produce some objective justification."

Niall Morrison, chief executive of the Bar Council, said the change would make more sense of barristers' qualifications. At present, students qualified but did not obtain the right to take cases in court until they had six months' training in chambers. The Bar was aware of concern, and would want to remedy and minimise any adverse effects.



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Christopher puts peace blueprint to Syria and Israel

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN JERUSALEM

WAR raged unabated for the eleventh consecutive day in Lebanon and northern Israel yesterday, as international attempts led by the United States to halt the violence which cost 150 lives and left 300 people wounded ran into early snags.

Such is the gravity of the threat posed by the fighting to the fragile Middle East peace process that France, Russia and the European Union were competing with the Americans in attempts to find a quick solution. Israel ruled out serious consideration of the peace blueprints except that drawn up by the State Department, understood to be the most sympathetic to the Israeli stand.

As the diplomats were talking in different capitals in a peace drive unprecedented in recent Middle East history, Israel ordered an inquiry led by a brigadier-general, whose identity remains secret, into the causes of Thursday's massacre at the United Nations base, close to Tyre in southern Lebanon, that claimed 102 victims and altered the course of Operation Grapes of Wrath.

In the eerie northern Israeli ghost town of Kiryat Shmona, more of the population, now down from 23,000 to 2,000, decided to flee south as the Katyusha rockets fired by Iranian-backed Hezbollah guerrillas continued to fall.

Within the Israel Defence Force, the failure to halt the

DIPLOMACY

Katyushas, after 11 days of a blitz in which more than 500 have thudded into the biblical Galilee region, led to bitter recriminations. Senior officers blamed Israeli military intelligence for failing to estimate the amount of weaponry available to Hezbollah.

Warren Christopher, the American Secretary of State, shuttled between Damascus and Jerusalem on what officials said was the most vital and punishing diplomatic mission of his career. Speaking in Israel before leaving for his second visit in 48 hours to Syria, he said that he was confident of an eventual cease-

fire, but difficult questions still remained.

Senior Western and Israeli officials estimated that the negotiations to end the fighting could be completed by the end of this week. But it was emphasised last night that any spectacular Islamic suicide attack against Jews inside Israel or abroad to coincide with Wednesday's symbolic 48th anniversary of the founding of the Jewish state could wreck the process.

Mr Christopher, who has yet to reveal details of the secret American peace plan, said, after what he described as "an excellent meeting" with Shimon Peres, the Israeli Prime Minister: "We have some difficult questions to work through. But I feel confident that, with his help and with the assistance of other people in the region, we will ultimately achieve our goals."

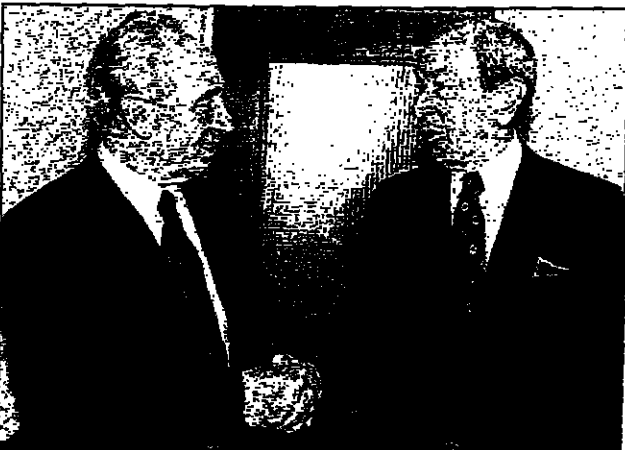
The Israeli Cabinet ruled out a unilateral ceasefire and Mr Christopher refused to set any deadline for securing an end to the two-way cross-border exchange of rockets and shells, augmented by continuing strikes by Israeli warplanes and naval guns. "We have to be patient yet for another period of time," Mr Peres said.

According to diplomats close to the fraught negotiations, which continued last night when Mr Christopher returned again to Damascus, one of the main sticking points remained Israeli demands that attacks must cease on its soldiers, and those of its client militia, the South Lebanon Army, inside the occupied south Lebanese "security zone" as part of the package.

As the talking continued, there was widespread agreement that the troubled Israeli operation has benefited President Assad of Syria. Contrary to what everybody had been saying, that Hezbollah will determine the outcome of the Israeli elections, Hani Shalev in the Tel Aviv paper *Maariv* wrote: "It is really the old fox from Damascus, with five foreign ministers now at his doorstep, who is in control."

Pope renews peace call

Rome: The Pope denounced a week of "incalculable violence" in the Middle East and said Lebanese civilians were suffering the most from actions hard to justify. Pilgrims in St Peter's Square yesterday heard him add: "To the combatants on both sides and those who share their positions, I repeat that true peace and true justice cannot be achieved through the hatred of violence and weapons."



Mr Peres greets Mr Christopher at the start of their talks in Jerusalem yesterday aimed at a ceasefire



United Nations workers evacuate a baby from Yater village in south Lebanon yesterday

Angry Arab voters vow to ensure Peres poll defeat

BY CHRISTOPHER WALKER

ISRAELI Arabs protesting against Israel's blitz on southern Lebanon had to be dispersed by police using teargas and baton charges in Nazareth at the weekend.

The anger of the Israeli Arab community, which forms more than 10 per cent of the country's electorate is tangible. One poster accused Labour of being a Government of "killing, pillaging and closure", a reference to the continued blockade of the occupied West bank and Gaza Strip.

PROTESTS

The Israeli Arab rioters, in scenes reminiscent of the Palestinian intifada, used stones and bottles to attack the police. Abd Wahad Darawshe, leader of the Arab Democratic Party, which has two seats in the Knesset, told protesters: "Peres does not consider the opinions of the Arabs of Israel; therefore, we must not allow him to win the elections."

There is growing consternation inside the Labour campaign headquarters as polls show that Operation Grapes

of Wrath has not given Shimon Peres the massive popular boost expected. "Labour's big fear is that international pressure will force Israel into an uncomfortable agreement that the [right-wing opposition] Likud could use for its own purposes," wrote political journalist Orly Azulai-Katz.

Labour's internal polls show there is a much higher proportion of floating voters than was previously estimated. In the past these have tended to float towards the more hawkish Likud party on polling day.

Blitz on guerrillas like 'tiger trying to catch a mosquito'

BY CHRISTOPHER WALKER

LEADING Israeli military and political commentators are agreed that the five shells fired by an Israeli 155mm howitzer towards a crowded United Nations base last Thursday have gravely damaged Operation Grapes of Wrath, which yesterday intensified beyond all the ten previous days.

"No excuse and no explanation can allay the impression of devastation and damage made by the pictures that were broadcast all over the globe of the mangled bodies of dozens of Lebanese victims," wrote Hani Shalev on the front page of *Maariv*. "From Thursday evening, Israel is again bogged down in the Lebanese mud."

Arieh O'Sullivan, distinguished defence analyst of the right-wing *Jerusalem Post*, agreed: "More than 12,000 artillery shells were fired with surgical precision into Lebanon in the [first] eight days of Operation Grapes of Wrath. The Israel Defence Force has boasted of accurate hits and showed off its sophisticated weaponry, which was sup-

posed to avoid civilian casualties," he observed. "But it took just five deadly rounds from a 155mm howitzer to bring the meticulously planned operation crashing down. The shelling of innocent refugees will go down in history as the turning point in Israel's latest foray into Lebanon."

Writing in *Haaretz*, Zeev Schiff, the doyen of Israeli defence commentators, noted that, whatever the operational

causes of the massacre, its widespread political repercussions had damaged Israeli ambitions as set out when the blitz on Lebanon was launched 12 days ago.

Mr Schiff also attacked the top brass of the IDF for failing to realise that airstrikes are ineffective against such small targets as Katyusha rocket-launchers. Making the same point, Mr O'Sullivan noted: "Despite all its bravado and state-of-the-art weapon systems, the

IDF's attempt to stop Hezbollah from firing Katyushas into northern Israel is like a tiger trying to catch a mosquito in its teeth."

Much of the blame for what was acknowledged by many Israelis as a public-relations disaster of the first water was heaped on the determination of the Israel Defence Force to overrate the capability of new weapons technology and the power of many of the top generals to dominate Shimon

Peres, the Israeli Prime Minister, who had no military background.

"Unlike Yitzhak Rabin (the late Prime Minister and a former chief of staff, who would have discussed with the heads of the army every little tactical step and would have been familiar with every hill and plain on the map), Peres is a civil Defence Minister who prefers to concentrate on the strategic picture," wrote Yoel Marcus, a columnist, who added that Mr

Peres's domestic reputation will be tested by the results "in that the mountain will not beget a molehill".

Many seasoned war correspondents have been taken aback by the boylike enthusiasm with which top Israeli military commanders have shown off their sophisticated military toys, offering sanitised videos of "clean strikes" and apparently taking their cue from the daily press conferences which the Western allies gave in Saudi Arabia in 1991, when the airstrikes were launched on Baghdad.

Then, as now, the military brass did not take account of the way that television has transformed modern warfare, especially so-called low-intensity operations, "one Western intelligence expert said. "On that occasion you had Peter Arnett and his CNN cameras on the ground, telling their version of the reality, and the same happened in south Lebanon on Thursday: what good are Israeli claims of pinpoint accuracy against such images of horror?"

Identity clue aids hunt for killers

FROM REUTERS IN CAIRO

EGYPTIAN police were yesterday combing the country's southern provinces for four gunmen who massacred 17 tourists and an Egyptian in Cairo on Thursday, after descriptions of the men tallied with those of three others on the run, according to newspaper reports.

The official daily *Al-Ahram* and *Al-Gomhouriya* said police were looking for three gunmen who hijacked a lorry and killed its driver near the village of Kafadab, in Minya province, on Friday.

Al-Ahram said descriptions given of the militants fitted reports by witnesses of Thursday's attack in front of Cairo's Europa Hotel. Witnesses to

the Cairo and Minya attacks said the assailants spoke with a southern accent.

Egypt's largest militant organisation, Gamaa al-Islamiya, on Friday claimed responsibility for the attack on the tourists. The group said it had planned to kill Israelis instead.

Egypt's southern provinces of Assiut and Minya have been a bastion for the militant group fighting to overthrow the Government of President Mubarak since 1992.

The organisation has attacked senior officials, policemen, Egyptian Christians and tourists as part of its campaign to turn the country into a strict Islamic state.

Plight of Qana's victims unites Lebanon factions

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN BEIRUT

A BEJEWELED and well-coiffured woman in a Pontiac lowered her window and pushed a bundle of crumpled notes at a scruffy young Hezbollah welfare worker collecting money for the 400,000 people displaced by Israel's 11-day blitz of southern Lebanon.

"Our hearts are with the homeless and the victims of Qana," she said, before screaming off down Hanra Street, an exclusive shopping area in bustling central Beirut. A loudspeaker on a battered yellow Hezbollah Mercedes parked on the pavement blared out spirit-stirring Mahler and sang the praises of the Katyusha rocket.

Business was brisk. Lebanese army soldiers, traffic policemen, and one in five drivers gave money. "Qana

REFUGEES

has followed, military action continued unabated. Hezbollah fired Katyushas across the border at the weekend and Israel maintained its ferocious bombardment by land, air and sea. Two Lebanese soldiers and a civilian were killed in air attacks on Saturday. More than 150 Lebanese, mostly civilians, have died in the fighting. Some 50 Israelis have been wounded.

For a fourth day yesterday, the delivery of food, medicine and other humanitarian supplies for the people of southern Lebanon was delayed for hours because Israeli gunboats were shelling the main coastal road, just north of Sidon. Three motorists were wounded.

Hezbollah has no known presence around Sidon, and certainly its Katyusha rockets could not reach northern Israel from the city. "The gunboats are again holding the whole of Lebanon hostage," said a senior

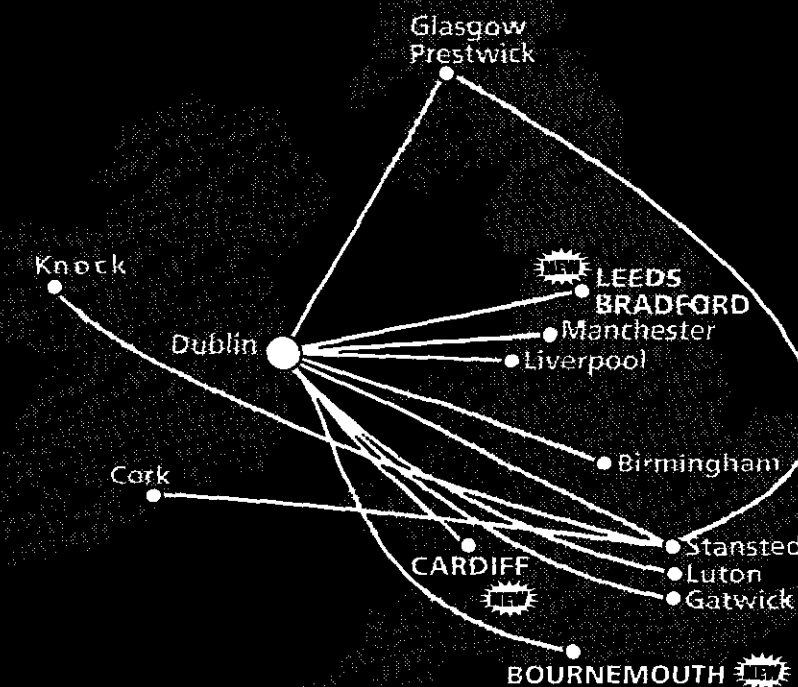
Ministry official. "If this shelling isn't state terrorism, tell me what is."

It is perhaps no coincidence that Syria's influence in Lebanon begins just north of Sidon's Awali bridge. Under an informal agreement with Israel, none of Syria's 35,000 troops in Lebanon steps south of the red line marked by the Awali River.

Israel holds Syria, the main power-broker in Lebanon, mostly responsible for not curbing Hezbollah. And it is Syria, never directly involved, that is emerging as the winner in this latest proxy confrontation with Israel, according to many Arab and some Western commentators.

Certainly, President Assad's prestige has been enhanced by the number of Western foreign ministers beating a path to his door this weekend to seek his help in fixing a truce. However, until the guns fall silent, the dead of Qana are unlikely to be buried, officials say.

RYANAIR
THE LOW FARES AIRLINE



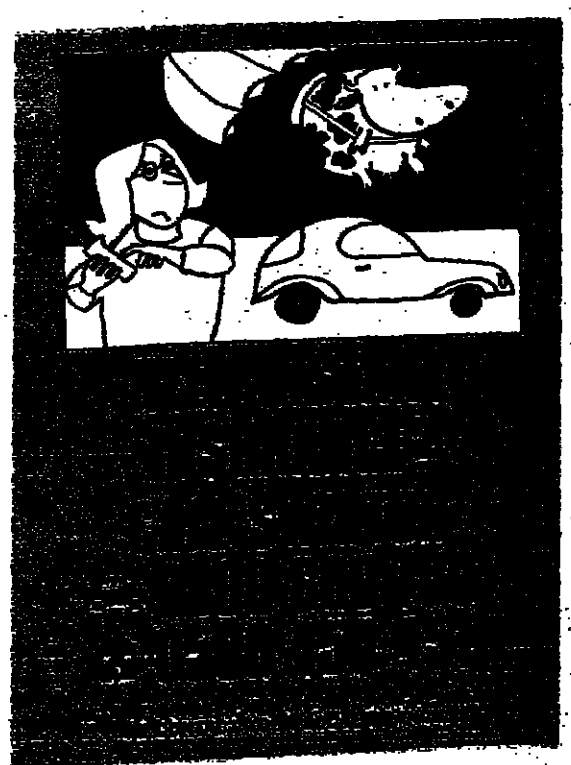
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US sends warships and diplomatic team to Liberia

By IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON AND OUR FOREIGN STAFF

THE United States deployed a guarded show of force yesterday and sent a diplomatic mission to try to end the factional fighting that has wracked Liberia.

Four warships with 1,500 Marines on board appeared offshore from Monrovia, the capital, before dawn. Helicopters were soon swooping low over the city to drop 200 Marines at the American Embassy as replacements for paratroopers guarding the compound for a week. The Marines will be able to provide humanitarian assistance.

As the Marines flew in, militia gunmen holed up in a barracks in the Liberian capital freed 127 people, including 71 foreigners, among thousands of civilians trapped there, peacekeepers said. The African peacekeeping force, Ecomog, said it secured the release of the people after negotiations that also enabled it to take control of central Monrovia after two weeks of militia warfare and looting.

Residents emerged cautiously into the streets last night. Families with bundles headed home and generators hummed around the city centre as businessmen began clearing up their looted shops. Scores of bodies, half-eaten by dogs and birds, were reported to be lying unclaimed around the city, nine along just one block of Randall Street, which leads towards the Barclay Training Centre, the symbol of resistance by the Krahn tribe. More than 200 people have now been freed from the barracks, according to an Ecomog statement. The foreigners were mostly West

Africans but included 32 Lebanese, five Pakistanis and two Chinese, the statement said. American helicopters which have evacuated 2,000 foreigners, including 430 Americans, airlifted 78 other foreigners who left the besieged Barclay Training Centre on Saturday night.

Peacekeepers patrolled several areas of the city last night and there were no reports of fighting.

The fighting pits Krahn followers of Roosevelt Johnson against militia loyal to Charles Taylor and Alhaji Kromah, vice-chairmen on the ruling Council of State. Many of the combatants are armed boys not yet in their teens.

President Clinton and his advisers are wary of becoming

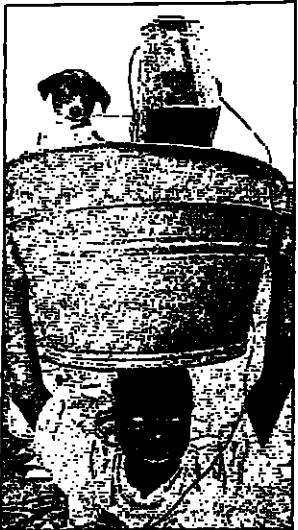
too involved in the West African country, founded by freed American slaves, after their experience in Somalia, on Africa's east coast, where 18 Americans were killed in a single day trying to arrest a warlord.

The American diplomatic mission, led by William Twardell, a State Department official, includes members of Mr Clinton's National Security Council and officers working for the Joint Chiefs of Staff. They will act as brokers in the hope of extending a shaky ceasefire among the rival warlords after two weeks of chaos, death and a frenzy of looting unprecedented even by Liberian standards.

A White House statement said Washington was concerned about the breakdown of law and order and the loss of innocent lives. Factional leaders were urged to allow humanitarian assistance into Monrovia and to honour a peace agreement they reached last August that set up a transitional government. The Washington envoys will deliver a warning to the leaders, emphasising that America would not support any government that comes to power in Liberia by force.

Lorenzo Dorr, medical officer at the Barclay centre, said he was seeing fewer wounded patients, but with primitive conditions cholera was on the rise, with 300 cases, 100 of them fatal.

□ **Monrovia:** Mohamed Doumuyan, Chief of Staff of the Liberian armed forces, was shot dead by Krahn fighters, a government statement said. (AFP)



A boy carrying goods, allegedly looted from a shop, through the streets of Monrovia



A Sri Lankan soldier advances towards Tamil rebel positions in the Jaffna peninsula, where hand-to-hand fighting was reported between government troops and guerrillas. Infantry were supported by jets which bombed Tamil positions. But claims of strategic gains by the army

Jets and gunships pound Tamils

prompted fears of revenge attacks in the capital, Colombo. Figures released by the military said about 25 soldiers were wounded and two killed in the fighting while security

forces recovered the bodies of 46 rebels. The Defence Ministry said Tigers had lost more than 80 men and women. The air force's latest acquisition, Israeli-built jets, were

pressed into bombing behind enemy lines yesterday, while helicopter gunships and navy gunboats pounded a flotilla of 15 rebel boats, the ministry added. In London, a statement by the Tigers claimed helicopters attacked civilians trying to flee from the military onslaught. (AFP)

Gun lobby condemns British curbs

FROM TOM RHODES IN DALLAS

UNTIL a few months ago Dunblane was unknown to most American gun owners, but in Dallas yesterday the tragedy in a small Scottish school was at the heart of their struggle to maintain the right to bear arms.

At the annual convention in a city made famous by the assassination of a former President, top officials from the National Rifle Association (NRA) launched a vehement assault on strict British gun controls which they claimed could never prevent another Dunblane.

"The system in the United Kingdom does not work at all," Neal Knox, the organisation's vice-president, said. "All the restrictions could not prevent a lunatic like Thomas

Hamilton from doing what he did and now the response is that Britain wants to tighten the law even further. There have never been any examples of gun laws having an effect on violent crime."

The comments by Mr Knox and other leading NRA members were the most tangible evidence yet that events such as Dunblane and the Oklahoma City bombing last year, combined with a radical anti-gun government platform, have started to exact a toll on moderate membership of the group.

Tanya Metaksa, its chief lobbyist on Capitol Hill, said the incidents had been used to stigmatise her association. "The gun laws in Britain are so onerous that they affect the

rights of freedom. They do not prevent people from committing a crime," she said.

Among the delegates sifting through weapons on display at the Dallas convention centre, the sentiment was much the same. The American Constitution has become the main symbol in their battle against President Clinton, the man they consider the most anti-gun President in American history.

Although the NRA has more than three million members, numbers have dropped by more than 400,000 in the past year and finances which helped to elect a Republican Congress in 1994 have plummeted to a deficit of \$51.5 million (£34.3 million). Despite promises to see the repeal

of Mr Clinton's ban on 19 types of assault weapon, the organisation has recognised that pushing for such unpopular legislation this year may harm the chances of electing the sympathetic Senator Bob Dole to the White House.

It was left to Charlton Heston, the veteran Hollywood actor, to bring the room to its feet with a resounding defence of the Constitution. "The Second Amendment right to keep and bear arms connects us to all that is right about America... It shows us a path to pursue for liberty, but being politically correct is not the way to get there. If Americans believed in political correctness we would still be King George's boys subject to the British Crown," he said.

Dole team attacked over funds

Washington: Serious but disputed accusations were levelled against Bob Dole's presidential campaign yesterday, charging that it may have received thousands of dollars in illegally laundered contributions (Ian Brodie writes). If true, the allegations could further embarrass the Republican Senate leader, already within \$2 million (£1.3 million) of campaign spending limits.

The Kansas City Star said staff at a Massachusetts sporting goods company were told to give money to the campaign in exchange for cash reimbursements — said to total \$40,000. Their boss is a Republican fundraiser.

Lawyer's death investigated

New York: Police are investigating a car crash that killed one of the most prominent lawyers in America (Quentin Letts writes). Stephen Meyers, 53, co-founder of Jacoby & Meyers, a chain of litigation "shops", died at the wheel of his car in Connecticut. Mr Meyers recently ended his partnership with Leonard Jacoby. He and his wife Millie were closely involved in the early stages of Bill Clinton's campaign in 1992.

Reformists do well in Iran poll

Tehran: In bitterly fought elections that left no group in absolute control, Iranian conservatives lost their overall majority in parliament thanks to a challenge by Servants of Iran's Construction, a newly formed band of reformists. Some analysts said the conservative Combatant Clergy Association would end up with only 120 of the 270 seats, 20 fewer than at present. (Reuters)

Blizzard spoils polar picnic

New York: A rich widow has failed in her attempt to fly to the North Pole for a picnic. Marylou Whitney was frustrated by a week-long blizzard and had to settle for landing at the magnetic North Pole (Quentin Letts writes). The septuagenarian Mrs Whitney said she was "disappointed" but might try again next year.

Rifkind's China talks fail to heal rift

FROM JONATHAN MIRSKY IN HONG KONG

MALCOLM RIFKIND'S meeting at the weekend with China's Foreign Minister, Qian Qichen, failed to bridge the widening chasm between Britain and China over the future of Hong Kong.

The core of the crisis was exposed yesterday when Governor Chris Patten suggested that China's policies for Hong Kong were "a recipe for social turmoil, not community harmony".

Mr Rifkind described himself as satisfied with his two-hour conversation with Mr Qian in The Hague, and suggested that the people of Hong Kong would feel "great pleasure and reassurance".

But Mr Qian's spokesman said: "Britain has to face reality." This applied specifically, he said, to China's intention to establish a parallel government here before the 1997 takeover, in the form of an appointed legislative council. The spokesman went on to describe this as "a closed question".

Mr Rifkind's anodyne remarks were in marked contrast to Mr Patten's. The Governor referred to a "hamstrung" Bill of Rights and to the "snuffing out of the spirit of democracy". Mr Patten also described the survival of the present council as "a litmus test of what else will survive".

Malan trial papers link Buthelezi to 'dirty war' on ANC

FROM INIGO GILMORE IN JOHANNESBURG

CHIEF Mangosuthu Buthelezi, South Africa's Home Affairs Minister, has been more closely implicated in the apartheid state's "dirty war" against the African National Congress by secret documents.

The papers suggest the Inkatha Freedom Party leader was fully aware of the "offensive" nature of covert Inkatha paramilitary units used to assassinate ANC opponents during the 1980s. The disclosures threaten to exacerbate the fraught political situation in KwaZulu/Natal province.

The documents were handed into court on Friday in the case against General Magnus Malan, the former Defence Minister, and a group of military chiefs who, with Inkatha officials, are on trial

for murder in connection with Operation Marion — code-name for clandestine South African Defence Force support for Inkatha. It sought to undermine the ANC and was allegedly behind the 1985 massacre of 13 people at a supporter's home near Durban.

In one document, army commander Kat Liebenberg allegedly said the operation would create "a small, full-time offensive element which can be used covertly against the UDF/ANC". The documents, for the first time, also point a finger at the former apartheid police generals Johan van der Merwe, Basie Smit and Jac Buchner.

The trial has heard how M. Z. Khumalo, Chief Buthelezi's then personal assistant, acted as go-between with the apartheid defence force in planning operations.

The documents also show how in 1985 Chief Buthelezi dismissed a campaign to have the ANC unbanned and Nelson Mandela released from prison as "irresponsible" while, in public, he was calling for the future President's sentence to be lifted.

Local government elections set for May 29 hang in the balance after the ANC in the province called for their postponement because of escalating violence. Inkatha has threatened to pull out of the Government if the poll is delayed. A decision will be taken later this week.



Buthelezi: opposed freedom for Mandela

Prejudice darkens Olympic torch route

FROM QUENTIN LETTS IN NEW YORK

POLITICAL correctness has hit the Olympic Games. The Olympic torch, symbol of peace and reconciliation, will not be run through an Atlanta suburb represented by Newt Gingrich, the House Speaker, because its residents are considered to be homophobic.

The people of Cobb County hoped to watch the flame being paraded down their tree-lined streets, but Games organisers have found an alternative route after protesters complained about a

1993 resolution Cobb residents took against homosexuality. The resolution, agreed by a majority of people in this mainly white neighbourhood of the 1996 Games' host city, condemned the "gay lifestyle".

After noisy protests by homosexuals about Cobb's "hate-mongering", the organisers of the 15,000-mile, 84-day torch run — which started in Greece last month — have capitulated. The Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games said: "It is our goal to make the torch relay an exciting and memorable experience. We want to focus on the excitement of the event and

not be distracted by other issues." Mark Johnson for the Gay and Lesbian Alliance Against Defamation, a leading anti-Cobbite, said: "The torch relay is an important symbol for all peoples around the world and we feel this sends the right message to hate-mongers." Mr Gingrich, however, spoke of a blatantly political response to a small, but vocal, group of protesters.

The torch run is not Cobb County's first Olympic loss. It was to have been the site for the volleyball competition, but that decision was reconsidered owing to the homophobia allegations.

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Time for Britain to call Helmut's bluff on forging an inner Euro-club

If the British insist on being difficult in Europe, our old friend Jacques Delors said on *Panorama* the other day, then the countries which want to forge a federal Europe will have to go ahead on their own. We will have to write a new treaty without Britain, the former President of the European Commission said.

M. Delors now enjoys a retirement career as a cross-border guru dispensing predictions on the future of the continent, life, the universe and just about everything. He

can afford to say out loud what Helmut Kohl, for example, might be too tactful to mention when the German leader drops in on John Major next Monday. France's European Affairs Minister, Michel Barnier, did, however, brandish just that threat when his British opposite number, David Davis, was in Paris just after Easter.

France and Germany want John Major — and, of course, Tony Blair — to get the message that further displays of bad attitude by Britain will be punished by painful and



expensive isolation. British governments, whether Tory or Labour, represent a society which wants to remain active

in the EU, but which will not accept Franco-German federalism. Any government told that Britain will miss the bus, train, boat or plane should ask itself two questions: how genuine are these threats? And how far can they go?

If the single currency on which Herr Kohl has staked his reputation starts in 1999, an inner EU caucus is born. Many Whitehall officials fear this as the start of a "nightmare scenario".

Majority votes would bend the rules to allow between six and eight states to join the

single currency. Members of the monetary union create a new Exchange Rate Mechanism for the rest of the EU, which is voluntary, but built to make qualifying for the new currency zone almost

impossibly hard. "Out" currencies devalue or depreciate, triggering accusations from the insiders of unfair competition. Using (or rather misusing) Article 101 of the EU treaty and sympathetic judges in Luxembourg, France and its allies close the hard currency area to British exporters. Business drifts away from the

City of London and Japanese companies invest elsewhere.

John Major's question to Herr Kohl should be: are you ready to risk destroying the EU? Ring-fencing a single currency zone containing only half the EU's current members could wreck the single market. Can German politicians really devise a new European treaty which does not cut across the delicate web of obligations by which Germany has already tied itself to all its neighbours? And then ratify such a docu-

ment in 1997 or 1998, during the crunch decisions on monetary union, as both France and Germany run up to general elections?

It won't wash. A bluff sits there waiting to be called. A British Prime Minister with nerve can tell Herr Kohl that, if the EU majority wants the single currency and creeping federalism so badly, Britain will stick to the letter of all its market freedoms, rights to take part in decisions and veto guarantees under the treaty. If Germany and France find this obstructive and incorve-

nient, then let them solve the problems of setting up shop all over again. Mr Major could rub salt into the wound by drawing Herr Kohl's attention to a little-noticed fact: the Labour Party is even less willing to accept a "flexible" EU run by an inner group than the Tories. A change of government in London won't deliver a malleable Britain.

Will John Major tell Big Helmut all this? Your guess is not just as good as mine; it is exactly the same.

GEORGE BROCK

Yeltsin refuses to back Clinton on Nato's move east

FROM RICHARD BEESTON IN MOSCOW

PRESIDENT Yeltsin and President Clinton announced yesterday that they had made some headway, in resolving disputes over two key arms control agreements after five hours of talks in the Kremlin.

But the two leaders, emerging from their tenth face-to-face meeting, also made clear they were still deadlocked on the thorny question of Nato's eastward expansion, which the Kremlin firmly opposes.

President Clinton said they had made some "important progress" on defining the limits of the anti-ballistic missile treaty, which has dogged arms control negotiations for nearly a quarter of a century. There had also been some breakthrough on resolving differences over the Conventional Forces in Europe treaty, to be reviewed next month to take into account Russia's new

military commitments, particularly in the Caucasus.

Overall, however, the modest results of yesterday's bilateral meeting appeared to have matched the outcome of the summit, which ended on Saturday, on nuclear safety, hosted by the Kremlin leader for the heads of government of the Group of Seven leading industrialised countries.

The highlight was Russia's declaration that it would join Western nuclear powers in imposing a total ban on atomic testing. Also the leaders received Ukraine's commitment to close Chernobyl's remaining two reactors. Leaders also agreed on unprecedented co-operation to protect fissile materials and to share intelligence to halt the theft and sale of weapons-grade uranium and plutonium.

However, environmental-

ists charged that, a decade after the Chernobyl accident, world leaders had missed an opportunity to improve global safety. "I cannot honestly say that we are better protected from another nuclear accident today than we were ten years ago," said one American official, adding that the West had failed to provide fresh funds to tackle the immediate safety and security problems in the former Soviet Union.

Aside from the nuclear issues, the Kremlin leadership will be anxious to see what effect the summit has on the political fortunes of President Yeltsin, who hosted the meeting in part to boost his June re-election hopes.

Certainly he performed creditably before the cameras, projecting himself as a statesman on the world stage. His guests, who conveniently skirted controversial issues such as the unpopular conflict in Chechnya, made clear they backed his reformist policies.

John Major had a verbal clash with the President's main political rival, Gennadi Zyuganov, the Communist Party leader. President Chirac of France praised the Kremlin

Bran loaf and wine on rare walkabout

BY RICHARD BEESTON

A NEWCOMER to Moscow would have been forgiven for believing that President Clinton, rather than President Yeltsin, was running for reelection in Russia.

Astonished, Muscovites could barely avoid bumping into the American leader, as he broke local custom and went on a tour of Moscow, buying bread, chatting to pensioners and dining in one of the city's best-loved restaurants.

In a country where the leadership rarely ventures outside the protection of its Zil limousines or the walls of the Kremlin, Mr Clinton said that he wanted to "get out and get a feel for the people in the street and see what they were thinking". His search led to authentic Russian encounters. In a bakery off Red Square, the President was persuaded to buy bran bread from a saleswoman who advised him that the traditional Russian loaf would do him good. One elderly woman, accosted by Mr Clinton, insisted on relating the problems facing her family. "She

was touching. She said that she had a son who was trained as an engineer, but that he was an alcoholic," Mr Clinton said.

Mr Clinton, who first visited Russia as a student, has used this trip as much for official meetings as sightseeing. He spent a day in St Petersburg, mainly to tour the Hermitage Museum. In Moscow he walked round Red Square, and the stunning Novodevichy Convent, visiting the graves of Nikita Khrushchev and Nadezhda, Stalin's wife.

He made his biggest impact on Saturday night, when he arrived unannounced for dinner at U Pirozmani, a rustic Georgian restaurant, famed for its food and music. The American leader was treated to the traditional Georgian hors d'oeuvres of spicy meat, bread with melted cheese and the country's famous walnut sauce. Perhaps in deference to democratic tastes, Mr Clinton was served Mukuzani, a dry red wine, instead of the heavier Khvanchkara, a full-bodied wine favoured by Stalin.

After Chernobyl, page 14

Caviare of the tuber world is smash hit

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN PARIS

A RARE variety of French potato brought back from the edge of extinction went on sale at a Paris auction house at the weekend, where it reached the record price of £180 a pound.

The Bonnotte de Noirmoutier potato, which almost died out in the 1960s, is the caviare of the tuber world with a delicate taste that gastronomic experts say could not be further removed from the humble spud.

Like all superstars, the Bonnotte is a fragile and tender being that cannot tolerate rough handling or mechanical harvesting. By 1965 it had all but vanished from French fields, but last year the National Institute for Agricultural Research teamed up with farmers in the Noirmoutier area of the Vendée in the northwest to produce a small crop of the potato.

To mark this year's harvest, a grand sale was held on Saturday at the Drouot auction house in Paris, an establishment more used to selling rare paintings and antique furniture than groceries. All profits went to charity.

The potatoes are grown on a bed of seaweed and planted and picked by hand. The



A basket of Bonnotte de Noirmoutier potatoes is displayed at an auction in Paris, where prices reached £180 a pound

growing cycle begins on February 2 and ends exactly 90 days later. The slightest bruising results in self-mashed potato. Gourmets describe the taste as subtle, sweet and slightly fishy.

The choicest lots of potatoes at auction reached Fr3,000 (£387) a kilo — just over 2lb — although several canny chefs snapped up comparative bargains by buying more gnarled specimens.

"This may seem like folly, but it's a worthwhile folly since you can only eat them once a year," one buyer said, expressing the true spirit of French gastronomy in which rarity is at least as important

as flavour. The Bonnotte is traditionally pan-fried in butter, which suggests a humbling moral: no matter how expensive it may be, even the greatest aristocrat of the potato world ends up as chips.

'Saint' sullied in Holocaust row

BY BEN MACINTYRE

ABBE PIERRE, the celebrated champion of good causes consistently voted France's most popular man, has come under attack for defending an author who claims the Nazi genocide has been exaggerated.

The Roman Catholic priest, 83, who helped Jews to escape from France in the Second World War, is widely regarded as a living saint, but even his staunchest supporters are dismayed at his defence of a revisionist French historian.

Roger Garaudy's book, *The Founding Myths of Israeli Policy*, has provoked a furore by arguing Nazi killings of Jews should be termed "massacres", not a "holocaust", and by calling the Nuremberg trials "a myth of justice".

The French anti-racist group MRAP has filed a lawsuit, to be heard on Thursday, against M Garaudy for

"illegal revisionism". But in a five-page letter published last weekend the abbé described the author as "a true historian" and "an honest man".

"Some facts are indisputable," he insisted yesterday, pointing out that a plaque at Auschwitz concentration camp commemorates the deaths of four million people, when the "figure of one million is generally agreed".

In a letter to M Garaudy, also 83 and a long-time friend, he said: "To confuse your book with 'revisionism' is a deception, a true calumny." But his defence has been undermined by an admission that he has not read the work.

The abbé has built a vast following by defending the homeless and destitute. Now his reputation as France's moral conscience has been severely dented.



Abbé Pierre: has not read book he defends

High voter turnout as Italy heads for electoral deadlock

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN ROME

DEFYING predictions of apathy, Italians turned out in large numbers in balmy spring weather yesterday to vote for the third time in four years.

Commentators said the chances of a decisive result were slim, and Italy appeared to be headed for political deadlock last night despite reforms designed to end unstable coalitions and "revolving door" governments. Newspapers spoke of an unprecedented "grand coalition" to complete the transition to a more stable democracy which began three years ago when the discredited Christian Democrat "old guard" was ousted after four decades.

A clearer picture will emerge when final votes are counted today, but yesterday the main party leaders for the first time raised the possibility of a coalition between the Centre Left, led by Romano Prodi, and the Centre Right, led by Silvio Berlusconi, to agree on further constitutional reforms.

Fears of a low turnout appeared unfounded, with many voters going to the polling stations early before heading for the beaches and hills to enjoy the sunny weather.

Yesterday's election was held on a single day for the first time.

The next Government will be the fifty-fifth since the Second World War. The final debates held between Signor Prodi, an economics professor who has never occupied elected office, and Signor Berlusconi, the media tycoon who was briefly Prime Minister two years ago, were unusually good-natured.

Both men agreed that a grand coalition was an option. It would bring into government for the first time the former Communists, now the Party of the Democratic Left (PDS), which is the core of Signor Prodi's "Olive Tree" bloc. Post-election manoeuvring is likely to take days or weeks.

At the last elections in March 1994, Forza Italia won 101 seats and the "post-Fascist" Alleanza Nazionale 105 in the lower house. With Christian Democratic allies and the 100 Northern League deputies, the Centre Right had 366 seats.

The Left, then known as the Progressive Alliance, had 213, of which the PDS had 115. However, new Centre parties allied to the former Communists have since appeared.

Total ban ruled out as talks seek tighter rules for landmines

BY PETER CAPELLA IN GENEVA AND LEVYA LINTON

DESPITE growing international outrage at the killing or maiming of an estimated 25,000 civilians by landmines every year, the weapons will not be banned at a two-week disarmament conference which opens here today.

An opinion poll released by the

International Committee of the Red Cross to coincide with the UN conference indicates that a large majority of people in 21 countries favours a total ban. Support ranged from 58 per cent in Japan to 92 per cent in Denmark.

Global negotiations are aimed at tightening existing rules on the use of mines. Officials involved in the Geneva talks say a ban on production and use will not be discussed.

After two years of negotiations, the more than 50 countries taking part in the Review Conference have been unable to resolve the landmine issue.

Technical measures discussed include "smart mines", which deactivate or self-destruct 30 days after they have been laid, and rules to keep "dumb mines" in clearly marked and fenced areas. The proposals would also make mines more easily detectable. A draft of the protocol indicates

that governments would have eight years to conform to the new rules.

Campaigners for a total ban claim they have gained the support in recent weeks of several leading military figures, including the former Gulf War commanders, retired Generals Norman Schwarzkopf and Sir Peter de la Billière.

At least 23 governments have indicated they would support an outright ban. Britain, China, India,

some non-aligned countries and America believe that anti-personnel mines still have a military value. Britain has declared a moratorium on exports of "dumb mines". Campaigners in Britain, including Sir David Putnam, will hand a petition to John Major today calling on the Government to support a global ban on landmines. The UK Working Group on Landmines has gathered 180,000 signatures.

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O'Sullivan takes pot shots at angry Robidoux



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Northeast revival continues at Roker Park



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Cecil saga to run and run after fast start



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Budding talent springs into action



TIMES SPORT

MONDAY APRIL 22 1996

SCOT STRIKES GOLD ON STREETS OF LONDON

McColgan warms to marathon challenge

By DAVID POWELL, ATHLETICS CORRESPONDENT

LIZ MCCOLGAN, advised two and a half years ago that she would never run again, yesterday completed her rehabilitation from injury by winning the women's section of the Flora London Marathon. It ranks among her finest victories.

If the manner of her run spoke of a new McColgan — wise and patient — her reaction to it was the McColgan of old: nice to win but the Olympics are what count. "I have got to rate it as a good performance but it is a stepping-stone to the Olympics," she said. And a rock in the path of other contenders. McColgan's winning time, 2hr 27min 54sec, was as fast as anybody could reasonably have expected on a day of record high temperatures for the race.

In her two previous London Marathon attempts, McColgan had finished third and fifth. When, in 1992, she was signed by David Bedford, the race director, for some £500,000 to run the event three times, she was the BBC Sports

her coach for the past year has been pivotal in directing McColgan away from self-destruction after two medical experts had told her to forget running because of two knee operations. Her knee, and other injuries, combined to plague her for 18 months.

After her fifth place in the London Marathon last year, McColgan acknowledged that she was not getting the best out of herself and accepted an offer from Waitz to coach her. Waitz reduced her mileage, increased the intensity of her hard training sessions and the frequency of her easy days, and told her to take a cautious approach to the race.

McColgan, a long-standing member of the front-runners' club, lapsed her membership yesterday. So cautious was she that, when three runners set off faster than her, she allowed the gap to grow to 2min 06sec at 14 miles. "The strategy was to hold back but she held back too much and made me nervous," Waitz said. "If I had been in Liz's shoes I would not have let them get so far ahead that I could not see them."

It was a lesson she will be drumming into McColgan before the Olympics. Although "the Olympics is not going to be a fast race", in Waitz's opinion, she does not want her athlete dawdling during the first half. At halfway, McColgan wondered whether she might have blown it. The leader, Anita Haakenstad, from Norway, who faded to finish fifth, reached the half-way point in 75:31.

McColgan picked up her running on the fifteenth mile. On the eighteenth, she drew away from Angelina Kanana, from Kenya, leaving only Haakenstad and Fraya Sultanova, from Russia, ahead of her. At 19 miles, McColgan passed Sultanova but Haakenstad was still 45sec down the road. A 21st mile in 5min 27sec took her into the lead and a 22nd in 5:34 gave her a decisive advantage.

Running the last five miles unchallenged, McColgan crossed the finish line showing no sign of discomfort. A glance back down The Mall revealed that Joyce Chepchumba, from Kenya, on her way to finishing second, was not in sight.

It was McColgan's fastest time in five marathons since her 2:27:32 debut in 1991. Chepchumba recorded 2:30:09 and Malgorzata Sobanska, the defending champion from Poland, was third in 2:30:17.



McColgan raises her arms in triumph after her comfortable victory at the third attempt in the London Marathon yesterday. Photograph: Marc Aspland

Masterly Cerón 27
Leading finishers 34, 35
Holding's treble 35

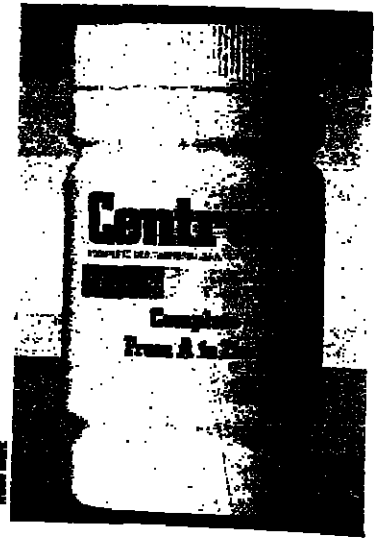
Personality of the Year, world 10,000 metres champion and had just recorded the fastest marathon debut by a woman. Yesterday, finally, McColgan gave Bedford full value for money.

The confidence this victory will give her for the Olympics cannot be underestimated. "My rivals are going to have to do something extra special if I am not going to come back from Atlanta with gold," she said. The heat and humidity of Atlanta have been bones of contention among the distance-running fraternity but McColgan's greatest triumph: her 1991 10,000 metres world title, was achieved in the oppressive heat of Tokyo.

"I am confident it will not bother me," she said. "It will be a tough course but I am a tough runner." You have not seen anything yet from McColgan in the marathon and it is not just her saying it this time. "Conditions in Atlanta will not bother Liz," Grete Waitz said. Waitz believes that, in cooler weather, McColgan can go under 2:25. The influence Waitz, a former world champion and double London winner, has had as

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Coleman & Co enjoy quite extraordinary day

We are used to Brendan Foster getting things right, but David Coleman as well? Truly, the gods had smiled upon the BBC. The sun was shining, the mobile cameras were all working and, best of all, there was a new jazz band at the City Pride on the Isle of Dogs. For the first time in living memory, watching the London Marathon would not mean listening to *Oh When The Saints* for two hours.

But when even the predictions from the commentary started coming true, we knew something pretty remarkable was about to happen. Today is the day for Liz McColgan to win, said Foster confidently, a few minutes before the start. So it proved, as Coleman relayed some 16 miles into the elite women's race: "And the news



MATTHEW BOND
TV ACTION REPLAY

showed that the BBC's command of the ether was not absolute. On both occasions Coleman made crystal-clear contact with the person he was expecting to, but on both occasions communication began and ended with his first question.

Editorially, there were one or two problems. If Dionicio Cerón looked a little underwhelmed on the winner's rostrum, he had good reason. For the second year running, his perfectly-timed

age. And, if anyone is rethinking the starts, could they not be made just a little more spectacular? A limply-dropped flag not only confuses the athletes, it makes lousy television.

Other problems, however, are within the BBC's remit. Although I am sure no slight was intended, Coleman would no doubt accept that calling a young, black athlete "boy" was not a particularly clever move. Nor was the coverage of the disabled races impressive.

Hazell and Baker in all-England final

SANDY HAZELL and Jean Baker set up an all-England final in the women's world indoor bowls singles championship in Guernsey yesterday, when Hazell defeated Kate Adams, of Scotland, the 1993 champion, and Baker beat Betty Morgan, the Welsh champion, in the semi-finals.

Hazell, who beat Baker 21-8 in the recent English Women's Indoor Bowling Association singles final at Banister Park, lost the first set to Adams, but recovered to win 3-7, 7-0, 7-5, 7-5. Baker, a former English outdoor singles champion, lost two of the first three sets against Morgan, but squared the match with a 7-4 win in the fourth, and recovered from 6-3 down to take the decider, 7-6.

Mark Bantock, aged 26, of the Desborough club, Maidenhead, won the English Indoor Bowling Association singles championship at Melton Mowbray on Saturday, beating John Ottaway 21-17. This guarantees Bantock a place in the world championship at Preston next February.

Hoyer-Larsen's record

BADMINTON: Poul-Erik Hoyer-Larsen claimed a record-equaling third successive men's singles title at the European championships in Herning on Saturday. Hoyer-Larsen needed just 32 minutes to overcome his compatriot Peter Rasmussen, 15-5, 15-11. Rasmussen, the No 2 seed, staged a fightback in the second game to lead 11-10, but a string of unforced errors allowed Hoyer-Larsen to equal the record held set by another Dane, Flemming Delfs, in 1980.

Date lifts fourth title

TENNIS: Kimiko Date, right, of Japan, beat Amy Frazier, of the United States, 7-5, 6-4 to capture her fourth Japan Open title yesterday. It was the third consecutive year that they had met in the Tokyo final. Frazier won last year after Date had beaten her in 1994 for her third successive title. Pete Sampras took the men's title by beating Richey Renberg 6-4, 7-5.

Ipswich Cup upset

FENCING: The 1992 world champion, Oksana Jermakova, of Estonia, won the Ipswich Cup at Northgate Sports Centre, yesterday, defeating the diminutive Swiss, Gianna Buerli, 15-13 in the closest-fought match of the day. The event was the British round of the women's epee World Cup, which Buerli was expected to win. The title-holder, Claudia Bokel, of Germany, was eliminated in the quarter-finals by another Estonian, Heidi Roth, 15-14.

Carter comes through

SQUASH: Paul Carter, the former British national squash champion, has lost none of the stubborn competitiveness that made him one of the world's leading players in the late Eighties. An 80-minute, 9-7, 0-9, 4-9, 9-7, 9-2 third-string win over Marcus Cowie in the Squash Rackets Association National League play-offs final at St Albans tore the heart out of Keyline Barnham Broom. The challenge for the title triggered a 4-1 victory for Mitsubishi Electric Potters Bar.

Colts lose to late try

RUGBY UNION: England's colts concluded their season in defeat at Chester on Saturday, losing 22-18 to the French youth. However they had the minor consolation of scoring two tries to one, the first by Matt Perry, of Bath, the second a delightful effort by the captain, Tim Pawson, after Michael Horne's long run. Paul Sampson added a conversion and two penalty goals before a try in the last minute earned France their win.

Abe triumphs in Japan

MOTORCYCLING: Nori-fumi Abe, right, became his country's newest sporting hero yesterday when he won the Japanese Grand Prix in Suzuka, becoming the first Japanese to triumph in a 500cc race since Takazumi Katayama won the 1982 Swedish Grand Prix. Abe won by nearly seven seconds from Alex Criville, of Spain, at an average speed of 162.115kph.

England ease to title

LACROSSE: England beat Wales 16-3 to retain the women's triple crown in the last home international of the season at High Wycombe on Saturday. In the other game, Scotland beat Wales 9-3. After a nervous start, England took the initiative against Wales and never looked back after building up an 8-1 lead by half-time. Rachana Shetty, of Durham University, showed promise in her first game for England as goalkeeper.

Aztecs relegated

FOOTBALL: The relegation of Villa Aztecs from the women's Premier National League was confirmed yesterday after just one season in the top flight. In a match they had to win to have a chance of staying up, Villa lost 4-1 to Arsenal at Clacton and so follow Wolverhampton into the premier northern division. Doncaster Belles inched closer to the championship with a 3-2 win at Liverpool. They are eight points clear but Croydon have four games in hand.

Faxes and figures comfort Norman

FROM JOHN HOPKINS, GOLF CORRESPONDENT, IN HILTON HEAD ISLAND

SANDY LYLE set off for Greensboro, North Carolina, yesterday afternoon ready to compete in a tournament he has won twice in his career. Lyle left buoyed by some good ball striking in his fourth round of the MCI Classic on the Harbour Town Golf Links here, a 69 that gave him a 72-hole total of two over par, yet he was concerned that his putting was hampering him.

Lyle is realistic enough to realise that major championships are beyond his reach these days. He has competed in ten events in the US this year and made the cut in five of them. Yet he still persists in his belief that if he could rediscover some form with his putter then victory in an event on the US tour or in Europe is not beyond him. At 38 and with winnings in the US this year of \$45,000, three times as much as in 1995, he is determined not to accept that his best days are behind him.

As Lyle, the first man out on a lovely clear morning with a pleasant on-shore wind, concluded his fourth round, Greg Norman had just started his. Ten years ago Lyle and Norman were spoken of in the same breath. Now Lyle is used only to put Norman's misadventures into perspective.

Lyle, who had missed the cut, was watching television as Norman endured his collapse in last Sunday's Masters. "I couldn't believe it," Lyle, the

champion in 1988, said. "I was gasping. I thought that it was over with that chip of Greg's to the 10th. That was an anxious, careless chip. But it wasn't too clever to miss it. He hit the green the way he did either."

All week it has seemed that everyone in the US has been talking about nothing else but Greg Norman. Flicking my television from channel to channel on Friday night I came upon a foreign affairs programme talking about Bosnia. One of them managed to refer to a Greg Norman situation.

On Saturday afternoon a leading scores 36

heckler called Norman a choker as he was leaving the 18th tee in his third round. An obviously angry Norman moved to the gallery ropes and the man asked: "Why did you choke last week? You cost me money." The man was later taken away and charged with disorderly conduct and being drunk.

Norman's playing partner on Saturday and again yesterday was Charlie Rymer, a local professional who apologised graciously to Norman for the rudeness of local fans.

On the first tee in the fourth round Rymer said to Norman: "We'll be all right today, Greg."

I've got a gun in my bag." The jokes did not take long to start to circulate. One goes as follows: Holden, an Australian car manufacturer with whom Norman has a business association, are bringing out a new car, the Greg Norman edition — with automatic choke.

Meanwhile, 400 miles south, Frank Williams, Norman's manager, continued to sift through the 3,000 faxes that had arrived at the offices of Great White Shark Inc. Of that number only two were abusive. One said, simply: "You choker." The other: "You ass. You're too rich."

The *Sydney Morning Herald* printed Norman's fax number, imploring Australians to demonstrate their support for him.

Typical of the messages that were received was this one: "glance up at the stars, Greg. There are millions of them. You are one of six billion people on this one of ours. Does it really matter if you took a few extra strokes to get a small white ball into a hole?"

Another one read: "your good humour, dignity and grace in defeat were an important lesson for my kids." And a third: "victory is one thing but it is transient. Grace and dignity in the face of pressure are permanent values." Norman may have lost the Masters but he seems to have won thousands of hearts.



Russell tees off in Cannes yesterday on his way to his first European Tour victory

Russell edges to first title

FROM MEL WEBB IN CANNES

THERE was a beguiling mix of youthful confidence, mature calmness under pressure and, at the end, a typically Scottish lack of emotion about Raymond Russell, the former Walker Cup golfer, as he claimed victory in only his ninth PGA European Tour tournament by taking the Cannes Open at Royal Mougins yesterday.

The destination of the winner's cheque for £66,000 was put in doubt by the dying moments of this final day by David Carter, who pushed his opponent all the way until Norman prevailed with a final round of 71 and a total of 272, 12 under par. Carter, whose 73 left him two strokes adrift, beat Gordon Brand Jr and Ignacio Carrido by two, with Costantino Rocca and Jim Payne joint fifth on seven under par.

Russell, 23, had played only three events on the main tour until this season after turning professional following his appearance in the Walker Cup team in 1993.

He finished nineteenth in the tour qualifying school last autumn, and although this

was his sixth appearance of the season, a succession of high-profile tournaments on the horizon meant that, at the start of this tournament, he was not sure when he would get his next start. Now he can play where and when he likes until the end of next season.

Russell, from Prestonpans, near Edinburgh, was level with Carter on ten under par as he stepped on to the 17th tee after going into water and dropping a shot at the 16th, where within minutes he was both cursed and blessed by the fates.

A referee ruled that Russell's ball had crossed the margin of a lake before dropping back into the briny, which meant he could take his penalty drop on the green.

From that position he was able to two-putt for a bogey six that could have been much worse. He had wobbled at times, notably when he dropped four shots to par in four holes from the 8th, but the way he played

the last two holes would have done credit to Nick Faldo.

At the penultimate hole, a par three of 139 yards, he watched as Carter planted his ball 40 feet beyond the flag, before putting his own tee shot nervously to six feet. Carter took two putts for par, and Russell calmly rolled his in for a birdie and a one-stroke lead.

The tournament was still not over, however. A birdie from Carter on the last would have put the tournament firmly in play-off territory, but it was not to be.

Carter went into a fairway bunker off the 18th tee and found sand again with his second shot. Russell played the hole immaculately and finished up eight feet from the flag in three as Carter went 25 feet past, also in three.

It was effectively all over when Carter failed to hole that long bunker shot. Russell had two shots for the title, and needed only one for a closing birdie that was as satisfying as it was irrelevant. He said that he was happy, even if he did not show it. They do not go in for much dancing in the streets in Prestonpans.

Bold Simon clears way for second World Cup

FROM JENNY MACARTHUR IN GENEVA

HISTORY repeated itself here yesterday when Hugo Simon, of Austria, riding ET, won his second showjumping Volvo World Cup after a dramatic jump-off with Wilfrid Melliger, of Switzerland, or Calbaro. It was only the second jump-off in the 18 years in which the final has been held: the first was in 1979, at the inaugural event, won by Simon.

Simon's victory was all the sweeter after a series of setbacks had threatened his participation. The 53-year-old had to withdraw his leading horse, Apriori, when it succumbed to colic, forcing him to ride the nine-year-old ET in all three legs. Simon then injured his elbow and was unable to ride

for ten days until last Saturday.

Nick Skelton, the Briton who came frustratingly close to a second successive win on Dollar Girl, finished third just one point behind Simon and Melliger. Despite two superb rounds in the grand prix yesterday, in which he incurred four faults in each, Skelton was disappointed.

He blamed himself for putting the 16-year-old mare in "too deep" at the double, the fence he hit in the first round. He was more philosophical about the second-round mistake, when Dollar Girl just touched fence ten, a big over. "It was just a difficult, dirty fence." Even so, his third place and his win in the second leg on Friday added nearly £40,000 to his purse.

John Whitaker, the only other Briton here, dropped to eighth place after a first round of 12 faults.

The most bitter disappointment, however, was reserved



Simon: setbacks

for the young Brazilian rider, Rodrigo Pessoa, who was in the lead at the start of the grand prix. After a clear round in the first round, one of only three, he looked set to become the first South American rider to win the World Cup.

In the second round, when riders again went in reverse order of merit, Simon, lying third, incurred four faults to join Melliger on a total of ten. When the world champion, Franke Sloothaak, from Germany, had eight faults on Corrado, it meant that Pessoa could hit two fences and still win the cup.

But the Irish-bred Tomboy, a 13-year-old gelding of nervous disposition, sensed the highly-charged atmosphere and hit fence 5a, throwing Pessoa forward into the saddle

so that he was unable to stop him.

He guided him through fence six, which fell, and then missed his stride into the next and had to turn a circle. "At that point," the philosophical Pessoa said, "I knew it was all over."

Melliger, drawn first in the jump-off, produced a superbly-judged clear round that the crowd acclaimed as the winning one. But Simon, the disbeliever of Melliger's supporters, took a daring short cut after the second fence — "I knew I had to think of something different," he said — and romped home two seconds faster to secure an elusive second World Cup title and a standing ovation.

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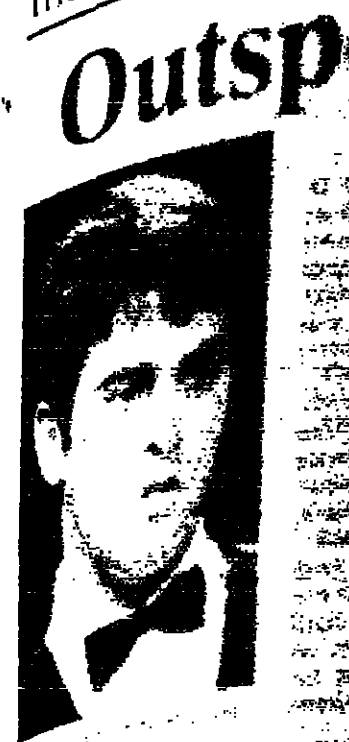
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Simon: setbacks

Outspoken O'Sullivan belittles beaten Robidoux



O'Sullivan: unrepentant

ALAIN ROBIDOUX described Ronnie O'Sullivan as "disrespectful" and refused to shake hands after losing their first-round match 10-3 in the Embassy world snooker championship at the Crucible, Sheffield, yesterday.

The bad blood began to circulate when O'Sullivan, holding an impregnable lead in the eleventh frame, played three academic pots left-handed when attempting a crowd-pleasing clearance.

Robidoux, of Canada, normally the most mild-mannered of individuals, was visibly riled and did not concede.

Even when the pink subsequently ran over a pocket, O'Sullivan would not pot it and the result was an embarrassing eight-minute impasse.

"I was struggling and, when somebody does that, it makes you feel worse," Robidoux said. "There's no need to do that to a professional colleague." O'Sullivan, who included breaks of 102 and 126 during a typically swashbuckling display, was unrepentant. "I was just enjoying myself when the frame was over and, anyway, the audience loved it," he said.

Of course, it is O'Sullivan's prerogative to use the odd exhibition shot. However, any sympathy for him evaporated after a series of belittling comments about Robidoux. "I can play better left-handed than he can right," O'Sullivan added.

O'Sullivan has an abundance of natural talent. A week short of his eighteenth birthday he captured the 1993 United Kingdom championship,

becoming the youngest winner of a world-ranking tournament, and last year he won the Benson and Hedges Masters. No one wishes to stifle that spark and, indeed, while finishing off his quarter-final win over Mark Williams at the British Open earlier this month, few took exception to his pair of outrageous one-handed pots.

Results 36

Even so, there exists a fine dividing line between showmanship and showboating.

As a 20-year-old, O'Sullivan can still fall victim to the impetuosity of youth, both on and off the table, and there is a danger he could become snooker's latest *enfant terrible*.

When he returns to the Crucible later this week, his ill-advised comments yesterday may well prove to be a heavy burden for him.

Conflicting messages can be drawn from Stephen Hendry's 10-8 victory over Jason Ferguson in the first round on Saturday. During the course of his 21st consecutive win in the game's premier event, the titleholder compiled a quartet of century breaks, along with runs of 91, 88 and 86, and cued sweetly.

Yet, until required to cope with the intense pressure under which he thrives, Hendry's tactical game was inadequate, even against Ferguson, the world No 29, who was a 500-1 outsider for the £200,000 first prize.

While Hendry freely uses superlatives in assessment of his better displays, he can be scathingly critical

after a poor one. On this occasion, he classified his safety play as "amateurish" and admitted he felt "vulnerable" when entering the concluding session faced with a 6-3 deficit.

Hendry is acutely aware that containing opponents is essential if he is to win the title for the fifth year in succession and for a sixth time in his past seven attempts. It is fair to assume that his strong suit, break-building, will take care of itself.

"I know I'm playing well, so if I'd lost it would have been nothing short of a disaster," Hendry, who had dropped only two frames in his three previous encounters with Ferguson, said. "Jason punished my sloppy shots and, against the quality of players I'm going to have to tackle over the next couple of weeks, I've simply got to tighten things up."



Robidoux visibly riled

Evans proves best of British in men's race with commendable third

Cerón cuts loose to complete treble

By DAVID POWELL, ATHLETICS CORRESPONDENT

DIONICIO CERÓN must begin to wonder why athletes say such silly things. Or, more accurately, say such sensible things, then ignore their own advice.

Cerón, from Mexico, having become the first man to win the London Marathon twice, completed the treble yesterday, though, understandably, given the record warm temperatures, his time of 2hr 10min 00sec was the slowest of his successive victories. Vincent Rousseau, the runner-up, will be haunted by his own words, just like Antonio Pinto was last year.

"I do not want to lead and get a knife in my back," Rousseau, the only athlete in marathon history to have broken

his first victory, in 1994, when he drew clear in the 23rd mile. But it contrasted with last year when Pinto, from Portugal, built a 62-second lead at world-record pace. In the week before the race, Cerón and Steve Monaghan had been talking of a world-record schedule, to which Pinto responded: "I shall follow them with a sack, then put them in as I go past." Cerón and Monaghan came along with a sack in the last mile and swept up Pinto.

Whereas, last year, Cerón had had to work all the way to the line before beating Monaghan by three seconds, yesterday he had a comfortable lead entering The Mall for the final furlong. He took his time to enjoy it, though it cost him money. Instead of a \$10,000 (£6,600) bonus for sub 2:10, he had to settle for \$5,000 for sub 2:11.

He could afford the celebration. Cerón owns five houses, a sports club, a clothing business and now has another winner's cheque for \$55,000. More than his \$30,000 for second place, Rousseau's consolation was a solid performance on a hot day. He does not like the heat and contracts with past marathons have given him the option to withdraw if the temperature exceeds 16C.

At the start yesterday, the reading was 18C, soon rising to 20C and staying there until the finish. Why, Rousseau must have wondered, did he not have a clause in his contract this time? "I did not expect these warm conditions," Rousseau said. "When I saw the weather at the beginning, I was like that," he added, indicating that he had crossed his fingers for luck.

"I stayed out of the way in case he was looking for me," David Bedford, the elite race director, said. Rousseau felt that wearing a Breathe Right strip on his nose helped to relieve the sinuses he normally suffers in hot conditions.

Paul Evans must be puzzled over the logic of the prize structure. Had he finished fourth, instead of third, he would have been \$2,500 better



Cerón, in splendid isolation, acknowledges the applause as he strides towards his third successive triumph

off. Evans collected \$22,500 for third place but the British money awards are payable only to athletes outside the first three. Crossing the line fourth would have given Evans \$15,000 place money plus the \$10,000 bonus as first Briton.

That went instead to Gary Staines, who was ninth. Staines may have more to thank Evans for than simply the money. Should Evans decline Olympic selection, as well he might, Staines may be offered the third place with the preselected Peter

Whitehead and Richard Nerurkar.

According to John Bicoeur, Evans's manager, competing in the Olympics would cost his athlete some £100,000 in potential income from the New York City Marathon. Evans is more likely to go for the

Olympic 10,000 metres, from which he would have time to recover before New York. Eamonn Martin, the 1993 champion, dropped out in the heat which took its toll on times in general. Only 44 men broke 2hr 30min, an unprecedented low number.

RFU search for unity as Bath stand firm over crowd

By DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

WHATEVER the Rugby Football Union (RFU) touches these days tends to blow up in their faces. However, they will hope to resolve today the row in which they are now embroiled with Bath and Wigan, who seek to play the second of their cross-code matches at Twickenham on May 25.

The union will meet representatives of the two clubs, the local police and the British Transport Police to discuss the imposition of a cap on the crowd of 37,500 — half the stadium's total capacity.

The police require a limit because of work scheduled on the Reading to Waterloo railway line. "The whole question of capping the gate has been a known problem for some time," Michael Humphreys, the RFU spokesman, said. Indeed it was only on Friday that Tony Halset, the union secretary, persuaded the authorities to lift the cap from 30,000 to 37,500.

It is debatable whether railway work in that area is liable to affect crowds coming from Bath, or from the north-west where, it is claimed, Wigan supporters are treating this as their away-day in London after losing their regular visit to Wembley for the Challenge Cup final. Certainly tickets have sold well for the first match, to be played under rugby league rules, at Maine Road, Manchester, on May 8.

Bath have sold more than 25,000 tickets for the second match, under union rules, and plan to keep selling. "We would have expected 50,000 and a capacity attendance was on the cards," Richard Mawditt, the Bath chairman, said. "This is going to be a great occasion. Why spoil it with a half-empty stadium?"

The clubs have the option of moving the game, but arrangements have been put in place which may make that impractical. The last word on this matter will be with the police, whose primary concern is to avoid congested station platforms in the area where work is taking place.

Irish's executive committee will stand firm over the five nations row regarding television rights to next year's championship. Syd Millar, the IRFU president, still hopes for reconciliation after England's declaration that they will go their own way, but if that cannot be reached, Ireland will back moves to stop playing England.

Leopards are put to flight by march of the Giants

By NICHOLAS HARLING

BY VIRTUE of gaining a dramatic 75-73 victory over the Leopards in the London Arena last night, Manchester Giants became only the third basketball club in the history of the play-offs to reach Wembley after losing the first leg of their quarter-final.

The dubious privilege for Manchester, the beaten finalists last year, however, is a semi-final against the all-conquering London Towers, the Budweiser League champions who are attempting to secure a clean sweep of four titles.

The Leopards had won all three league fixtures over the clubs but, when it mattered most, they slipped despite making up arrears of ten points to lead by five early in the last quarter of the decisive third leg. The Manchester coach, Mike Hanks refused to accept that his players had blown it. "It was a championship game," he said. "It was always going to go back and forth."

His key player, the American Mark Robinson, who had accumulated 58 points in the previous two games, was restricted to 15 this time but it did not really matter as the Giants had, in Kevin St Kitts, the match-winner. With five three-pointers from nine attempts, St Kitts assumed the main scoring responsibility.

The Leopards will, forever, rue the last few seconds of the first two quarters. Each time they conceded a vital basket on the buzzer. After the score at the end of the first quarter, though, Billy Mims, the Leopards' coach, left the officials shaking his head in annoyance at the decision that had gone against his squad. When Panjle Grainger scored on the stroke of half-time to give the Giants an interval lead of 36-29, Mims had no argument.

After a miserable third quarter, when they conceded the first three baskets to Karl Brown and two three-pointers to Chris Fite, to comprehensively concede their advantage, the Giants produced a stirring recovery over the last ten minutes.

They were helped as the Leopards fouled them seemingly at every opportunity, with the result that eight of Manchester's last ten points came from the free-throw line.

The other semi-final, on May 4, is between Birmingham and Sheffield. The final will be the following evening.

Lyle gives cause for optimism

AT 16 years and four months old, the youngest player to appear for Great Britain in a world championship, the Cardiff Devil netminder, Stevie Lyle, was one of several young players who gave cause for optimism for the future of British ice hockey in the pool B tournament which ended in Eindhoven on Saturday.

After losing their first two games, Great Britain took fourth place with nine points, one fewer than Belorussia.

Making his debut against Belorussia, Lyle had the misfortune to see his defence concede a goal after only 85 seconds. Britain, however, fought back well to win 4-2, with goals from Ashley Tait, Neil Morgan, Kevin Conway and Simon Hunt.

Larvia drew 1-1 with Switzerland to win the group with 13 points out of 14 and gained promotion to pool A after finishing as runners-up for the past two years, while Japan, who gained only three points, finished bottom and will be relegated to pool C.

Paris experience some northern discomfort

Warrington 48
Paris Saint-Germain 24

By CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

ON THEIR first visit to their friends in the north, the fledgling Paris Saint-Germain rugby league side was taught some of the harsher realities of life in the Stoops Super League, although the newcomers' second away defeat was not without some encouragement yesterday.

Warrington exposed a degree of naivety about Paris that better sides might exploit more fully, but the visitors' enthusiasm never dimmed and four tries, three to the burly left wing, Regis Pastre-Courtine, who will have been annoyed at missing two more, was a healthy return in the circumstances.

Paris remains unbeaten in three matches at home, where opponents have real cause to fear them. Nonetheless, four unsuccessful sorties into foreign territory, including defeat by London, hint at where most of their troubles will lie.

Tas Baitieri, the Paris manager, was critical of decisions

to sin-bin Pierre Chamorin and Patrick Enat in the second half, but indulgence in its various forms undid much of the visitors' good work, particularly in defence, where far too many holes opened up.

It is a learning process, however, and Paris remain in a position of adversity, having to loan players back to clubs playing in overlapping domestic competition. "You must remember, this was only our fifth game," Baitieri said. "The club was pulled together in eight months. In Australia, they give you three years before putting you in at this standard of competition."

There is a lot of progress to make. Warrington, with their fourth win from five, were pleased particularly with the contributions of the props, Hilton, Chambers, Sumner and Jones. Considering the errors made, it was remarkable that they scored eight tries.

Alex Murphy, the Warrington manager, still hopes to make substantial changes to his team. "We're looking for four or five world-class players," he said. "We're doing all right with what we've got and have to be patient. OK, we made a lot of mistakes, but

we've got two points. You just keep chipping away."

Willie Swann, the Western Samoa scrum half, arrives next week from Auckland to fill what was a problem position for Kelly Sheldford for much of the first half yesterday. A try then restored his confidence sufficiently for him to have a hand in all the others scored in the second period.

Kohi-Love, the New Zealand teenager, claimed two tries in the opening 12 minutes, during which Paris kept in touch, Enat's precision kicking finding Pastre-Courtine with delightful ease.

When Enat is on form, so

are Paris: but Warrington managed to close the scrum half down and, when good last-ditch tackling was wasted by the failure to mark Hough at the play-the-ball, allowing him a simple try, the game was beyond them.

In reply to Pastre-Courtine's second try, after Rudd fumbled, Knott, in the Warrington second row, dictated affairs. He first dispatched Rudd, then brilliantly supported Cullen and Sheldford for two tries himself.

Sheldford was at the heart of the next try by Penny, whose side-step bemused a weary Paris defence, although the visitors finished strongly, Vernigol scoring with his first touch and Pastre-Courtine completing his hat-trick with a fine burst up the left flank.

SCORERS: Warrington: Tries: Kohi-Love (2), Knott (2), Hough, Sheldford, Rudd. Paris: Goals: Hanks (4), Knott (3), Rudd. Points: Saint-Germains: Tries: Pastre-Courtine (3), Vernigol, Goals: Torrelles (4). WARRINGTON: L. Penny, M. Forster, J. Kohi-Love, C. Field, R. Hennessey, I. Harris, K. Sheldford, M. Hilton, J. Hough, G. Chambers, J. Knott, P. Cullen, P. Scathrope. Subs used: M. Jones, P. Sumner, A. Bennett, M. Hasky. PARIS SAINT-GERMAIN: B. Baitieri, P. Bournat, P. Chamorin, I. Luchessa, R. Proulx, Courtine, F. Deschamps, P. Enrie, G. Kacala, J. Torrelles, K. Luchessa, D. Accardi, D. Calcestrini, J. Penny, Subs used: V. Bloomfield, M. Laro, E. Vernigol. Referee: S. Presley.

Calzaghe has Duff singing his praises

By SRIKUMAR SEN, BOXING CORRESPONDENT

JOE CALZAGHE could be the best of a new generation of super-middleweights if his manager, Mickey Duff, is right about his future. After the British champion's fifth-round victory over Mark Delaney, of West Ham, at Brentwood on Saturday, Duff considers his man to be better than Nigel Benn was at the same point in his career.

"I don't mean any disrespect to Benn or any of the others, but Calzaghe is a better fighter at this stage than any one of them was," Duff said. Calzaghe, who is unbeaten as a professional, added: "The last time I lost a fight was seven years ago, when I was 17. I have been the distance only three times in the last seven years."

Calzaghe's disposal of Delaney in the fifth was impressive as the challenger was unbeaten in 21 contests and had the solid support of a hostile West Ham crowd. Calzaghe floored Delaney twice in the first but was unable to finish it as he

became too excited and threw punches in an uncontrolled manner. In the fifth, when he dropped Delaney twice again, the referee, John Coyle, quickly intervened, having seen Delaney receive a pasting in the intervening rounds.

Calzaghe admitted that he got carried away in the first round because he was "wound up by the crowd, who were swearing and spitting" at him, and he was determined to silence them. Duff put his impetuosity down to lack of experience.

P.J. Gallagher, of Wood Green, finally meets Davey McHale, of Glasgow, for the British super-featherweight title tonight at Crystal Palace. Gallagher can expect an easier outing this time, compared with the one against the replacement, Rakhim Mingaliev, of the Ukraine, who came in late last time when McHale dropped out with a cartilage injury. The Scot is unlikely to prove as tough as the Ukrainian and the contest is unlikely to go the distance.

الرياض 22 أبريل 1996

Rebuilding required before Sunderland embark on their Premiership adventure

Stoke put damper on promotion celebration

Sunderland 0
Stoke City 0

By ROB HUGHES
FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT

A FEELING of completeness now settles on the North East where, for the first time in 20 years, the Tyne, the Tees and the Wear are flowing in harmony. Sunderland are assured of promotion to the FA Carling Premiership, where they will join Newcastle United and Middlesbrough, and need one more point to go up as champions.

But there was a mist off the North Sea that clouded out yesterday's sunshine. There is pain ahead, Peter Reid, as manager, knows that he will have to be cruel in pruning out players and finding the money — £10 million has apparently been promised — to build a side

Bury given roasting 30
Resists and tables 30
Woking's hopes fade 31

capable of doing what was beyond Bolton Wanderers this season — bridging that awesome gap between the Endisleigh Insurance League and the Premiership.

In a way, it was a muted celebration yesterday, for a young manager now has to look some of his players in the eye and say "Thanks, and goodbye".

And yet, the crowd had not come for a quiet afternoon. For half an hour before the kick-off their latest favourite anthem *Cheer up Peter Reid*, rang out, sung with fervour enough to shake the old iron stands around them.

This is the other side of the North-East equation. Newcastle United has a rebuilt stand fit for the next millennium. Middlesbrough has a brand new stadium, while Sunderland, living in antiquity at Roker Park, are due to move out not next

season, but for the season after that.

The mood of high expectation was dissipated by a cheerless first half in which imagination was at a premium, and neither goalkeeper had much to do. You could hardly blame Stoke City, coming to a ground where nine of the previous ten visitors had failed to score, and few had not wilted under pressure.

Stoke, just four points away from confirming a place in the play-offs, were determined to be tight in defence and not allow Sunderland to settle.

Apart from a moment of excitement, when Richard Ord, one of Sunderland's more positive defenders, volleyed over the bar from eight yards, after Melville had headed down a free kick from Agnew, we were left with only two breaks.

Sturridge, a little bull of a man offering both pace and penetration for Stoke, turned Melville and scooped the ball into the box, but Sheron's header across the face of goal went wide. Then, just before half-time, Michael Gray, from 25 yards, instinctively tested Prudhoe, but the goalkeeper who has come full circle — he has had 11 career moves since being rejected by Sunderland as an apprentice — reacted athletically to parry the ball with a dive to his right.

Both managers, Reid and Lou Macari, are known for their powers of motivation and clearly they used the interval to demand a higher tempo. Only seven minutes into the second period, Potter, using his weaker right foot, suddenly let fly from 25 yards, and Chamberlain just managed to fingertip the ball onto his crossbar.

Moments later, Sturridge burst through on the left and unselfishly rolled the ball to Devil who, from ten yards, was woefully wide.

Sunderland have been rebuilt, as were Newcastle United before them, around the pedigree offered by Paul Bracewell. Close to 34 now, he



Champagne time in the Sunderland dressing-room as the manager, Peter Reid, and his players celebrate the club's return to the top flight

remains tenacious and still able, in his position anchoring the midfield, to find more time and space than those around him. This man embodies Sunderland. He will not give up, just as he refused to give up his career when it was threatened by operation after operation on his ankle. If he was never again the England player he was before the broken

bone and tendon injury, he has been a marvellous servant in the North East.

Sunderland also gave us two glimpses of their tomorrow by putting on as substitutes Michael Bridges, 17, a centre forward, and then the swift winger, Sam Alston, 19. It was like throwing a fizzy pill into a sterile drink.

Almost immediately,

Bridges, discovered by Sunderland by Jack Hixon, the scout who found Alan Shearer, got behind Sigurdsson, only to be repelled by Prudhoe. Bridges then wriggled free of the defenders for a second time and should really have scored. But, betrayed by excitement, he shot against a post with only the goalkeeper to beat. Sadly, he was later

taken off on a stretcher with an ankle injury.

The goalless draw lengthened Sunderland's unbeaten run to 17 games, beating a record that goes back to the 1920s, when this stadium was perhaps in its pomp, and when Sunderland were automatically thought of as one of the powers in the land. If those days are to return, the club

needs not only the new stadium — to be built on the site of a disused colliery — but also a dramatically reshaped team.

SUNDERLAND (4-4-2): A Chamberlain — D Kubacki, A Mawle, R Ord, M Scott — S Agnew (sub: S. A. Taylor, 71 min), P Brindley, R. Ball, M Gray — L. Howie, C. Russell (sub: M. Bridges, 61, sub: G. Hall, 88)

STOKE CITY (4-4-2): M. Prudhoe — I. Clifton, L. Sigurdsson, J. Whittle, Sandford — M. Davin, N. Gieghem, R. Wallace, G. Foster (sub: J. Dwyer, 82) — S. Sturridge, M. Sheron

Referee: G. Singh

Leicester aware of credibility gap

Leicester City 2
Huddersfield Town 1

By DAVID MADDOCK

IT HAS become something of a joke, this business of promotion from the Endisleigh Insurance League. You know the sort of thing... sides climbing into the top flight have about the same prospects come Christmas as a Bernard Matthews turkey.

But, to the teams engaged in the sweaty grapple for ascendancy at the summit of the first division, it is no laughing matter. How many clubs in the first division can realistically hope to survive, let alone thrive, in the rarefied atmosphere of the FA Carling

Premiership? One? Possibly. The financial gulf between the two divisions has become so wide that clubs are seriously questioning whether it is worth the risk of going up at all, if the outcome is almost certain relegation, and the despair that brings. Better a big fish with limited horizons than shark fodder.

Both teams in a contest of reasonable quality supported that assertion. They both have players who could make the transition to a higher level. Emile Heskey, the Leicester City forward, in particular displaying a rare combination of athleticism and skill. But even £10 million spent wisely in the summer sales would not increase significantly their prospects of staying up.

It is a problem that has not escaped the attention of Martin George, the Leicester chairman, and a member of the Endisleigh League management committee. He describes it as a "credibility gap", and argues, passionately, that the Premiership must work urgently with their lower division colleagues to ensure that the relegation issue does not end up as pure farce.

"The Premiership has to realise that they will be just as badly affected if there is effectively no promotion and relegation from their league, just a constant yo-yo, which is what is already developing. Their competition will lack credibility," he said.

With this victory, Leicester revived their chances of a tilt

at the Premiership windmills, via the play-offs. Heskey created both goals, the first a delightful cross after 40 minutes to allow Walsh to volley into the right corner. Seven minutes into the second half, a strong run and inspirational pass allowed Clardie to side-foot into an open goal.

In between, Bullock, of Huddersfield Town, scored with a delicious strike from distance. For both sides, a day out at Wembley may just be the limit of their ambitions this season.

LEICESTER CITY (4-4-2): K. Poole — S. Grayson, J. White, S. Walsh, M. Whitlow — M. Izuel, J. Brown, S. Taylor, E. Heskey — S. Clardie, M. Robins (sub: G. Parker, 80 min)

HUDDERSFIELD TOWN (4-4-2): S. Francis — S. Jenkins, P. Scully, K. Gray, J. Cowie — R. Edwards, M. Ward (sub: S. Collins, 75), D. Bullock, L. Makiel (sub: S. Balcroft, 64) — A. Booth, R. Jepson (sub: R. Rowe, 75)

Referee: C. Wilkes

Loyal retainers at heart of Rangers' long reign

KEVIN MCCARRA



Scottish commentary

Celtic beat Falkirk 4-0 on Saturday, but will still have sensed dejection approaching. At Fir Park, Motherwell and now need a single victory to take the Bell's Scottish League premier division title for an eighth consecutive season. For their supporters, little anxiety remains.

Instead they can study their diaries and wonder whether the euphoria will come after Aberdeen's visit to Ibrox on Sunday or on the trip to Kilmarnock for the last league match of the season. It now seems virtually certain that Celtic will be left to ponder a set of triumphant statistics that have failed to bring them a trophy.

Tommy Burns's side has lost just one league game, a record matched only by Porto in the whole of Europe. Given those circumstances, Celtic hardly deserve to be scolded, but their vulnerability has lain in frittering away points in goalless draws. Such a result, at Motherwell last month, may come to be regarded as the fatal wound for the team.

At that same ground on Saturday, Rangers demonstrated their superior capacity to impose themselves, taking the lead in the fifth minute through Stuart McCall's low drive. The visitors bristled with a sense of purpose, eventually overwhelming the stolid Motherwell defence with the repeated runs from midfield of Paul Gascoigne.

Gordon Durie, Brian Laudrup, David Robertson and McCall.

The appetite for trophies continues to be remarkable. Teams go into decline once they have been sated by success and managers will commonly sign players in an attempt to graft on fresh ambition. While Rangers' transfer dealings have been numerous, though, the engrossing tumult of arrivals and departures at Ibrox disguises a different trait.

Rangers are less inclined to tamper with their team than is supposed. Six of the side which defeated Motherwell, for example, have been at the club for five years or more. Of that group, John Brown and Richard Gough, the captain, were signed even before the first of the present sequence of championships was won, in 1989.

The flourishes of Laudrup and Gascoigne, who is now only one booking away from a suspension that would rule him out of the Tennent's Scottish Cup final, have been

important to Rangers, but the understated service of familiar faces has mattered as much. There are strengths about the club which are almost hidden.

Celtic's progress has taken them much closer to Rangers, but overtaking their rivals will still be a difficult manoeuvre. Assuming that the title is now bound for Ibrox, it may be that one will not know until next season what worth this season has had for Burns's players. One wonders how Celtic will react to the experience of finding their great efforts wholly unrewarded.

Burns appreciates that he cannot complacently send out the same team next season in the hope that all the recent improvement has given them an irresistible momentum. Instead, there will continue to be changes as he tries to give his side more ways of winning its matches. Jorge Cadete, signed at the end of March, is still not fit enough to start games after the four-month dispute with Sporting Lisbon that kept him out of football, but it is already evident that he will bring searing pace to the attack.

Appearing for the last 15 minutes against Falkirk, he delicately lobbed the goalkeeper to score himself and then created a goal for Simon Donnelly. The forward's feats, however, are really only a trailer for next season. The advances of the past few months have given Celtic supporters a sense of anticipation, even if it is Rangers who will surely collect the prize.

Oldham's outlook brightens thanks to orange aid

Alyson Rudd sees

Graeme Sharp's

side display strong

survival instincts

THIS match was mind-boggling. Oldham Athletic's strip was a bizarre colour, they had to endure a torrent of Millwall pressure and barely took the ball out of their own half.

Defeat would have condemned them, mentally if not mathematically, to relegation from the Endisleigh Insurance League first division. Instead, after a 1-0 victory at the New Den, Oldham's optimism is now as bright as their startling orange shirts.

It looked as if it would be another bad day for Umbro, with the Oldham players confused by the orange jackets worn by the stewards and the match photographers. But the stewards quickly donned green waistcoats and the photographers turned their jackets inside out.

Not content with that, Oldham gave the opposition every chance to take the lead, with Malkin celebrating in the 38th minute after the only fluid move of the game had given him time to beat Hallworth. His joy was short-lived; his shot ricocheted off the upright and Rae headed the loose ball wide.

In the second half, Oldham tightened their defence, though their football did not improve. But, as Graeme Sharp, their manager, said: "In this position, you have to scrap for everything you get."

They took the lead through a penalty. Witter, clearly astonished to find a Bellisha beacon in the area, brought down Richardson, who converted his sixth spot-kick of the season. Sharp's comment that his team were playing for their careers suddenly hit home. Rae and Malkin were dismissed for brawling and Oldham's clearances were as desperate as Millwall's shots.

Having spent 11 weeks at the top of the division, Millwall are now left only with games against Stoke City and Ipswich Town and are prime candidates for relegation. This may surprise statisticians but not Jimmy Nicholl, the Millwall manager. For if one interprets Nicholl correctly, Millwall's reign was accidental. His players have no idea how to achieve anything.

"I am not going to destroy them as such," Nicholl said, and then proceeded to do just that. "You can't get rid of 30 pros in a clean sweep," he mused, clearly wishing that he could. The focus for his dismay was Millwall's indiscipline, which led to his first-choice back four being suspended on Saturday. He will now lose Rae for the game at Portman Road.

"I don't care if I go down as the biggest failure in the history of Millwall Football Club," Nicholl said. "I am going to sort out this discipline problem, once and for all."

Had Millwall possessed a half-decent striker, such zeal might have been kept under wraps. As it is, do not expect to see Nicholl celebrating should Millwall keep their first-division status. "And we are going to have a big party at the end of the season because we have just managed to avoid relegation," he asked. "Don't believe it."

MILLWALL (4-4-2): K. Koller — M. Doyle (sub: L. Neal, 85 min), J. Connor, A. White, A. Rogers (sub: U. Fuchs, 82) — R. Newman (sub: R. Cadette, 70), A. Roe, R. Bower, M. Wier — S. Yusan, C. Malkin.

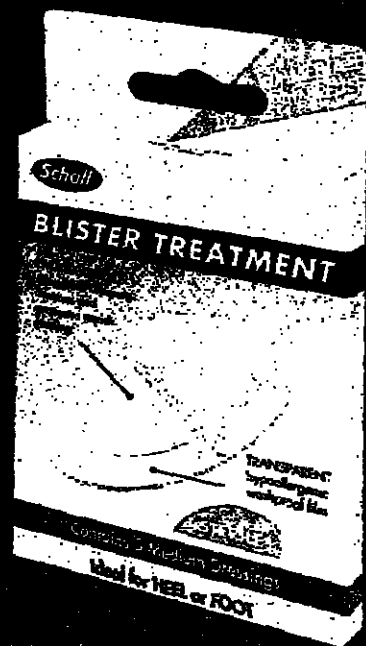
OLDHAM ATHLETIC (5-5-2): J. Hallworth — C. Fleming, I. Brock (sub: A. Hughes, 81), S. Redmond — C. Malkin, R. Graham, L. Richardson, P. Peters, C. Smart — S. McCarthy (sub: S. Barlow, 72), G. Cresswell

Referee: G. Pooley

26 MILES

Scholl

PUTS YOU BACK ON YOUR FEET.



Lloyd's delight fails to mask divide in English cricket as Botham 'sideshow' continues

Chapple acquits himself well in England trial

By MICHAEL HENDERSON

CHELMSFORD (second day of four): The Rest, with six second-innings wickets in hand, are 66 runs behind England A.

"SPRING is here; why doesn't my heart go dancing?" The flowers are out, the nights have expanded to accommodate summer pursuits, and in the parks of London yesterday all thoughts turned towards... football; even — would you believe it? — the abominable American version. Budding cricketers were rarer than rubies.

It is hard being a professional cricketer in the first month of the season. Few people pay a blind bit of notice to what you get up to, and the fixture list is designed to befuddle those who do. Yet these are important days for the players, as they try to find form and rhythm, to keep their names before the people who matter. The India touring team arrives next week, and there are still some England Test places to settle.

It is even harder when there is so much doubt and division within the game. Raymond Illingworth released his pent-up anger on Saturday with a few well-chosen words aimed at M.J.K. Smith, who, he feels, has conducted an underhand campaign against his office. Illingworth, the chairman of England's selectors, also disallowed Ian Botham's hopes of being involved with the Test team after digesting his widely and frequently aired comments, most recently last Friday after he failed to become a Test selector.

England A are playing The Rest in what amounts to a Test trial, and the only cricketer who is making back-page news is a man who retired three years ago. Not content with turning himself into Billy Dainty to pass the winter nights, Botham clearly imagines he is now a lower-class Jay Gatsby. "You can't recreate the past? Of course you can't!"

Botham, Illingworth had spelled out in a way that brooked little argument, will not be assisting the England team this summer, or "working with" "helping out" or "interfering" in any way. Illingworth has insisted that David Lloyd coaches the players without any unnecessary distractions and nobody can quibble with that. The Botham sideshow would have become a tacky carousel, however honest his intentions.

Lloyd, casting an early eye over some of the country's best young players, is full of the joys of spring. The new selection panel convened over the weekend (all except Michael Atherton, who will soon be

bowler who swings the ball at a pace above medium, has enjoyed this match as much as anybody. He has some ground to make up, after a frustrating time last season, but he is only 22 and there is talent there for Lloyd and Peter Lever, the England bowling coach, to mould.

"He had a demanding A tour to India two winters ago," Lloyd said, "and suffered from a few niggles last year when he began to lose his action a little bit. But he has done some weight work this winter and he is now back on course." After taking five good wickets here there is already a red star against his name.

Tim Munton has done his immediate prospects no harm, either. He took four wickets on Saturday as England A dismissed The Rest for 123, and added a fifth yesterday when he beat Crawley's defence. In between he made his maiden half-century in any form of cricket to extend his team's lead on first innings to 194.

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Moxon, who turns 36 next week, was a most peculiar choice for this match and he hardly justified it, poor chap, by making a pair. Last year, Alan Wells was selected for this fixture as a possible alternative to Atherton. Moxon, who has always been a degree short of Test class, has been promoted this spring on the same "look behind you" principle. Next year, if Illingworth is still chairman, Cyril Washbrook might get an invitation.

It has not been a good weekend for the batsmen and one fears for Ramprakash, who laboured through 25 overs yesterday for 17 scratchy runs before Salisbury had him caught behind pushing forward.

Of course, everybody wants him to come through, but with each game at representative level he retreats further and further from his goal. As Thorpe found the boundary at will with strokes of class, Ramprakash became ever more elusive. This match may not reveal who will play for England this season, but it may help to determine those who do not.

Yesterday, Cork and Rollins, of Derbyshire, scored centuries, but, after the impact already made against Glamorgan by Ed Smith, from Tonbridge School, it was the turn of another freshman from Kent to take the honours as Cambridge made their way to an unlikely first-innings lead by mid-afternoon. Will House, 19, a product of Sevenoaks School and a left-

handed strokeplayer of rare maturity, scored 136 of their 324 for seven. He made 117 of them before lunch, treating, among others, Devon Malcolm and Dominic Cork with scant respect, hitting in all 20 fours and two sixes.

With Russell Cakes, of Cambridge captain, House added 193 for the sixth wicket from 39 overs on a glorious sunlit day. It was a joy even for an Oxford man to watch. Cakes's essential soundness was again in evidence. Cambridge had been in trouble

when Cakes came in on Saturday evening. When he declared, Cambridge were 42 runs ahead and Cakes, a century against his name, had steered their innings for nearly 3½ hours.

If all this reminded old stagers of the halcyon days of Duggart, Dewes, May, Dexter, Majid and Brearley, to name but a few, it was in large measure due to the excellent batting surface provided by the re-laid Fenner's pitch, for which John Moden, the head groundsman, deserves much credit. As Cork and Rollins stroked the ball around and Derbyshire moved into the lead, it was plain that a hard season lies ahead for the Cambridge bowlers.

Cork bowled tidily, with no sign of injury. Malcolm, below full pace, was less certain of length and direction. Cakes, on 58, was missed at backward short leg from a desperately difficult chance off Cork's bowling. Malcolm missed House from an easier chance at point when the freshman had made 56.

Vandrou was the unlucky bowler. He it was who bore the brunt of House's onslaught, throughout 24 overs of respectable off spin. But House, who, like Smith, is under summer contract to Kent, simply could not be contained. His fifty came from 53 balls, his century from 96. A tour de force it was, so far matched by nobody, certainly not by Cork, who strode off athletically, "retired hurt", immediately after he reached his hundred.

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It was the only innings over 50 in the match, as Lancashire passed Yorkshire's 152 for nine with 3.4 overs to spare. Michael Bevan (29) was the top scorer for Yorkshire.

Salisbury: useful runs

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If all this reminded old stagers of the halcyon days of Duggart, Dewes, May, Dexter, Majid and Brearley, to name but a few, it was in large measure due to the excellent batting surface provided by the re-laid Fenner's pitch, for which John Moden, the head groundsman, deserves much credit. As Cork and Rollins stroked the ball around and Derbyshire moved into the lead, it was plain that a hard season lies ahead for the Cambridge bowlers.

Cork bowled tidily, with no sign of injury. Malcolm, below full pace, was less certain of length and direction. Cakes, on 58, was missed at backward short leg from a desperately difficult chance off Cork's bowling. Malcolm missed House from an easier chance at point when the freshman had made 56.

Vandrou was the unlucky bowler. He it was who bore the brunt of House's onslaught, throughout 24 overs of respectable off spin. But House, who, like Smith, is under summer contract to Kent, simply could not be contained. His fifty came from 53 balls, his century from 96. A tour de force it was, so far matched by nobody, certainly not by Cork, who strode off athletically, "retired hurt", immediately after he reached his hundred.

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The England Under-19 all-rounder, prevented from bowling by a mystery back injury, showed why Lancashire are happy to play him just as a batsman with a 64-ball half-century.

It was the only innings over 50 in the match, as Lancashire passed Yorkshire's 152 for nine with 3.4 overs to spare. Michael Bevan (29) was the top scorer for Yorkshire.

Salisbury: useful runs

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bowler who swings the ball at a pace above medium, has enjoyed this match as much as anybody. He has some ground to make up, after a frustrating time last season, but he is only 22 and there is talent there for Lloyd and Peter Lever, the England bowling coach, to mould.

"He had a demanding A tour to India two winters ago," Lloyd said, "and suffered from a few niggles last year when he began to lose his action a little bit. But he has done some weight work this winter and he is now back on course." After taking five good wickets here there is already a red star against his name.

Tim Munton has done his immediate prospects no harm, either. He took four wickets on Saturday as England A dismissed The Rest for 123, and added a fifth yesterday when he beat Crawley's defence. In between he made his maiden half-century in any form of cricket to extend his team's lead on first innings to 194.

Nasser Hussain, Jason Pooley, Ronnie Irani, Robert Rollins and Ian Salisbury all went past 30 for England A as the pitch eased, and they may not even have to bat again today to win, so poorly have The Rest played. Thorpe's batting last night served as a commentary on their moderate efforts.

Moxon, who turns 36 next week, was a most peculiar choice for this match and he hardly justified it, poor chap, by making a pair. Last year, Alan Wells was selected for this fixture as a possible alternative to Atherton. Moxon, who has always been a degree short of Test class, has been promoted this spring on the same "look behind you" principle. Next year, if Illingworth is still chairman, Cyril Washbrook might get an invitation.

It has not been a good weekend for the batsmen and one fears for Ramprakash, who laboured through 25 overs yesterday for 17 scratchy runs before Salisbury had him caught behind pushing forward.

Of course, everybody wants him to come through, but with each game at representative level he retreats further and further from his goal. As Thorpe found the boundary at will with strokes of class, Ramprakash became ever more elusive. This match may not reveal who will play for England this season, but it may help to determine those who do not.

Yesterday, Cork and Rollins, of Derbyshire, scored centuries, but, after the impact already made against Glamorgan by Ed Smith, from Tonbridge School, it was the turn of another freshman from Kent to take the honours as Cambridge made their way to an unlikely first-innings lead by mid-afternoon. Will House, 19, a product of Sevenoaks School and a left-

handed strokeplayer of rare maturity, scored 136 of their 324 for seven. He made 117 of them before lunch, treating, among others, Devon Malcolm and Dominic Cork with scant respect, hitting in all 20 fours and two sixes.

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FLORA LONDON MARATHON


Here, exclusive to *The Times*, are the first finishers in the 1996 Flora London Marathon, including the 1,015 who broke the three-hour mark. The results are provided by computers to the race. The names will be published this week.

MEN'S RACE

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 D Ceron 2:10:00 | 26 S Stevenson 2:22:44 |
| 2 V Rousseau 2:10:26 | 27 K Hegvold 2:23:07 |
| 3 P Evans 2:10 | 28 E Goierrez 2:23:16 |
| 4 J Kabaja 2:10:43 | 29 G Bishop 2:23:59 |
| 5 Serrano 2:10:55 | 30 G McElroy 2:24:11 |
| 6 D Castro 2:11:12 | 31 A Duffy 2:24:14 |
| 7 E Heilebuyck 2:11:53 | 32 D Mansbruder 2:24:36 |
| 8 Maysa 2:12:43 | 33 G Mutisiya 2:24:52 |
| 9 G Staines 2:12:54 | 34 A Barden 2:25:33 |
| 10 T Bekele 2:14:37 | 35 P Froud 2:25:39 |
| 11 G Silva 2:14:49 | 36 O Machelm 2:26:53 |
| 12 J Torrez Penilla 2:16:57 | 37 M Flint 2:27:11 |
| 13 J Duarte 2:16:59 | 38 P Pheasants 2:27:40 |
| 14 J Castillo 2:17:21 | 39 D Hill 2:28:01 |
| 16 P Ballantyne 2:18:59 | 40 E Laurie 2:28:16 |
| 16 M Hilden 2:18 | 41 E McMahon 2:29:13 |
| 17 R Archakov 2:19:04 | 42 S Sales 2:29:26 |
| 18 M Hudsphit 2:19:25 | 43 A Shepherd 2:29:47 |
| 19 T Moghali 2:19:35 | 44 V Zhadanov 2:29:56 |
| 20 H Nakatomi 2:20:27 | 45 G Eagle 2:30:11 |
| 21 T Constantin 2:20:48 | 46 R James 2:30:17 |
| 23 J Claeys 2:21:47 | 47 I Arogoneses 2:30:49 |
| 23 R Mulligan 2:21:52 | 48 G Dell 2:30:58 |
| 24 J Apalanza 2:22:04 | 49 V Dorn 2:31:10 |
| 25 F Foster 2:22:13 | 50 M Cursons 2:31:19 |

- 26 S Stevenson 2:22:44
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37 M Flinr 2:27:11
38 P Pleasants 2:27:40
39 D Hill 2:28:02
40 A Larice 2:28:16
41 M McMahon 2:29:13
42 R Sales 2:29:26
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48 G Dell 2:30:58
49 V Dorn 2:31:10
50 M Cursors 2:31:19

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temperatures of 20C made it extremely hot work for the Flora London Marathon field. Photograph: Marc Aspland

- L McCoolgan 2:27:54
J Chepchumba 2:30:09
M Sobanska 2:30:17
A Kanana 2:30:25
A Haakenstad 2:31:07
A Ivanova 2:32:09
R Kokowaska 2:32:46
F Sultanova 2:32:50
J Salumae 2:33:18
Y Mazowka 2:33:58
S Akkas 2:34:00
J Moyal 2:35:33
H Kimaiyo 2:36:12
S Eastall 2:38:59
C Henderson 2:39:46
L Osturk 2:43:23
C Smith 2:43:49
T Swindell 2:44:49
Z Marchant 2:45:42
D S Brannney 2:46:19
D Percival 2:48:49
N Tasdemir 2:50:28
M Braverman 2:51:06
J Picton 2:51:26
J Newton 2:51:59
M Vanzulli 2:53:01
L Hollick 2:54:16
C Hunter-Rowe 2:54:53
L Jones 2:55:01
C Dowling 2:55:26
K Dohr 2:55:37
M Blake 2:55:57
J Lodge 2:56:57
E Robinson 2:57:07
Z Lowe 2:57:08
N Hanstgen 2:57:49
J Edwards 2:58:51
N Swithenbank 2:59:05
A Hansen 2:59:33
K Charnock 2:59:56
M Ellis 3:00:27
A Allen 3:00:28
A Jeeves 3:00:50
J Duane 3:01:24
S Morley 3:01:25
C Hipkin 3:01:31
A Osborne 3:01:38
L Lee 3:02:53
M Bradley 3:03:21
B Christensen 3:03:37

- 334: P White 3:04:55; M Eddy
335: P White 3:04:57; B Caton
336: C Canny 3:04:58; E
337: M Eddy 3:04:58; B Caton
338: P White 3:04:59; B Caton
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400: P White 3:04:59; B Caton

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- L 307:50; G Woodruff
D sleeth 3:05:1; A
R 307:52; J Van Den Berge
3:08:1; Mckimling 3:07:54;
G Kenington 3:07:55; p
3:07:57; P Price 3:07:57; N
3:08:04; W Wood 3:08:01;
J Adams
D Miles 3:08:02; J McNeill
N Phillips 3:08:03; C
J Crump 3:08:04; S
B 3:08:04; R 3:08:05; N
3:08:05; G Jensen 3:08:05;
G 3:08:05; H Morgan
W Woodfield 3:08:05;
3:08:05; G Shaw 3:08:05;
D Jones 3:08:05; C Jones
3:08:06; P Johnson
D Macneil 3:08:08; G
ger 3:08:08; A Dennison
S Northern 3:08:11; C
R 3:08:11; A McKie 3:08:13;
C Murphy 3:08:14;
K 3:08:14; B Marjoram
3:08:16; R Marjoram
J Neves 3:08:16; M
- L 308:1 N French 3:11:19; J Topf
3:11:19; S Kriel 3:11:19; Z Krü
3:11:19; K Hartmann 3:11:20;
Donoghue 3:11:21; R Parre
3:11:21; G Pritchard 3:11:21;
Shay 3:11:22; A Macaulay 3:11:22;
C Chapman 3:11:23; S Moore
3:11:23; C Hazotte 3:11:24;
M Gray 3:11:24; H Diemer 3:11:24;
3:11:28; M Rathborn
3:11:30; A 3:11:30; M Rathborn
Turner 3:11:32; R 3:11:30;
Cleary 3:11:32; D Lloyd 3:11:31;
3:11:32; M Breslin 3:11:31;
Sheldon 3:11:32; M 3:11:32;
3:11:33; T Seardi 3:11:34;
3:11:34; K Takahashi 3:11:34; S Wa
Moran 3:11:34; C Scott 3:11:35;
3:11:37; M Sovell 3:11:37;
3:11:37; M Cronin 3:11:37;
Taylor 3:11:39; D Musyck 3:11:39;
K 3:11:40; R Herman 3:11:40;
3:11:40; R Herman 3:11:40;
Chellero 3:11:43; P Poller 3:11:42;
3:11:43; R Toone 3:11:43;

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- (The following information was obtained from the above sources.)*

- [illegible]

- Association of
TOWN
CENTRE
MANAGEMENT

- assistance with particular
 aspects of the events.
 We are grateful for
 Ford Motor Land,
 American Airlines,
 Coventry University,
 Local Government News,
 London First, London
 Pride Partnership.
 We intend to recover the
 support for each shared
 responsibility of
 BTC, Business in the
 Community,
 The Prince of Wales
 Business Leaders Forum,
 The Inter-City Network,
 Urban Villages Forum.

- Department of the
Environment;
Scottish Enterprise;
Marks and Spencer;
Somerville;
Boots The Chemists;
Thomas Sainer Doherty;
KPMG; Donaldson;
M&C; Land Securities;
Prudential Portfolio
Manager;
Nuffield Building Society;
NatWest Group.

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CENTENNIAL OLYMPIC GAMES

Atlanta 1996

WE DO WE DO



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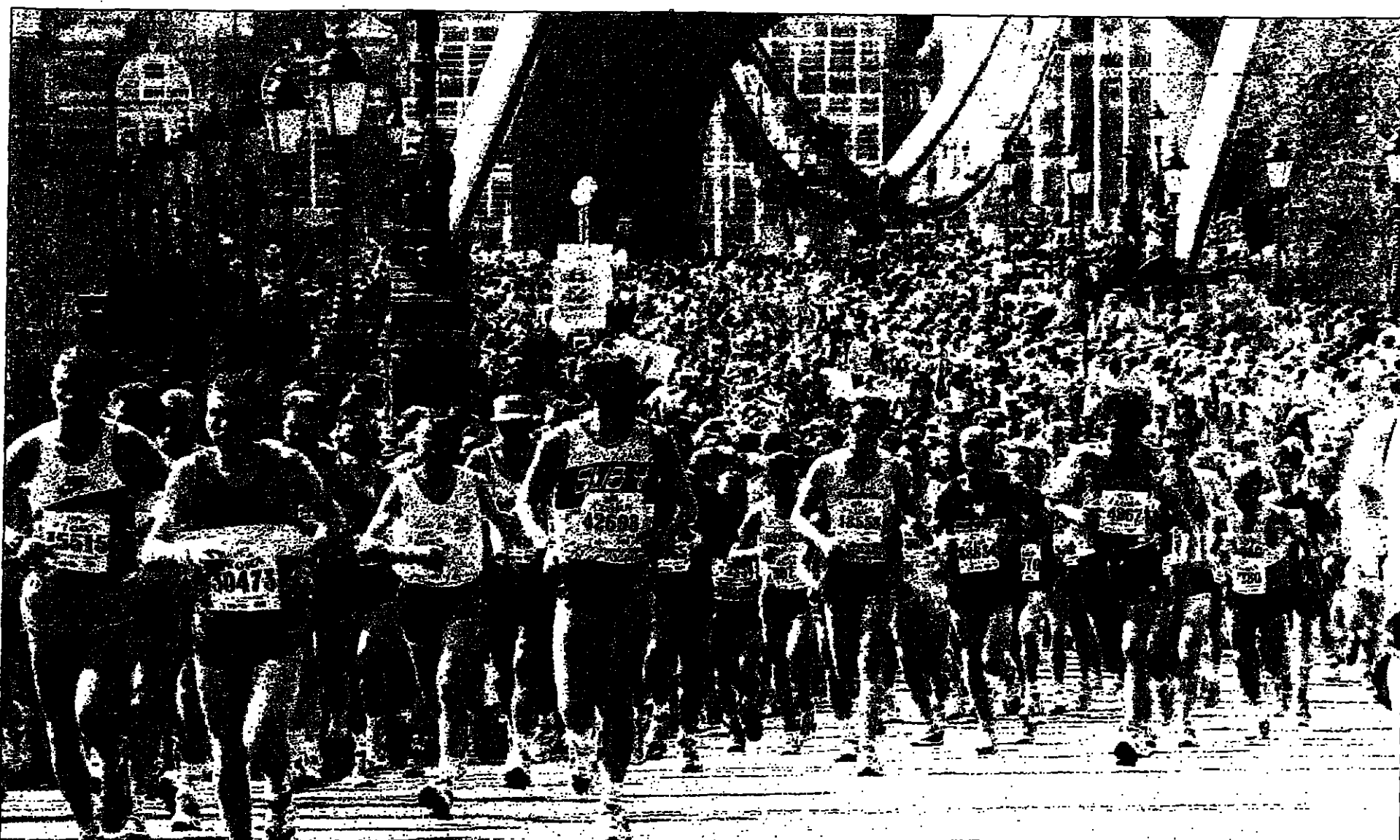
OFFICIAL TIMEKEEPER
AND PARTNER OF THE
1996 OLYMPIC GAMES

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Tower Bridge groans under the weight of hundreds of runners in the Flora London Marathon yesterday, part of a record field for the event. Photograph: André Camara

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Holding posts another landmark

By Alex Ramsey

DAVE HOLDING is making a habit of rewriting the record books at the London wheelchair marathon. Yesterday, he became the first man to win the title three times, setting a personal best time of 1hr 43min 48sec. His previous victories came in 1989, when he was the youngest winner at the age of 21, and 1994.

Tanni Grey also completed a London hat-trick, setting a women's course record of 2hr 00min 10sec and finishing nearly ten minutes ahead of last year's winner, Rose Hill. Grey is the second woman to win three times.

All the competitors were hampered by a gusting head wind. The conditions left Holding having to rely on his sprint finish to take the title. From the start he had been leading a breakaway group of four, with Bogdan Krol, of Poland, Jack McKenna and Ivan Newman trailing his every move. Newman's challenge faded at the halfway stage, but the other two stuck

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C Madden; 1:51:57; 7, R Powell;
1:54:32; 8, P Gell [Sweden];
1:55:40; 9, I Thompson; 1:56:14;
10, J Vink [Netherlands]; 1:59:40;
11, D Young; 2:00:12; 12, E van der
Peest [Netherlands]; 2:00:19; 13,
M Kendrick; 2:01:
14, S Moller; 2:06:39; 15,
L Lea; 2:14:30; 17, K Doran; 2:20:37;
18, N Noryc [Poland]; 2:21:33; 19,
P Versterlund [Sweden]; 2:22:02;
20, R Wilmspe; 2:22:08; 21, B
Norrmann; 2:24:18; 22, G Stewart;
2:27:44; 23, A
24, M Addin; 2:28:55;
25, M Duke; 2:36:01; 26,
D Brittain; 2:36:01; 27, P Boughton;

to him like glue until the cobbled section of road after 22 miles. That put paid to McKenna and left Holding trying to pull away from Krol.

"I tried to make a move on The Embankment about a mile from the finish, but Bogdan stayed with me," Holding said. "Luckily there are two right turns coming into Buckingham Palace and The Mall and I finally found some tail wind and broke him there."

Picking up speed all the way

2:35-39: 28, M Armstrong. 2:37-10:
29, C Norman (Sweden). 2:37-42:
30, Downing. 2:38: 9, 31,
Cassell. 2:39: 3, 12, 32, 33, 34, 35,
(Sweden). 2:52-43: 33, G Perry.
2:53-49: 34, M Marten. 2:54-28:
35, S Barill Gellert (Sweden).
2:55-24: 36, C Lineham (New
Zealand). 2:56-50: 37, J Ford
(Ireland). 3:50-07: 38, J Hayward
(Ireland). 3:51-07: 39, 40, 41,
3:59-36: 40, J Willford (Sweden).
4:59-09:

WOMEN'S WHEELCHAIR RACE
(British unless stated): 1, Tannehill
Grey. 2:00-11: 2, R Hogg (Holland).
3, S. Sophie Detmann
(Germany). 2:12-46: 4, F. Flossa
Neale. 2:23-07: 5, Karen Kadz
2:31-24,

to the finish line, Holding finished a good 60 metres and 14sec ahead of Krol. Before the race, McKenna and Newman knew that their only hope was to pull away from Holding in the early stages and give him no chance to catch them on the line. When that failed, they knew they would struggle.

What was more of a surprise was the performance of Krol. He had gone to Boston for the marathon last week only to find his entry form had

been lost. In desperation he tried to get a late entry into London and was then told he was cleared to race in both events. Last week he finished sixteenth in Boston and only arrived in London on Friday.

The entry for the women's race was, as usual, limited. With Boston offering \$8,000 (around £5,300) to the winner, the top pushers head for the United States and leave London to the romantics.


Grey, however, was using this year's marathon as a guide to her training form for the Atlanta Paralympics and the course record and personal best time proved the winter work was paying off.

"I can't really get excited about winning because it's such a small field," she said, "but I spent a fortune to go to South Africa in the winter and now I know it was worth it. It also proves that her new £1,800 racing chair is running in smoothly. 'At least it goes in a straight line,' she said. 'My last one wouldn't, especially when I tried to mend it with a lump hammer.'"

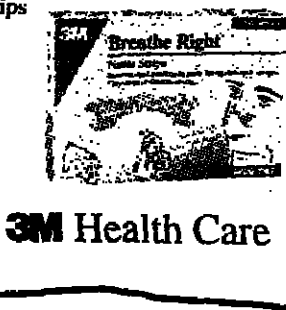
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Holding crosses the line for his third victory in London



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Bracken rises above malaise to lift Bristol

FOR INQUIRIES OR TELEPHONE ORDERS DIAL: 01843 602717

Inspired by bowmen at Agincourt, Christian Dymond gets his eye in at archery

The aim of the game



An experienced archer loosing arrows from 70 metres, the maximum distance for women. The priority for beginners is to hit the target as quickly and as often as possible



Whether it's beginner's luck or the inspiration that day of watching Henry V on television leading the troops at Agincourt 171 never know, but the first arrow I ever loose hits the target smack in the middle.

"Bull's eye!" I shout. "Gold," corrects Mike Stanley, who is coach to the juniors in the Northern Counties Archery Society. Learning a new sport is like learning a new lan-

guage. By the end of the day nocking points, lower limbs, piles and centre servings are as familiar to me as to Robin Hood and William Tell.

The English archers at Agincourt in 1415 triumphed over the French with longbows. I am using what is called a recurve or an Olympic-style bow whose shape would have been familiar to the Mongols, Tartars and Persians. Standard length is 66-70in.

"As far as I'm concerned, the number one priority is to get beginners to hit the target as quickly as possible and as often as possible," Stanley says. With an arm guard on my left arm, I approach the shooting line. The guard is there to protect against bruising from the string.

After my first arrow I was on target for a maximum score but subsequent arrows failed to live up to expectations. I did grasp the importance of

grouping them which indicates consistency of shooting.

For obvious reasons safety is of prime importance in archery. Never draw the string back on the bow or shoot from any position except the shooting line, and when you've shot your arrows withdraw from the line and wait for a signal to collect them. If a dangerous situation develops, call "fast" and this stops all shooting immediately. Alcohol is banned from competitions.

executive of the GNAS, says. "You can take it up at any time and put as much or as little as you like into it."

The sport itself is split into target and field archery. Distances between shooting line and target vary from 10-90 metres depending on ability, whether you're inside or outside and whether you're a senior or junior.

The Federation Internationale de Tir à l'Arc is the world governing body and organises major competitions and tournaments. "Anybody who thinks archery is a sport for softies should consider that in a Fita men's round you're walking three miles and carrying the equivalent of more than two tons on your shoulders," Stanley says. The load he's referring to is the 30-50lb draw weight you experience every time you pull back the string.

Field archery is the cross-country version of the sport, where competitors progress around a number of targets in a similar way to a golf tournament. Most archers use recurve bows, which generally come in three sections, the bottom or lower limb, top limb and the centre section known as the riser — all secured by bolts. A top recurve bow can cost £1,000.

Some archers shoot with a compound bow, known as a wheeler, which is smaller. With one pulley at the top and one at the bottom of the bow, the draw weight is considerably less. The Longbow Society perpetuates the use of the recreational longbow for target shooting and clout shooting where targets are on the ground some distance away.

One of the most famous archery families in the country is the Williamsons from Shropshire. Alison Williamson, 24, took up the sport at seven and will be the sole British archery lady at the Atlanta Olympics. At the Barcelona Olympics she finished seventh. She won a scholarship to read social work at Arizona State University because of her archery. Her best all-time score is 1,326 points out of a possible 1,440. World record for outdoor target archery for women is 1,377, parents have been shooting the bow for 30 years. She is administrator of the British junior training squad, he is the British junior team manager.

"There's no real secret to being a good archer. It's just a matter of how much you put into it," says Mrs Williamson, whose best figures are 1,173 out of 1,440.

● **Grand National Archery Society**, 7th Street, National Agricultural Centre, Stoneleigh, Warwickshire CV8 2LG (01203 696311, British Longbow Society, 29 Bailey Court, Oldland, Bristol BS15 5YZ (0117 9323276).

● **Cost of equipment:** recurve bow £50-£70, compound bow £150-£200, box of 8 arrows £25, arm guard £5-£7, quiver £10.

SHEEHAN on BRIDGE

By ROBERT SHEEHAN, BRIDGE CORRESPONDENT
On this hand the defence get a ruff in a slightly unusual way.

Dealer South	Love all	Rubber bridge
♠ K65 ♥ 843 ♦ K4 ♣ KQJ53	♠ Q2 ♥ 7 ♦ AKJ9553 ♣ A42	
♠ J9873 ♥ A652 ♦ 107 ♣ 98	♠ 104 ♥ KQJ109 ♦ 982 ♣ 1076	
S Pass 2H Pass 3H Pass	W Pass Pass Pass	N 1C Pass(1) 3H All pass

Contract: Three Hearts by South. Lead: ten of diamonds

(1) As South was a passed hand, North can see there is unlikely to be a game. West led the ten of diamonds against South's contract of Three Hearts. East won with the jack and cashed the ace. His choices seemed to be between switching to a spade and continuing with diamonds. The problem with switching to a spade was that even if his partner had, say, J10xxx in the suit, along with a heart honour, a trick could be set up but, assuming declarer played trumps as soon as he got in, West would not have an entry to cash it.

So East continued with a third diamond at trick three, hoping to promote a trump trick for his partner. In good, helpful style, he chose his lowest card in the suit, suggesting to his partner that he had a preference for clubs over spades. Declarer discarded a

spade and the spotlight was now on West. He realised that his partner's three of diamonds could only be suggesting that he held the ace of clubs — he surely couldn't be void for that would leave declarer with a six-card suit. West therefore discarded the nine of clubs on this trick. When declarer played a trump, West won, played a club to his partner's ace and received a club ruff for one down.

For details of The Times Midland Private Banking National Bridge challenge, contact the event organisers on 0181-942 9506 or write to: Britannic Building, Beverley Way, New Malden, Surrey, KT3 4PH or fax to: 0181-942 9569

Robert Sheehan writes on bridge Monday to Friday in Sport and in the Weekend section on Saturday.

WORD-WATCHING

By Philip Howard

ATTIC BIRD

- The nightingale
- The house sparrow
- Arianza Stassinopoulos

RIBSTON PIPPIN

- A steam engine
- A Yorkshire terrier
- An apple

GALLIGASKINS

- Leather barrels of Madeira
- Irish brigands
- Breeches

RAGNAROK

- A mythical northern rock
- The Viking parliament
- The end of the world

Answers on page 43

KEENE on CHESS

By RAYMOND KEENE, CHESS CORRESPONDENT

New ratings

According to Fide, the World Chess Federation, Garry Kasparov has regained his place at the head of the international rating list. The leading ten ratings are as follows: Kasparov 2781, Karpov 2770, Kramnik 2761, Ivanchuk 2744, Kamsky 2736, Anand 2725, Topalov 2718, Short 2684, Shirov 2683 and Sokolov 2675. The highest female slot is for Judith Polgar (also on 2675) and thus joint tenth overall.

Apart from Nigel Short the top British ratings are as follows: Michael Adams 2667, Jonathan Speelman 2618, John Nunn 2605, Tony Miles 2604, Matthew Sadler 2596 and Julian Hodgson 2593.

It is an indication of British strength and depth that seven of the top 70 players are from the UK and that the reigning British champion himself, Matthew Sadler, is preceded on the list by five other British grandmasters. Peter Leko, aged 16 the world's youngest grandmaster, is at slot 31 with a rating of 2627.

Brilliant win

Over the Easter Break Grandmaster Keith Arkell won the following fine counter-attacking game against the former British champion Julian Hodgson.

White: Julian Hodgson

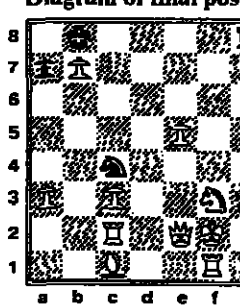
Black: Keith Arkell

Surrey Easter, April 1996

French Defence

1 d4	e6
2 e4	d5
3 e5	c5
4 c3	Nc6
5 Nf3	Ob6
6 a3	c4
7 Nbd2	Na5
8 N4	Bd7
9 h5	0-0-0
10 g5	f5
11 e6	gdf
12 Bh3	Bd6
13 d-0	e5
14 Bxd7+	Rxd7
15 Rb1	e4
16 Nh4	Ne7
17 b3	Cc7
18 bxc4	Bg3
19 fxd3	Rg8
20 Ng2	Nec6
21 Oe2	Rd7
22 cxd5	Qf7
23 Nf3	Qf7
24 dxc6	Cxh5
25 cxd7+	Kf8
26 Rb2	Qh3
27 e4	Rg4
28 e5	tos
29 dxe5	Nc4
30 Rf2	Rh4
31 Ngxh4	Bf2+
32 Kxh2	Og3

Diagram of final position



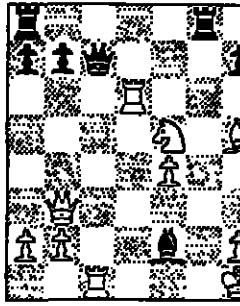
Raymond Keene writes on chess Monday to Friday in Sport and in the Weekend section on Saturday.

WINNING MOVE

By Raymond Keene

White to move. This week I continue my homage to the great attacking world champion Alexander Alekhine. This position is from the game Alekhine - Verinsky, Odessa 1918. Although Alekhine is a piece ahead here, his opponent has set him some tricky problems. If he plays 1 Rxc7 Rf1 is mate, while both his rooks are threatened and the knight on e5 is also exposed (e.g. after 1 Rxd1). How can White tidy up his scattered forces?

Solution on page 43



TUNE IN AND CHOOSE BRITAIN'S GREATEST SPORTS STAR

Tonight, Channel 4's *The Greatest* gives you another chance in the series to vote for the Greatest British sporting hero of them all. And your vote will count in more ways than one because it could win you a pair of tickets to the European football championship or even the top prize of a trip to the Olympic Games in Atlanta with Daley Thompson.

The main aim of the 12-part series is to bring some degree of scientific method to the comparisons so that a motor racing driver can be judged against a cricketer, a jockey against a footballer. You probably won't be able to put aside your prejudices completely — we all have our heroes, and our favourite sports — but *The Greatest* will open your mind to achievements and personalities you may not otherwise have considered worthy of greatness.

The cases for Jackie Stewart, Linford Christie, Bobby Moore, Torvill and Dean, Mary Rand, Ian Botham, Barry John, Nick Faldo, Steve Ovett and Bobby Charlton of the 20 shortlisted have been stated. Each week two contenders are examined and their relative merits discussed by the panel of Frances Edmonds, author and broadcaster, Danny Kelly, editor of *Total Sport* and a guest celebrity (tonight it is John Flannery). Chaired the debate is Gordon Kennedy. The final show will give the results and declare *The Greatest*. *The Greatest* is screened on Channel 4 on Mondays at 8.30pm and repeated on Saturdays at 10pm. The sporting stars under examination tonight are Lester Piggott and Steven Redgrave. Three writers give their appreciations to help your judgements.

TONIGHT'S CONTENDERS



LESTER PIGGOTT

Sportmen excel by their ability, dedication, temperament or longevity but a fusion of these qualities defines the model competitor. Outrageously blessed at birth, Lester Piggott defied his natural weight to impose a dominance in horse racing spanning five decades. He was that rare phenomenon: a child prodigy whose brilliance never waned. He was never a serene talent. Freshness characterised a youth that had little respect for his elders or the authorities. He rode on instinct and was ruthless to his core. Trainers would visit him in public only to re-employ him within weeks. It was one thing to desert him, another to have him riding against you. Piggott garnered a record nine Derbys by trusting his intuition. Confronted by a large choice of rides, he invariably made the right decision. Payers treasured Piggott's judgment, betting blindly on his mounts. He could cajole or bully, force the pace or come from behind. He was preoccupied only with getting the most from the horse under him. An aura of mystery surrounded Piggott, which endorsed the public's perception of racing in general. He represented the human face of a largely unattractive sport, and popularised it like none before. However, his arrogance with the Inland Revenue cost him a jail term and the withdrawal of his OBE. Now retired, he does not serve racing in an ambassadorial capacity. He remains an enigma.



STEVEN REDGRAVE

If the Olympic Games is the zenith of sporting excellence, no Briton has a better claim to be "The Greatest" than Steven Redgrave. He has already won rowing gold medals at three successive Games, a record no countryman can match. In Atlanta this summer, he is expected to join the elite band of competitors Al Oerter, the American discus thrower, Paul Elvstrom, the Danish yachtsman, and Aladar Gerevich, the Hungarian fencer, who have won gold medals at four Games. Over the last 12 years, Redgrave has dominated a sport that may not be as internationally popular in Britain but is still highly developed internationally and he has achieved these feats with a variety of partners in both fairs and fairs. A natural athlete, he would have excelled at many sports. However, because he was brought up in Marlow, by the Thames, rowing was a natural sport for someone of the size with long arms, body and legs. Redgrave has also been able to rise to the occasion, being able to cope with being the favourite in most of his competitions. If the pressure has been less intense externally than in more highly-publicised sports, Redgrave has always put extra pressure on himself. He expected to win and has shown a distinct sporting intelligence in ensuring that he has learnt from partners and advisers. Redgrave has done this with so little flamboyance that he has remained a person whose impact on the consciousness of the public has been less intense than it might have been.

WHAT YOU HAVE TO DO

You will be asked to score each sports personality in each of five categories. Each category carries a maximum of 20 points, so the total scores you give are out of a maximum of 100. The categories are:

- Achievement — for honours won and overall record
- Dominance — for quality of opposition, longevity and domination of peers
- Style — for performance, technique, sportsmanship and image
- Fortitude — for coping with pressure, will to win, self control and sporting intelligence
- Impact — charisma and transcendence

THE PRIZES

Each week, Channel 4 and *The Times* will each be giving away a pair of tickets to the European football championship, courtesy of Carlsberg, the official beer of Euro 96, to the person who manages to match the average scores for both of that week's profiled sports personalities. In the event of a tie, a draw will take place. Ten runners up will each win a signed copy of Daley Thompson's book accompanying the series *The Greatest* (Bodley, £14.99). At the end of the series, all the weekly winners will have the chance to win the greatest prize of all — a trip to the Olympics with Daley Thompson.

HOW TO REGISTER YOUR VOTE

By telephone: You can call *The Greatest* phoneline on 0891 66 55 44

Lines are open from 9pm until midnight tomorrow and from 10am on Saturday, when the show is repeated, until midnight on Sunday. Calls cost 39p cheap rate, 49p at other times.

By post: complete *The Times* entry form and send it to *The Greatest* Week 7, PO Box 1413, London N1 8HY to arrive by noon on Friday.

	Achievement	Dominance	Style	Fortitude	Impact	TOTAL
LESTER PIGGOTT	pts	pts	pts	pts	pts	pts
STEVEN REDGRAVE	pts	pts	pts	pts	pts	pts

Name _____

Address _____

Daytime telephone _____

Proof of posting is not proof of receipt. Usual Times competition rules apply.

☐ Tick if you prefer not to receive further information from Channel 4 or The Times

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Introducing a three-page report, John Grigsby looks at plans to stem the exodus from city centres

Battle to save the heart and soul of the city

The first world congress of city centre and downtown management which starts in Coventry today is an ambitious review of the problems affecting so many cities in the developed world.

More than 320 delegates, including city and business leaders from Israel, Belgium, Portugal, Egypt, Hungary, Senegal, Japan, Trinidad, Saudi Arabia, Canada and New Zealand, are attending. Michel Sudarskis, the Secretary-General of the International Urban Development Association, based in The Hague, hopes the congress will persuade governments and businesses to place emphasis on the town and city centres.

The flight of people and businesses from the city centre and ways to prevent it will be its theme, and the congress will open with a keynote speech by John Gummer, the Environment Secretary.



Coventry: host of the world conference

It is organised by the Association of Town Centre Management, the International Downtown Association and the International Urban Development Association, which will examine the problems shared by cities and towns from Philadelphia to Johannesburg and from Malmö in Sweden to British market towns such as Gravesend and Ayr.

Until recently, many European governments placed the emphasis on the periphery of their towns and cities. M

part of the city, is in decline or is being deserted.

"There are a lot of common issues. What is different is the way in which countries address the problem. In the UK it started with national policy, regeneration grants and all the city challenge grants which have been put in place by the Department of the Environment. The solution, so far, has been some sort of a city-centre manager on top of the local administration, with the power to co-ordinate the

'The living and kicking part of the city is now in decline or is being deserted'

input from different partners and different sectors.

"In the rest of the European Union, the emphasis is not so much on management as on a series of integrated measures by different players. They could be the town council, the private sector or individual initiative. In France and Italy town councils and chambers of commerce — which are stronger than in the UK — believe that by bringing back the proper mix of activities in terms of retailing, they will attract people back to the city centre."

Richard Bradley, the president of the International Downtown Association, does not believe that European

although some argue that it issued its relevant planning policy guidance after the damage had been done. However, the lesson from other parts of the world is that government, central or local, can do only so much.

Boots The Chemist, Marks & Spencer and Sainsbury pioneered the idea of business involvement in town centre management in Britain; the Prudential and the National Westminster Bank are among a comparatively small number of large firms to follow their example. But, as this report suggests, if town centres are to survive, businesses of all sizes, particularly small businesses, must commit support and money.

centres are heading the same way as the derelict city centres of America. "But we face common threats and we are finding a strong arsenal to deal with them. We are realising that when we contemplate a 21st-century economy, the arts, tourism, entertainment and sports are emerging as powerful forces for regeneration, both to attract and keep people in the city."

For example, Kalamazoo, Michigan, has created about 2,000 jobs — an increase of more than 30 per cent — by regenerating its own centre. One successful scheme has turned a defunct department store into a children's museum. Disney has moved into Times Square, New York, and turned an area that was once home to drug addicts and derelicts into an entertainment complex.

The recent Monet exhibition is estimated to have brought \$250 million worth of business to downtown Chicago, says Mr Bradley. Not every town in the developed world can afford even a single Monet, let alone a Disneyland, or one of the North American sports stadiums that are being built near the centre of towns without special parking — contrary to the pattern in the UK — to encourage people into the centre at night.

However, Mr Bradley says: "We do live in places where we have a sense of history and of the continuity of life, and this is concentrated in the centre."

Mr Gummer will argue that the British Government has acted to revitalise the centre by curbing the development of out-of-town shopping —

although some argue that it issued its relevant planning policy guidance after the damage had been done. However, the lesson from other parts of the world is that government, central or local, can do only so much.

Richard Bradley, the president of the International Downtown Association, does not believe that European



Harrow's £40 million St George's shopping and leisure centre that opens tomorrow: it features a cinema and family entertainment complex

Success story just up your high street

How managed shopping centres are fighting falling takings and competition from out-of-town stores

Management schemes for town centres have enabled stores to ride out both the recession and the impact of out-of-town shopping, according to a survey commissioned by Boots the Chemist, one of the pioneer companies in town centre management.

Boots and Marks & Spencer store managers reported that trading conditions would have been much worse in more than two thirds of the managed towns if a scheme had not been in place.

The 22 high street retailers who took part in the survey found that sales in eight of the 14 managed centres performed "moderately" or "significantly" better than those in neighbouring towns with no management scheme, according to the report *What's Happening in Our Town Centres?* by John Lockwood, a planner.

Stores in towns with an effective management scheme achieved 71 per cent higher takings than those in the other "control" towns. However, many schemes are hampered by a shortage of money and a low level of support from local businesses. Mr Lockwood says. Only three of the 17 towns in the survey that had town centre management schemes in place for at least two years had signed up half the local businesses. Many schemes have fewer than 20 per cent of local traders supporting them.

Chris Hollins, the town centre support manager for Boots, says: "This survey

shows that stores and shops are likely to do better where businesses and the local council have got together to promote the town centre.

"We also believe that both the local councils and the businesses and their chambers of commerce could do more to promote town centre management. Many of the smaller businesses apparently do not see why they should contribute to a town centre management scheme when the firm next door is not paying its share. This leads us to the conclusion that there should be some form of centrally funded solution: possibly the movement towards business improvement districts with a levy towards improving the centre."

The survey is the most comprehensive of its kind ever carried out. Among those providing information were national chains such as Boots,

Burton, Marks & Spencer, Sainsbury's, WH Smith, Woolworths, Dixons, Dolcis, Millets, Miss Selfridge, Olympus, Superdrug and Tandy. Data from 323 stores in 46 towns was provided.

The centres that performed best gave priority to, or found no significant problems with, access and parking. However, a third of store managers reported that takings are being damaged by access problems, parking charges and controls.

Problems experienced by towns in the South East and to the north and west of London, where the percentage of stores not keeping pace with inflation ranged from 73 to 96 per cent, and where there is also the heaviest concentration of out-of-town and edge-of-town development, suggests, says Mr Lockwood, that the impact

of out-of-town competition has been "underestimated". Towns in Scotland, where out-of-town developments are less common, did much better than stores elsewhere in the UK. Two-thirds of Scottish stores recorded takings above the level of inflation and a third achieved takings 10 per cent or more above inflation.

This may also reflect the higher disposable income in Scotland because of the low incidence of owner occupation.

Falkirk, where about 70 new businesses have been created bringing in about £42 million worth of private sector investment over the past three years, is one of the most successful managed towns. Coventry, in the East Midlands and the scene of today's conference, is another such city.

The Midlands has three Wolverhampton, Derby and

Nottingham. Other successful managed towns in the sample are Halifax, Horsham and Gravesend.

Other towns surveyed were Scotland: Dunfermline, Motherwell, Ayr (managed), Greenock and Irvine. Midlands: Walsall and Stone-on-Trent, Yorkshire/Lancashire: Bradford, Huddersfield, Rochdale (managed), Wigan, Burnley, South Wales/Severn Estuary: Bath, Gloucester, Cheltenham, Cardiff (managed), Swansea and Bristol. East Midlands: Northampton and Leicester. South Coast: Eastbourne (managed), Brighton and Folkestone. North & West of London: Reading (managed), Slough, Maidenhead, Hemel Hempstead (managed), St Albans and Luton. Southern: East Grinstead and Sevenoaks. M2 corridor: Gillingham, Chatham and Maidstone (managed).

What's Happening in our Town Centres? Urban Management Initiatives is available from The Poplars, Armitage Bridge, Huddersfield HD4 7PB, price £50.

Working today for the towns and cities of tomorrow...

Boots The Chemists has been on our high streets for nearly 120 years. With over 1,200 stores throughout the country, it has more high street presence than any other retailer. As a central part of the community, we like to make available our resources and experience to all those who seek to create and maintain our thriving town centres.

That's why Boots has always been closely involved in Town Centre Management, which strives to create attractive, convenient and enjoyable surroundings in which to do business.

- Since 1992, we've sponsored The Civic Trust's 'Centre Vision', a national programme for the revitalisation of town and city centres, which has been expanded to support more towns than ever in the coming year.
- 'Futuretown', an innovative educational programme stressing the importance of town centres to children, has now been substantially revised and re-launched in 150 towns and cities throughout the UK.
- We also sponsor many of the 154 Town Centre Managers in the UK. As a founder member of the Association of Town Centre Management, Boots is pleased to be closely involved with the rapid progress enjoyed over the last year.
- In conjunction with Oxford Brookes University, Boots has published a paper on the requirements for Town Centre Managers, now recognised as the 'industry standard' to be used during recruitment and training processes.
- We contribute to ongoing research into future trends and management mechanisms, in association with the Department of the Environment.
- Our newly expanded Town Centre Planning team not only offer advice to many county, metropolitan and borough authorities, but also provide a comprehensive service to our store managers working in local partnerships.

As we move towards the 21st century, it becomes increasingly important for companies and organisations who have a stake in our town centres to help improve the quality of this environment. Boots The Chemists will continue to invest time, resource and money to increase the vitality of our urban communities, thereby helping to secure a better town life — for ourselves, our children and generations to come.

For further information please contact: Shaun Boney, Head of Town Centre Planning, Boots The Chemists, Telephone: 0115 959 2585.



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For assistance with particular aspects of the event, we are grateful to:

Ford Motor Land;
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Local Government News;
London First; London Pride Partnership.

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BITC, Business in the Community;
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The Inter-City Network;
Urban Villages Forum.

The ATCM enjoys the ongoing support of our key champions:

Department of the Environment;
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Marks and Spencer;
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Coventry, England, 21st - 24th April 1996

ATCM The Association of Town Centre Management in conjunction with INTA-AIVN International Urban Development Association and IDA International Downtown Association

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We also wish to acknowledge the support of our members and other delegates in attending the First World Congress. We are grateful to a wide range of speakers and session chairpersons for contributing to the event.

further information

For further information about the ATCM, contact: Michael Taplin, The Association of Town Centre Management, Premier House, 10 Greycoat Place, London SW1P 1SB. Telephone: 0171 222 8866. Facsimile: 0171 222 4440.

Shape of things to come

Retail development is the key to regenerating town centres. Some edge-of-town and out-of-town schemes have left the centres in danger of dereliction, but recovery through improved town-centre management has begun, supported by retail chains such as Sainsbury's, Marks & Spencer and Boots.

A nationwide survey, commissioned by Boots, shows that out-of-town and suburban development has sucked more trade from town centres in the South East than in any other region. Encouragingly, sales figures show high-street takings are healthier where town-centre management has operated. But most businesses remain uncommitted: many

David Rudnick looks at what top retailers are doing to attract shoppers back to town centres

schemes attract less than 20 per cent support. More funding is certainly needed. Boots, the founder-sponsor of the Association of Town Centre Management, is helping local authorities to finance the refurbishment of more than 70 centres. It is also sponsoring Centre Vision, a town-centre renewal programme run by the Civic Trust charity. This year's Boots-Civic Trust award for outstanding urban improvement has recently been given to Saltire in West Yorkshire.

A dozen town centres have been tackled by Centre Vision, including a £175 million regeneration plan for Brixton, south London. At Eccles in Lancashire, a private/public-sector partnership between the Civic Trust, Land Securities, Salford council, the Government and local business — including retailers — has revived a town centre threatened by the prospect of the Trafford Centre opening near by. Retailers can apply for local authority grants to upgrade their premises.

The trust is also involved in revitalising Gillingham in Kent where, in response to customer pressure, short-stay car parking is being permitted in some former pedestrian-only areas. Other schemes are afoot in Huddersfield, Blackburn, Doncaster, Walsall and Falmouth.

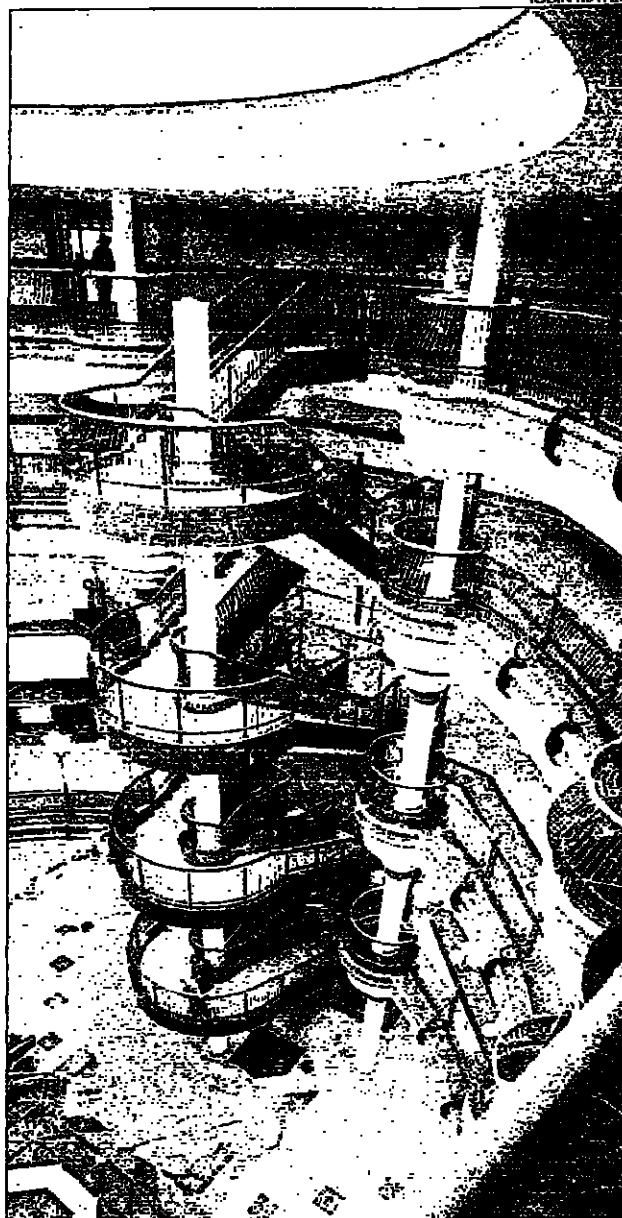
Boots Properties has invested £40 million in the St George's shopping and leisure centre which opens in Harrow tomorrow. Boots and Woolworths will be the biggest retailers in the centre, which will feature a family entertainment complex, described as the first of its kind in the UK. A nine-screen multiplex cinema will be a further attraction.

Ian Coker, the manager of Harrow town centre, expects the new centre to attract many more shoppers. "A number of people who live in Harrow don't shop here as regularly as we would like," he says. "St George's offers an ideal opportunity to attract people, not just for shopping but also for the leisure facilities."

Boots has formed a triple alliance with Sainsbury's and Marks & Spencer to build support for town-centre regeneration. Sainsbury's is the more recent recruit, but already it participates in more than 100 town-centre management projects throughout the UK, says Huw Williams, town planning manager of Sainsbury's. "Some are pump-priming schemes matched by public-sector input," he adds. "But finance is not the only factor involved. As retailers, our key contribution lies in giving local authorities a commercial perspective, since we understand how our customers view town centre amenities."

Anthony Rifkin, assistant head of the Civic Trust Regeneration Unit, broadens the point. "Local retailers are coming together to market and promote not only their stores but their town centre. They are not just leaving it to the local authority. Private sector can speak to private sector: they all appreciate the bottom line."

Marks & Spencer co-founded the Association of Town Centre Management (TCM) with Boots five years ago, when it began a "going to town" initiative to pursue TCM projects with local authorities and other retail partners. M&S commits £1 million



Classical style: inside the new Harrow shopping centre

annually to promote TCM, and it has seconded store managers to act as town centre managers in Bristol, Newcastle upon Tyne, Oxford and Liverpool.

Roger Aldridge, M&S's store development director, says: "The company remains firmly committed not only to maintaining but to developing its town-centre business."

He cites the example of Newcastle, where M&S is engaged in "the biggest city centre investment in its history, doubling the size of its local store, relocating a central street and building a new hub station for the city."

M&S collaborates with Boots and Sainsbury's in the Futuretown project, a pilot educational scheme to encourage schoolchildren to understand the issues facing their

town centre. Catching them young is part of the strategy planned by the Town Centre Retail Group, which also includes Sainsbury's and WH Smith. Somerfield (formerly Gateway) is also joining in.

Meanwhile, Tesco is opening Metro stores, described by Mr Rifkin as smaller-scale supermarket branches, to meet the needs of city-centre office workers shopping during their lunchbreak or after office hours. This is a potentially important niche market. He is optimistic that PPG6 and PPG13, the Government planning constraints, will soon be hampering further development of out-of-town sites. "Both stress a renewed focus on town centres for retailing," he explains. "So both are a direct — if belated — filip from the Government."

Attack is best line of defence

How 200 towns and cities are enlisting support to survive

The concept of town centre management has come a long way since the London borough of Redbridge appointed the first manager in 1987 to counter the threat to Ilford from the Lakeside shopping centre at Thurrock. John Grigsby writes.

There are now 150 town centre managers and 200 towns and cities have some form of management. Ilford remains buoyant. Coventry, Gravesend, Wolverhampton, Birmingham, Nottingham and Newcastle are among those which have successfully beaten back the challenge of the recession and new patterns of shopping.

Alan Tallentire, the businessman who is chairman of the Association of Town Centre Management, says: "Many of these schemes have been brought in as a defence mechanism. But the best form of defence is attack and many schemes quickly become proactive."

Town centre landlords are often criticised for looking only at rents rather than the health of the centre. But Graham Rolph, the director for property investment, Prudential Assurance, which owns 20 town centre complexes, is an enthusiastic supporter. "The initiative is often taken when one comes to refurbish a shopping centre," he says. "It's a defensive measure, quite often, and it takes a number of years up to the next rent review before you can actually see the result in financial terms."

The NatWest Group has taken a keen interest in the

future of the town centre. Peter Armstrong, who heads the group's property portfolio, says: "We want to conserve and protect our businesses and our customers' businesses in the high street and we see town centre management as the way to do this."

NatWest has also supported the Government's "homes over the shop" campaign and converted 100 properties in town centres into flats. Some are the traditional bank manager's flat above the branch; others, as in Nottingham, are redundant offices.

Jonathan Baldock, associate with Hillier Parker, the property consultancy, says that the improvements



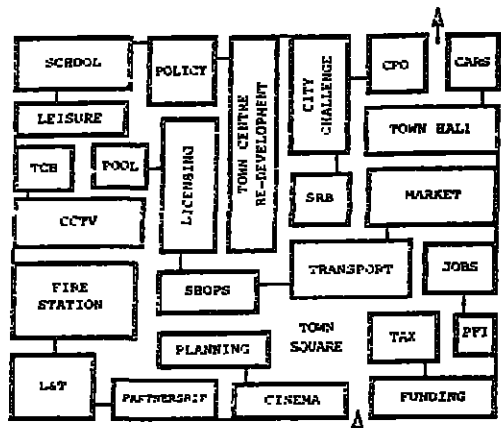
Tallentire sees a way forward

most shoppers want are more and better shops. Councils and others involved in the town centre should change investors' and customers' perceptions of the town by effective marketing. "The aim is to attract more customers simultaneously with investment in new town centre attractions."

But the Association of District Councils claims that present funding methods are inadequate. Mr Tallentire sees a way forward on the council's doorstep in Coventry, where the council has placed the £1.3 million it spends on city centre maintenance and security in a private company to look after the commercial heart. It can thus raise money from the private sector to create a formal partnership in which council nominees have two of the 11 places on the board.

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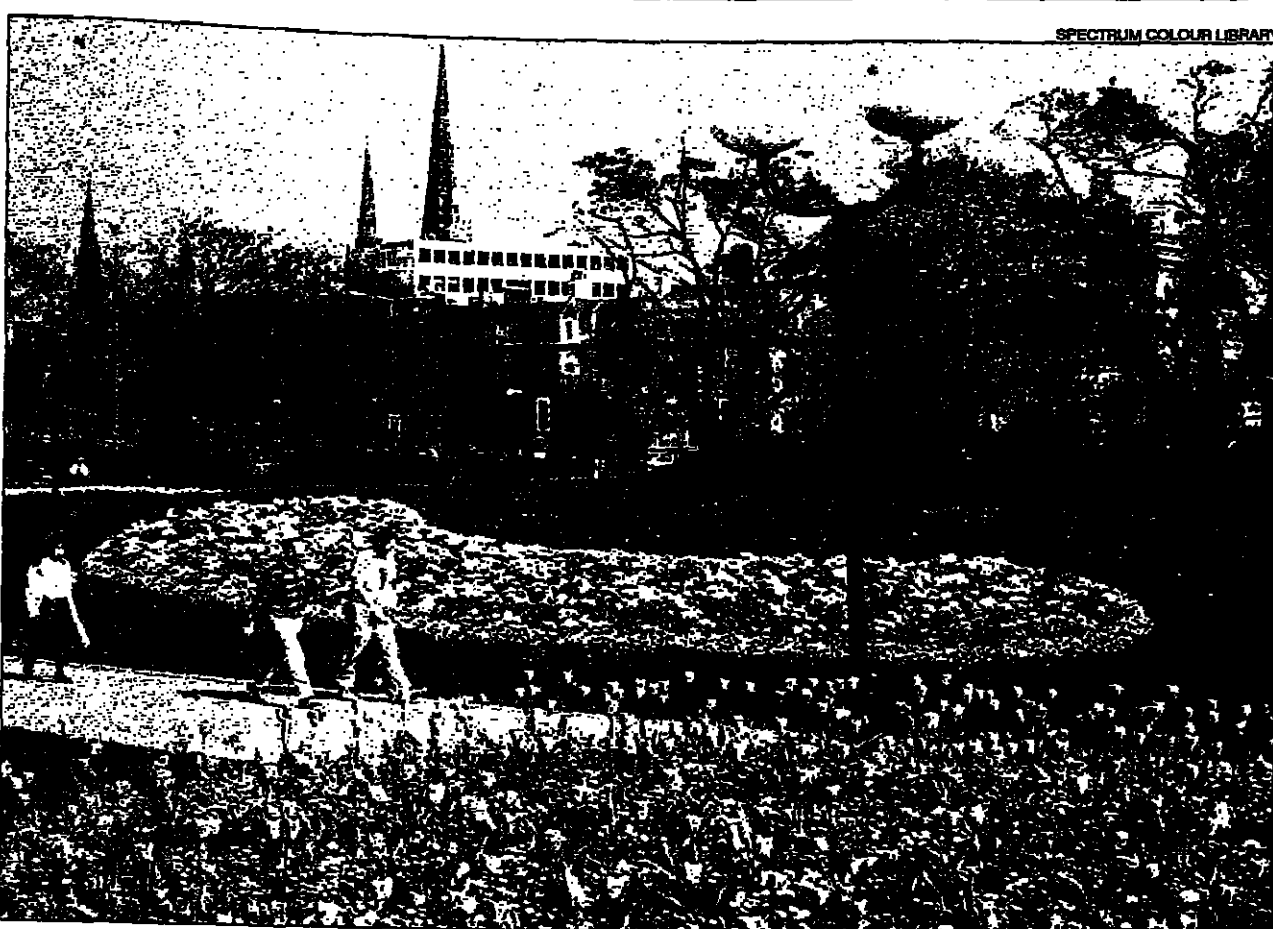
Sainsbury
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Attack is best
line of defence

Nicky Willmore reports on US-style 'downtown management'



Spring flowers on Greyfriars Green, Coventry, where a new town centre company has been formed

The radical rebirth of Coventry city centre after its devastation during the Second World War came to symbolise the hopes and confidence of postwar Britain.

Bolstered by the growth of the car and manufacturing industries, the city developed a new cathedral, inner ring road and one of the country's first pedestrianised shopping precincts. Today, however, many of the jobs have gone and the showpiece town centre has been fighting its own decline.

Coventry council has now come up with another plan for the city centre, which it hopes will restore some of that lost confidence and prove as radical as the first. It has turned to America and the example of "downtown management" for inspiration. Under that type of management, responsibility for the town centre is vested in a joint public/private sector company which has its own revenue-raising powers.

In the American example, uniformed guards patrol the

Coventry declares war on its city decline

streets under contract to the privatised town centre company. They are helped by a network of customer-service representatives with two-way radios. The company buys in services such as extra lighting, security cameras and street-cleaning teams. Even public assets such as council car parks are transferred to the company.

To some, this amounts to the

effective privatisation of security services, including street-cleaning and transport policies. It also suggests the loss of the heart of community to democratic control. How far, then, is an English local authority in a traditional Labour heartland prepared to go?

Coventry has now taken the plunge and formed its own non profit-making town centre company. Company directors

are being appointed, from local retailers — including household names such as Boots and Marks & Spencer — as well as institutional property owners, banks, the leisure industry and the council itself.

The company's remit will be to improve the centre's vitality and commercial viability, fighting off competition from other town centres in the area and from out-of-town developments such as hypermarkets and shopping villages.

"The lesson to be learnt from the American experience is that this sharing of ownership and responsibility for the city centre is a key to success," says Tony Vincent, the head of city centre development at Coventry City Council.

At the core of the new company's tasks will be marketing, to attract new businesses, visitors and finance. With the help of £1 million of funding over three years from a European Commission urban pilot-projects scheme, the company will set up a business advice service for smaller companies to bring variety to the area. It will also take over, and augment, the council's existing budget for cleaning and maintenance.

Coventry is adamant that its proposal does not amount to privatisation or loss of democratic control. Mr Vincent says: "In taking this route, the local authority is very conscious of its role of protecting the city centre on behalf of the citizens of Coventry."

The transfer of assets such as car parks from council control has been ruled out, although the company would be able to influence levels of charging. Contracts for street work such as cleaning and lighting would have to comply with minimum standards laid down by the local authority.

Most important, the council and the partnership company will have to devise a series of performance measurements to assess progress. These are likely to include pedestrian counts, data on car-park and public-transport use, business data from retailers, crime statistics, the number of vacant premises and rental values of commercial properties.

A question mark still hangs over the financial stability of the company. British companies have made clear their opposition to the American approach of requiring direct local contributions by means of an extra tax associated with rateable values. The money needed can be huge; Philadelphia, for example, has an annual budget of \$6.4 million (about £4.25 million).

Coventry hopes to win business over on the basis of the company's performance over the first three EU-funded years. It also believes that the existence of the partnership company will operate as a magnet for drawing private finance and give the edge to its bids for regeneration funding.

Mr Vincent says: "Town centre management is increasingly being seen as a business. You can't run a business on the basis that your resources come from begging." It is not only other councils that are watching Coventry's progress. John Gummer, the Environment Secretary, has already lent much support to the relatively new discipline of town centre management.

Mr Gummer's department is part-funding a research project on the potential of the American model for the British suburban town. It is not inconceivable that some of the legislative barriers to raising extra revenue from local companies could be removed before Coventry has to resort to the begging bowl.

Being the centre of attraction

High streets are improving their facilities to fight out-of-town rivals, says David Rudnick

If people are not to vote with their wheels and desert town centres, a shopping trip to town must be every bit as safe and convenient as one to a suburban or out-of-town centre. To lure shoppers and retailers back to the high street, town centre managers are devising a mix of strategies ranging from improved urban landscaping and leisure activities to better pedestrianisation.

Inevitably, priorities vary greatly from town to town. But easing traffic congestion and improving shoppers' access seem to be common themes. York and Oxford, for example, operate comprehensive park-and-ride schemes which have appreciably reduced the pollution and congestion clogging their historic centres.

Manchester is pioneering a street-level light railway as a solution. Unfortunately, this environmentally friendly form of public transport is costly to develop and, although 60 other towns are said to have commissioned feasibility studies, few are likely to come to fruition.

For visitors opting to drive into town centres, clear signposting is essential, especially to car parks. Forcing motorists to cruise endlessly in search of spaces will ensure that their first visit is also their last. More parking space is needed. Hillier Parker estimates that on average there are only 3.6 parking spaces per 1,000 sq ft in town centres, compared with 7.4 in out-of-town centres.

Once he or she has parked, however, the motorist becomes a pedestrian, with interests that conflict with the car. Pedestrianisation — banning traffic either partially or totally from the centre — is one increasingly favoured solution. Peter Fieldhouse, Reading's town centre manager, says: "Pedestrian zones are often welcomed locally both by traders and the public as they offer a pleasing contrast to the conventional urban high street landscape." From a practical standpoint, pedestrian safety is enhanced, and so is convenience to disabled people and pram-pushers, who are freed from awkward kerbs and crossings.

Pedestrianisation can be visually stunning; look at prize-winning Horsham in West Sussex. But there are drawbacks; pedestrianisation can make commercial deliveries difficult. And many shoppers and retailers feel more secure with traffic about, especially after dark. Mr Fieldhouse points to evidence, particularly from America, that "too much pedestrianisation can

cause dead zones that become no-go areas in the evening".

Tony Vincent, Coventry's city centre manager, accepts that fear of crime gives many town centres an image problem. Coventry has tackled it vigorously. A ban on alcohol consumption in central public areas, though initially controversial, has cracked the problem of drink-related disorder. Improved lighting (especially in pedestrian subways), closed-circuit television and a radio link between stores and the centre's management office have dramatically reduced vandalism and other forms of crime.

Tasteful appearance also counts in marketing an urban centre. John Lockwood, director of the Calverdale Inheritance Project in West Yorkshire, says that modern, purpose-designed shopping malls are establishing new environmental standards that traditional city centres ignore at their peril. He adds: "The bright aluminium and plastic of the 1960s and 1970s have given way to a new ambience which exudes elegance and threatens to redirect custom permanently away from town centres."

Mr Lockwood believes the main argument for upgrading a town centre's appearance is economic rather than environmental. Cleaning and refurbishing fine historic civic buildings (as in Halifax) is a worthwhile investment that will repay itself handsomely in attracting investors and customers, enhancing retail turnover and profits. "Civic pride runs deep," Mr Lockwood says. "Transform an ugly or rundown centre into one that people can be proud of, and you mine a rich vein of public interest."

The process is well under way, but traditional town centres remain an endangered species in the view of Paul Davies, who heads the Civic Trust Regeneration Unit, an economic development consultancy. "There is more at stake here than shopping," he says. "Markets, banks, cinemas, clubs, pubs and restaurants all feed off each other to provide a healthy, balanced town centre."

The intrinsic social and cultural attractions of town centres, professionally managed, can see off competition from out-of-town shopping complexes. But an effective town centre management team needs a whole range of qualifications including commercial insight, understanding of the needs of retailing, a grasp of traffic management and streetwise experience.



Roger Williams, Oxfordshire County Council's transport planner, shows the way with an electric bus and bicycle

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Sainsbury's Horsham store, winner in 1995 of the DOE / Civic Trust Centre Vision Award

Having been part of the traditional British high street for 126 years, Sainsbury's is embracing the opportunities, which town centre management presents, to improve local trading environments and build upon the links it has made in communities nationwide.

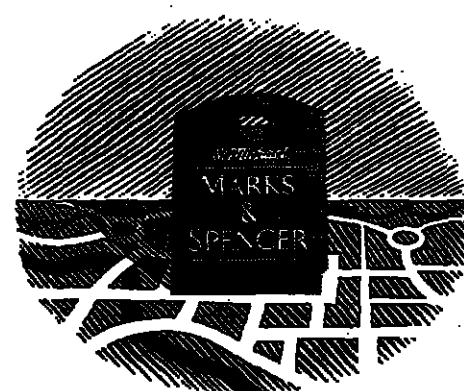
Sainsbury's believes that town centres are as important today as they have always been and in view of this the company has committed £400,000 to some 110 town centre management projects.

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Law Report April 22 1996 Queen's Bench Division

Misfeasance in public office

Three Rivers District Council and Others v Bank of England

Before Mr Justice Clarke

[Judgment April 1]

A plaintiff had a sufficient interest to maintain an action of misfeasance in public office at common law where it was established (i) that the defendant was a public officer who intended to injure him and knew he had no power to do what he did and that the plaintiff would probably suffer loss and (ii) that the plaintiff had suffered loss as a result of the wrongful act.

Mr Justice Clarke so stated on a preliminary issue in the Commercial Court of the Queen's Bench Division.

The plaintiffs, Three Rivers District Council and others, were certain named depositors in Bank of Credit and Commerce International SA (in liquidation). BCCI was named as plaintiff as the assignee of the claims of the plaintiff depositors against the Bank of England.

Three questions arose: (i) was the defendant capable of being liable to the plaintiffs for the tort of misfeasance in public office; (ii) were the plaintiffs' alleged losses capable of being caused by the acts or omissions of the defendant; (iii) were the plaintiffs entitled to recover for the tort of misfeasance in public office as existing depositors or potential depositors?

Sir Patrick Neill, QC, Mr David Vaughan, QC, Mr Dominic

Dowley and Mr Robin Dicker for the plaintiffs; Mr Nicholas Staden, QC, Mr Paul Lasok, QC, Mr Michael Phillips, Mr Bankim Thakral and Mr Rhodri Thompson for the defendant.

MR JUSTICE CLARKE was referred to a number of authorities in considering the scope of the tort of misfeasance in public office. On the requisite mental element see *Bourgoin SA v Ministry of Agriculture* (1986) 1 QB 716.

That decision was not binding authority for the proposition that the tort might not be committed where the plaintiff could not prove that the public officer concerned knew his act was unlawful and that it would cause damage to the plaintiff. There were other lesser issues, although there was nothing in *Bourgoin* which suggested they were sufficient or might be. Assistance came from *Jones v Swansea City Council* (1990) 1 WLR 54, 71 which recognised there were two alternative ingredients or limbs to the tort, either an intent to injure another or knowledge of acting ultra vires, and *Northern Territory v Mengel* (1995) 64 ALJR 527 which contained the most detailed discussion of the second limb.

His Lordship drew the following conclusions:

1 The tort of misfeasance in public office was concerned with a deliberate and dishonest wrongful abuse of the powers given to a public officer. It was not to be equated with carelessness or an intention to injure, although, as suggested by the majority in

Northern Territory v Mengel it had some similarities to it. 2 Malice in the sense of an intention to injure the plaintiff or a person in class of which the plaintiff was a member, and knowledge by the officer both that he had no power to do the act and that the act would probably injure the plaintiff was a member were alternative, not cumulative, ingredients of the tort. To act with such knowledge was to act in a sufficient sense maliciously: see *Northern Territory v Mengel* (at p54).

3 For the purposes of the requirement that the officer knew that he had no power to do the act complained of, it was sufficient that the officer had actual knowledge that the act was unlawful or, in circumstances in which he believed or suspected that the act was beyond his powers, that he did not ascertain whether or not that was so or failed to take such steps as would be taken by an honest and reasonable man to ascertain the true position.

4 For the purposes of the requirement that the officer knew that his act would probably injure the plaintiff or a person in a class of which the plaintiff was a member, it was sufficient if the officer had actual knowledge that his act would probably damage the plaintiff or such a person or, in circumstances in which he believed or suspected that his act would probably damage the plaintiff or such a person, if he did not ascertain whether that was so or

not or if he failed to make such inquiries as an honest and reasonable man would make as to the probability of such damage.

5 If the states of mind in 3 and 4 above did not amount to actual knowledge, they amounted to recklessness which was sufficient to support liability under the second limb of the tort. Those propositions were capable of applying to omissions as well as to acts on the part of the public officer, although a careful scrutiny of each omission would be required.

It was to be noted that in propositions 2 and 4 above, his Lordship had described the relevant knowledge as either actual knowledge that the act would probably cause damage, not that it would necessarily or inevitably do so, or as turning a blind eye to the probability of such damage, not to its necessity or inevitability.

His Lordship had also described the knowledge as knowledge that the act would probably cause damage to the plaintiff or to a person in a class of which the plaintiff was a member. That rejected the defendant's submission that only knowledge that the plaintiff would inevitably suffer damage was sufficient.

Such a requirement would be necessary if it was a tort depending upon the plaintiff or a person in a class of which the plaintiff was a member. However, once it was accepted that there were two alternative limbs of the tort and, as it seemed to his Lordship the cases suggested, the necessity for such a requirement no longer existed, it would unnecessarily restrict the tort.

The purpose of the tort was to give compensation to those who had suffered loss as a result of improper abuse of power. That being so, knowledge that the relevant person would probably suffer damage was surely sufficient; equally if the relevant person was not the plaintiff himself, but a person within a class of which the plaintiff was one.

6 Where a plaintiff established (i) that the defendant intended to injure the plaintiff or a person in a class of which the plaintiff was a member (limb one) or that the defendant knew that he had no power to do what he did and that the plaintiff or a person in a class of which the plaintiff was a member would probably suffer loss or damage (limb two) and (ii) that the plaintiff had suffered loss as a result, the plaintiff had a sufficient right or interest to maintain an action of misfeasance in public office at common law.

In the present case his Lordship provisionally concluded that the answer to questions (i) and (ii) was no, while in principle the answer to question (iii) was yes.

Solicitors: Lovell White Durrant; Freshfields.

Scots Law Report April 22 1996 Inner House

Keep open clause is enforceable

Retail Parks Investments Ltd v Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Before Lord McCluskey, Lord Kirkwood, and Lord Cullen

[Judgment March 8]

A court order requiring a bank to use and occupy certain premises as bank offices, and to keep them open for business as bank offices during all normal business hours until a particular date was sufficiently precise and specific for the bank's landlords to be entitled to a decree in those terms.

An Extra Division of the Inner House of the Court of Session so held, allowing a reclaiming motion by Retail Parks Investments Ltd against an interlocutor of the Lord Ordinary (The Times July 18, 1995) assailing the Royal Bank of Scotland for a conclusion for specific implement in an action brought against the bank by the reclaimers, and pronouncing an interlocutor ordering the bank to use and occupy the premises in issue as bank offices and to keep the premises open for business as bank offices during all normal business hours until August 17, 2002, or until the lease in its favour was terminated or otherwise lawfully terminated or assigned.

Mr Roy Martin, QC and Mr Jonathan Lake for the reclaimers; Mr William Munro Smith, QC and Mr Eric Robertson for the defenders and respondents.

LORD MCCLUSKEY said that between September 1979 and March 1995 the respondents had occupied premises in a shopping centre leased to them and used by them as a bank branch. In March 1995 they had intimated to their landlords, the reclaimers, that while the respondents accepted that they remained tenants under the lease and were liable for the rent, they did not propose to continue to occupy and use the premises.

The lease provided: "The premises are let for use as bank offices and for no other purpose whatever unless with the consent in writing of the landlords. The tenants shall take possession of and use and occupy the premises for the foregoing purpose(s) ... from the date of entry ... and shall thereafter continue to use and occupy the same for the said purpose(s) and during all normal business hours shall keep the premises open for business throughout the whole period of this lease."

There had been a wide ranging debate, but the parties were agreed as to the material facts. It was also common ground that the lease was binding on the parties: that the so-called "keep open" clause was neither void from uncertainty nor difficult to understand; that what the respondents proposed to do would admittedly put them in

breach of their contractual obligation and give the reclaimers a right to reparation; that the court could competently grant a decree ad factum praestandum in respect of an obligation, provided there was a relevant case and an appropriately worded, sufficiently precise and enforceable decree could be devised; that the respondents did not invite the court to decline to frame such a decree upon the basis of the exercise in their favour of a discretion such as might sometimes be exercised by the court where specific implement was sought; and that the respondents were not pleading that an order in the terms sought would compel them to do something so ill-defined and imprecisely specified that they would not be able to know what their obligation was or exactly what they had to do or refrain from doing.

The respondents had not attacked the Lord Ordinary's decision to reject their argument that the provision of two cash machines amounted to sufficient compliance with the keep open clause, but they reserved their position in that respect in relation to any other proceedings.

His Lordship observed that at common law, failure to implement a decree ad factum praestandum exposed the defender to the penalty of imprisonment, or other penal consequences: *Middleton v Leslie* (1892) 19 R 801, 802 per Lord President Robertson.

The case law ante-dating the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) 1940 Act should be considered against the background to the undertaking of the parties' mutual obligations.

6 The possible difficulties for the debtor in the obligation to know what was required of him should be considered against the background of the enforcement procedures for an allegation of a breach would have to be made by petition and complaint in which the court would have to determine whether a breach had occurred and whether the defenders had acted in wilful disobedience, whereas the court could give them a further opportunity to comply in the light of the court's pronouncement that the order had been breached by their previous acts and omissions.

Those procedures diminished the risk of punishment for breach of an order that lacked precision and meant that there should be no insuperable difficulty in policing compliance.

The obiter remarks of their Lordships in *Grosvenor Developments (Scotland) plc v Argill Stores Ltd* (1987 SLT 758), had not broken new ground but had simply involved the application of the usual and familiar tests to the terms of the lease that had been at

issue and of the order that had been sought. In any event, some of the possible difficulties considered in *Grosvenor* might have been answered after a proof.

In the present case, the facts had been established. The period of the lease was a mere seven years. The order was a mere seven years. The order was chosen by large commercial organisations, acting with legal advice.

The defenders had for nearly twenty years used and occupied the premises as bank offices without their use or occupation having given rise to any apparent difficulty or misunderstanding. On the face of it there was no reason why that use and occupation should not have continued for the remaining years of the lease.

The defenders' intention to cease that use and occupation did not arise from some uncertainty or lack of comprehension as to what their contractual duties were. It arose from a commercially inspired decision to transfer the business to new offices five hundred yards away.

If the court were to make an order in the same terms as the contractual clause they would know that they would be in breach of the order if they carried out their proposal. It might be that they would at some time want to consider some changes to the regime that had obtained prior to March 1995, and still did, and they might then face some difficulties in knowing exactly what they might or might not do to avoid a breach of the order.

That might be: but the court had no duty to advise large commercial undertakings as to how close to the wind they could sail in order to avoid a breach of an undertaking which they had freely entered into with legal advice in a probative lease.

Adopting what Lord Justice Lawton had said in *Maxwell v Department of Trade and Industry* (1974) 1 QB 523, one did not have to be able to define a breach in advance in order to be able to be confident of recognising it when it appeared.

Finally, the question of what "normal business hours" meant was a question of fact and, in the light of such evidence as might be adduced in any proceedings for breach, the court should have no difficulty in determining whether or not the defenders' opening hours were in line with that requirement.

The difficulties urged upon their Lordships could too easily be exaggerated. In his Lordship's opinion, the order sought passed the tests of precision and specification derived from the authorities. Lord Kirkwood and Lord Cullen delivered concurring opinions.

Law agents: Mackay Murray & Spens; Dundas & Wilson, CS.

Statutory nuisance compensation

Regina v Liverpool Crown Court, Ex parte Cooke

Before Lord Justice Leggatt and Sir Iain Gildewell

[Judgment April 3]

Compensation for statutory nuisance could be made only in relation to the date of the period of the existence of the nuisance indicated in the summons.

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court so held in dismissing the application of Jacqueline Anne Cooke for judicial review of the decision of Judge Hamilton and two lay justices at Liverpool Crown Court on March 31, 1995 on an appeal by Liverpool City Council, after its conviction at Liverpool Magistrates' Court for statutory nuisance, to vary a compensation order from £3,000 to £250.

The applicant gave the council statutory notice in accordance with section 82(6) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 of the existence of a nuisance, as defined by section 79(1)(a) and (b), which derived from defects in her house which the council owned. The council failed to comply and a summons was issued on November 17, 1994.

Mr John Howell, QC and Mr Ranjit Bhose for Liverpool City Council; Mr Timothy King, QC and Mr Ivan Wolfenden for the applicant.

LORD JUSTICE LEGGATT said that Judge Hamilton had said that the summons was issued on November 17, 1994 and only alleged that the statutory nuisance existed on that date; all counsel accepted that a magistrates court could issue a summons relating to matters no more than six months earlier and the summons could have alleged that the nuisance had existed from May 17 but it did not.

The applicant submitted that it would be absurd if magistrates dealing with a complaint of statutory nuisance were not entitled to consider the whole of the period for which it had existed.

His Lordship found that there was no warrant for construing section 82 so as to entitle the court to take account of the whole period for which the nuisance was alleged to have existed.

The complaint in the present case gave no notice to the person responsible of the length of the period for which the nuisance was

alleged to have existed. While incidentally relying on an inspection report of November 3, 1994, it alleged the existence of a statutory nuisance on November 17, 1994.

The offence from which might have resulted loss, injury or damage capable of being the subject of a compensation order was the statutory nuisance complained of in so far as it existed at the date of the hearing and had existed since the date specified in the complaint, provided that date was not before whichever was the later of (a) the date when the statutory notice expired and (b) a date not more than six months before the complaint was made.

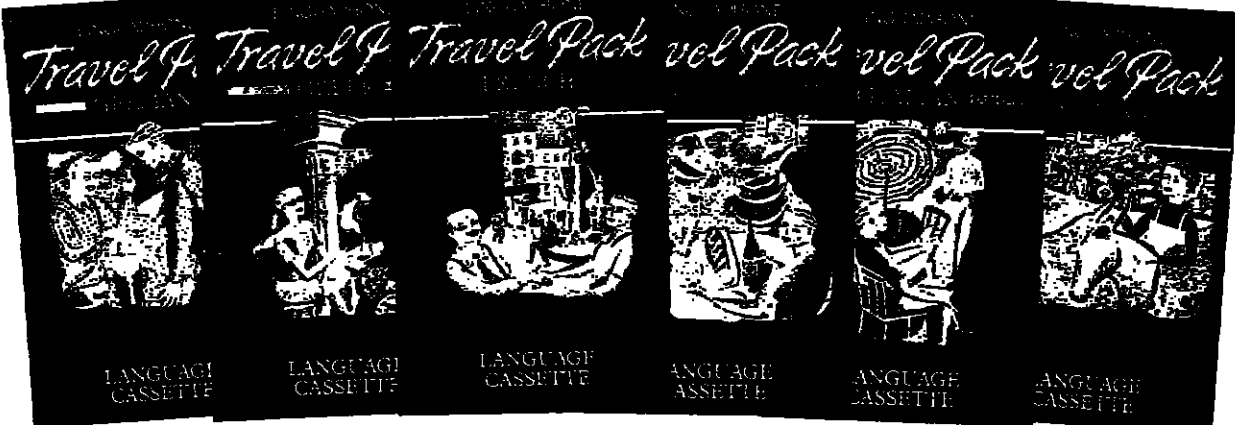
Only by instituting proceedings could a complainant put the person responsible at risk of having a compensation order made against him. The statutory notice was not significant except in so far as the date of its expiry was the date before which no summons could be issued.

Sir Iain Gildewell delivered a concurring judgment.

Solicitors: Mr Paul F. Taylor, Liverpool; Mr Andrew H. James, Liverpool.

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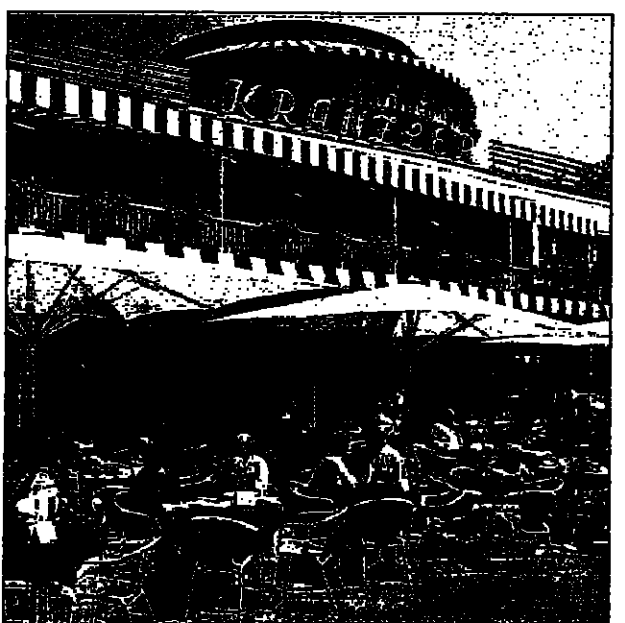


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the signs at the side of the road mean, or how to ask for the best beach. When you order a guide you will also receive a £50 voucher redeemable against the purchase of one of Linguaphone's more detailed language courses.

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Active In



RESULTS AND STATISTICS

TODAY

Interims: Associated British Foods, Cash Converters International, Lowland Investment Trust, Kleinwort Second Endowment Policy Trust, Finales: Biscuit Mining, James Crean, EIS Group, Geared Income Investment, Kleinwort Endowment Policy, London & Associated Properties, Reed Executive, Rensco.

Economic statistics: UK March provisional M4 money supply, UK March building societies net new mortgages.

TOMORROW

Interims: Cosalt, Dickie (James), McCarthy & Stone, Mercury Keystone Investment Trust, St. Ives, Finales: Broadstone Holdings, Hughes (TJ), Huntleigh Technology, Istock, Retail Corporation, Sears, Shorco Group.

Economic statistics: UK April CBI Industrial Trends Survey, US February trade balance, US March import/export price index, US Johnson redbook sales.

WEDNESDAY

Interims: none scheduled. Finales: Bank of Scotland (gov & co), Bantails, Dencora, English National Investments, Essex Furniture, Henderson Highland Trust, S&U.

Economic statistics: US March durable goods orders, French February industrial production, French final (Q4) GDP.

THURSDAY

Interims: DFS Furniture, ICI (Q1), Finales: Austin Reed, David Brown Group, Elam, Ferraris Group, Folkes Group, International Energy Group, Linton Ppark, Ramco Energy, Rhinoceros Group, Scottish Mortgage & Trust.

Economic statistics: UK March retail sales, UK March new vehicle registrations, US Weekly jobless claims, US March existing home sales.

FRIDAY

Interims: Alida Holdings, Ashbourne, Majestic Investment, Wigmore Property Investment Trust, Finales: Abtrust European Index Investment Trust, Abtrust New Thai Investment Trust, Anagen, Blocompatrias International, Joseph Holt, Radiotrust.

Economic statistics: US April Michigan consumer sentiment, French February trade balance.

COMPANIES

MICHAEL CLARK

Eurotunnel loss likely to hit £900m



A long year: Sir Alastair Morton, chief executive of Eurotunnel, gives first full-time figures today

EUROTUNNEL: The heavily indebted cross-Channel operator will report financial figures for the first full year of operation today. The company is expected to have been cash-positive before depreciation and interest charges, but these will have dragged the pre-tax loss back to just short of £900 million.

ASSOCIATED BRITISH FOODS: Concern over the impact of mad cow disease and the proposed slaughter of herds on its animal feeds business is likely to be pushed into the background when the group unveils half-year figures this morning. Brokers take the view that the strength of the group's balance sheet and a stronger performance in its food manufacturing operations should offset any negative news on the feed front.

Profit estimates for the first six months run from £180 million to £187 million against £165 million for the corresponding period. Packaging and raw material cost inflation has peaked and recent price rises have held enabling the group to lift margins. This should also help to take some of the pressure off British Sugar which has been the main profit generator during a difficult period for the rest of the group. Burtons and Twinings are expected to show an improvement but Ryvita may prove to be a dull spot. The group should also enjoy an improved return on its £600 million cash pile supported by a strong gilt market.

PREMIER FARNELL: There are likely to be few surprises when the group, which up until last week was known as Farnell Electronics, unveils full-year figures today. The group has already forecast pre-tax profits of £75 million on the back of its recent £1.8 billion acquisition of the much bigger US Premier Industrial Corporation earlier this year. Last year Farnell made profits of £62 million.

Brokers will want to glean how well the integration of Premier is going and what the likely costs savings will be. But Howard Poulson, chief executive, has already made it clear to them that

he has no intention of talking about Premier. Instead he wants to concentrate on Farnell's performance during the course of the year.

His attitude is not surprising when taking into account the open hostility the Premier deal was greeted with when it was first announced in January, with the likes of Edinburgh's Standard Life standing out against the deal which was financed by a nine-for-19 rights issue at 540p.

All this hostility took its toll on the Farnell share price which, at one stage, touched a low point of

610p. Only in recent weeks has it made up lost ground closing on Friday at 717p. Richard Dyett, with Henderson Crosthwaite, the broker, says Farnell's figures are likely to reflect a much improved performance from its catalogue distribution business selling small quantities of items from a large range. In the past couple of years Farnell has struggled to improve margins in this part of the business and the benefits are just starting to filter through.

ICI: In February, the group told shareholders it was looking for a

similar performance in the first quarter as that achieved last year. But UBS, the broker, is looking for a 5 per cent downturn to £210 million when figures are unveiled on Thursday. Stronger performances are anticipated from paints, materials and explosives. But the expected weakness will come from a slow start to the year by industrial chemicals which was the star performer during the first half of 1995.

BANK OF SCOTLAND: At first sight full-year figures on Wednesday should make impressive

reading with pre-tax profits set to climb 22 per cent to £550 million. But profits totalling almost £60 million from disposals are expected to provide much of the improvement with a further £12 million quarterly contribution from Bank West also swelling the total. The rest of the gain can be attributed to a drop in bad debt provisions from £215 million to £163 million. On the trading front, margins on the mortgage book are continuing to narrow while costs rise. NatWest Securities, the broker, says the group's capital ratios are among the weakest in the sector.

SEARS: There is unlikely to be much for shareholders to cheer when the group unveils full-year figures tomorrow. It is likely to follow on in a similar vein to figures last week from House of Fraser, with brokers forecasting a profits downturn. Estimates range from £95 million to £120 million compared with £139.6 million last time. There are unlikely to be any crumbs of comfort about current trading either. Brokers say the group will continue to struggle until the problems at British Shoe Corporation are resolved.

During the course of the year Sears disposed of Freeman Hardy & Willis and Olympus, the sports store chain, while restructuring its joint venture in European shoes. Since the year end it has also sold off Saxone, Currys and Millets. NatWest estimates this could distort the headline pre-tax profit number by £65 million. It anticipated that these disposals could see the group's cash pile slashed from £181 million to £75 million. The dividend should be held at 3.95p.

AUSTIN REED: It is likely to be a similar story for Austin Reed, now being tipped a potential takeover target in the Square Mile. Full-year figures on Thursday are likely to show a virtual halving of pre-tax profits to £3 million. A combination of factors including a poor womenswear range, bad weather and disruptions to production will have made a severe impact on the overall outcome.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

CBI trends in spotlight

The key British economic releases this week include the latest reading for retail sales and the Confederation of British Industry's most recent quarterly trends survey. On the whole, these are expected to show that the economy is improving on the consumer side of the equation with some marginal pick up on the manufacturing side.

The CBI survey, due to be published tomorrow, is expected to see a pick up in expectations for output after a slight fall in January. However, economists gave warning that there is not much evidence yet that manufacturers have made significant inroads in reducing large stock levels and that this should rein back output for some time. Orders are expected to have remained weak though some analysts think price expectations may have picked up a little.

Retail sales for March are due on Thursday. The consensus of forecasts compiled by MMS International is that sales will have risen 0.4 per cent in the month, giving a year on year rise of 2.1 per cent, a slight pick up on February's 1.9 per cent.

The other British indicator which will attract some market interest is M4 money supply data today. Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England, cited above-target M4 growth at the March 7 monetary meeting as a reason for caution and said that if monetary growth remained strong, interest rates would have to be raised. The MMS consensus forecast is for a rise of 0.7 per cent in March, taking M4 year on year growth rate to 9.5 per cent from 9.9 per cent. This is still above the 9 per cent upper limit the Treasury wants.

There are a number of Japanese economic releases this week, the most important being March industrial production. This is expected to have fallen 4.7 per cent. There are tentative signs that the Japanese economy may have started to recover after years of stagnation, so all indicators are of particular interest to the markets.

JANET BUSH

SUNDAY TIPS

The Sunday Times: Buy: Millennium & Copthorne Hotels, Finelist; Avoid: Arjo Wiggins. The Observer: Buy: FII Group; Sell: Signet. Sunday Business: Buy: Rolls Royce; Sell: GKN. Independent on Sunday: Buy: Manganese Bronze, MacDonald Martin; Sell: Rentokil. The Sunday Telegraph: Buy: Amey, Cussins Property; Avoid: Essex Furniture.

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT MARKET

Active Imaging makes its debut

BY MARTIN BARROW

DEALINGS start this week in shares of Active Imaging, which is set to join the Alternative Investment Market by way of a placing to raise £5 million.

The company develops computer imaging products, including cameras for use in security and surveillance, traffic management, industrial inspection and related

applications through the Internet. The shares are being placed through Beeson Gregory at 112p each, valuing the company at £20.5 million. Dealings are due to begin on Wednesday.

Active Imaging is based at Maidenhead, Berkshire. The company employs 70 people in Britain and America and its chairman is Mike

Brooke, who is also chairman of Azlan. Sales have grown steadily, rising to £5.06 million in 1995 from £4.45 million in 1994 and £3.1 million in 1993.

In 1995 the company incurred losses of £552,000 before tax after charging development expenditure of £465,000. Gross profits were £1.77 million last year.

AIM has exceeded its initial target of attracting 140 companies within its first year, nearly two months ahead of schedule. Launched in June 1995, AIM has seen more than two billion shares traded in its first ten months, with a value of more than £692 million, according to the London Stock Exchange.

1996					1995				
High	Low	Mkt cap (£m)	Price pence	Wtd %	High	Low	Mkt cap (£m)	Price pence	Wtd %
134	109	17.40	AMCO Corp	122	95	85	36.30	Lon Filletary	85
135	118	2.37	Abacus Retail	43	96	2	1.38	London Town	55
136	123	18.40	de Gruy	125	70	55	13.40	Lorien Eng	225
137	13	16.20	African Gold	19	235	200	10.00	Mare & Ussas	17
138	13	5.01	Albionville & Bd	15	116	116	16.30	Mare & Ussas S	117
139	13	9.92	Alpha Omicron	17	117	92	41.80	Megacomm	97
140	415	380	37.80	Ann St Brewery	99	79	6.65	Megacomm Ws	87
141	885	885	5.30	Ann St Brewery	111	86	117.20	Megacomm Ws	105
142	121	83	71.80	Antonia	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
143	9	8	2.13	Antonia	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
144	75	9	10.30	Antonia	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
145	61	58	1.08	Antonia	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
146	6	5	5.76	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
147	20	17	4.88	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
148	130	140	1.01	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
149	70	70	10.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
150	61	50	10.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
151	345	240	40.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
152	120	116	0.96	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
153	110	110	0.13	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
154	135	95	4.43	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
155	75	55	7.35	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
156	2	2	1.84	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
157	96	83	13.90	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
158	83	58	16.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
159	72	60	3.38	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
160	49	41	1.79	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
161	18	16	5.28	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
162	1127	6550	33.10	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
163	124	109	16.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
164	86	62	7.25	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
165	110	110	0.89	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
166	31	28	12.70	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
167	510	510	12.20	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
168	44	37	8.76	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
169	86	58	15.90	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
170	76	70	2.79	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
171	109	99	34.80	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
172	63	35	20.80	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
173	210	152	13.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
174	36	34	3.58	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
175	1275	880	58.30	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
176	14	11	3.79	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
177	325	305	32.50	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
178	76	60	12.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
179	137	95	14.30	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
180	200	105	69.20	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
181	125	120	5.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
182	345	325	5.40	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
183	260	75	5.77	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
184	188	53	9.17	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
185	183	180	36.70	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
186	220	188	5.33	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
187	233	253	7.74	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
188	193	136	17.90	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
189	23	14	84.20	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
190	19	8	23.80	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
191	22	15	4.80	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
192	147	145	2.34	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
193	133	120	59.00	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
194	80	80	0.53	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
195	112	105	11.10	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
196	86	85	14.70	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
197	523	503	21.50	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
198	143	108	32.80	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
199	103	83	3.79	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
200	280	280	22.90	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
201	125	103	40.10	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
202	180	137	32.50	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
203	250	210	15.20	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
204	2750	2550	44.00	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105
205	285	255	44.00	Ballymore	111	86	6.65	Megacomm Ws	105

TOURIST RATES

Bank	Bank	Bank	Bank
Buy	Sell	Buy	Sell
Australia \$	2.04	Netherlands Gld	2.703
Austria Sch	17.03	New Zealand \$	2.36
Belgium Fr	49.83	Norway Kr	10.42
Canada \$	2.178	Portugal Esc	245.00
Cyprus Cyp	0.751	S Africa Rd	6.98
Denmark Kr	9.42	Spain Ptas	167.00
Finland Mk	7.74	Sweden Kr	10.80
France Fr	6.15	Switzerland Fr	1.99
Germany Dr	2.43	Turkey Lira	116360
Greece Dr	386.00	USA \$	1.815
Hong Kong \$	12.39		
Ireland Pt	1.02		
Israel Shk	5.2300		
Italy Lit	2468.00		
Japan Yen	176.30		
Malta	0.583		

Rates for small denomination bank notes only as supplied by Barclays Bank PLC. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques. Rates as at close of trading on Friday.

WORD-WATCHING

Answers from Page 38

ATTIC BIRD
(a) The nightingale; so called because Philomel was the daughter of the King of Athens, or because of the abundance of nightingales in Attica.
RIBSTON PIPPIN
(c) So called from Ribston, the village in Yorkshire, where the first pippins, introduced from Normandy about 1707, were planted.
GALLIGASKINS
(c) A loose wide kind of breeches worn by men in the 16th and 17th centuries. The word is a corruption of the French *guarques*, referring to a Greek article of clothing.
RAGNAROK
(c) The Götterdämmerung or Twilight of the Gods in Scandinavian mythology, when the old world and all its inhabitants were annihilated. Out of the destruction a world at peace was born.

SOLUTION TO WINNING CHESS MOVE
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Capitalisation, week's change

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8
5.1500 Allied Breweries	581	3.1	5.8

BANKS

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.9500 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

BREWERIES, PUBS & REST

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
4.1600 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

BUILDING & CONSTRUCT

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

ELECTRONIC & ELECT

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

ENGINEERING

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

CHEMICALS

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

DISTRIBUTORS

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

Company	Price	Yield	% Chg
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
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5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2
5.3100 ABN-AMRO	305.5	3.4	4.2

Row k

Chemicals output faces fall

Forth trial

Brouts cheer

One-off boom

Take the Kasbah

THE WIN EXO ADVEN HOLL FOR TOK

HOLIDAY DOSSIERS CALL

Row looms over debt relief for poorest nations

DEBT relief for some of the world's poorest nations is the big issue at the meetings of the International Monetary Fund and World Bank opening today in Washington and matters are shaping up for a bitter row.

Hopes had been high in the run-up to the meetings that real progress could be made on the issue. But even as Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor, who has spearheaded the debt issue, was delivering a statement in London expressing his delight that a consensus appeared to be forming, Michel Camdessus, managing director of the IMF, was placing a bomb under the whole process.

A framework document by the IMF and World Bank had finally

acknowledged that they, as multilateral lenders, would have to play a role in providing an exit route from debt for between eight to 20 very poor countries. This agreement in principle has been cheered all round as a real breakthrough. British officials and non-governmental organisations such as Oxfam were convinced that a new debt initiative could be announced at the Group of Seven summit in Lyon in June and then be ratified at the IMF/World Bank autumn meeting in October.

But M Camdessus last week insisted that creditor governments represented in the Paris Club would have to reduce bilateral debt by as much as 90 per cent and refinance

Janet Bush on the key issue at the IMF and World Bank meetings in Washington

ESAF, the IMF's concessional loan operation, before the IMF would agree to paying for further debt forgiveness itself. This principle is enshrined in the framework document, but there was still a palpable sense of disappointment from campaigners for debt relief at M Camdessus's tone.

The "as much as 90 per cent" clause was contained in the framework document that will be discussed at today's interim committee

meeting and at tomorrow's development committee meeting. The document makes it clear that the IMF will step in only once the best possible efforts had been made by bilateral creditors.

Governments and the IMF are squaring up for a fight over who assumes the largest financial responsibilities in the debt relief initiative. M Camdessus last week put down a hardline negotiating position. Bilateral creditors may

well throw down a gauntlet of their own, insisting that they will not replenish ESAF unless the IMF and the World Bank find some money to finance debt forgiveness.

Britain is still campaigning for the IMF to find some of its gold reserves to find the money, but this is vehemently opposed by Germany, Japan and France. An alternative proposed by British officials is that a hard look be taken at the World Bank's income and reserves, which some believe have deliberately been played down.

The question of debt forgiveness was on the agenda of G7 finance ministers in Washington yesterday and this week may see a further

evolution in G7's position. The Chancellor's view is that bilateral creditors have done their bit, agreeing in 1994 to write off up to 67 per cent of the debt stock of the poorest countries. They have also come up with resources to refinance IDA, the World Bank's concessional lending arm, for the next three years.

Some British officials now believe that there is a moral obligation on the IMF and the World Bank to put up funds for multilateral debt relief having, as one of them put it, "lent to some of these countries so irresponsibly in the first place".

In spite of the hard line taken by the IMF last week, there is still some hope that progress can be made.

Chemicals output faces fall

BRITAIN'S chemical industry is expecting its output to fall in 1996, according to its latest economic forecasts. The fall, signalled by the Chemical Industries Association, reflects weaker overall UK economic performance and will feed through into the slowdown in British industry.

The CIA says that chemical output will rise in the UK by 2 per cent this year, compared with 4.2 per cent last year and 5 per cent in 1994. Chemical exports are forecast to rise by 2 per cent, but imports will be up by 3 per cent. Investment in the industry will rise by as much as 7.8 per cent, the industry's umbrella body says, but employment will fall by 2 per cent.

Forsyth trial

Elizabeth Forsyth, former aide to Asil Nadir, the fugitive businessman, is due to be sentenced at the Old Bailey on Friday. Forsyth, 59, of Great Dunmow, Essex, was convicted last month on two counts of handling nearly £400,000 in funds allegedly stolen from Polly Peck International.

Buyouts cheer

Management buyouts floated on the London Stock Exchange in 1995 outperformed the FT-SE All Share index by more than 25 per cent by the end of that year, according to a report by the Centre for Management Buyout Research at Nottingham University.

'One-off boom'

Consumer spending is poised for its fastest growth since 1989 because of a "bonanza of one-off payments", Lloyds Bank said. Payments such as building society conversions will boost spending power by almost 10 per cent in the next two years, adding about 1 per cent to actual spending.

DTI delay on reforms 'damaging industry'

By Philip Bassett, Industrial Editor

BRITAIN'S competition policy is damaging the UK's competitiveness, according to a new business study urging radical changes aimed at improving economic performance.

It suggests tighter rules to ensure that firms compete, tough policing such as dawn raids on companies, and rights for a beefed-up watchdog to inspect files.

The Government is currently consulting on changes to competition policy, but its proposals fall far short of reform suggestions from a range of other bodies, including the Labour Party and the all-party Commons Trade and Industry Select Committee.

Tomorrow, Karel Van Miert, the European Commission's Competition Commissioner, is expected to outline current Brussels policy and proposals on competition law when he addresses a business conference in London, organised by the Industry Forum, the body established to create links between Labour and industry.

In advance of that, the Commission on Public Policy and British Business — an inquiry currently being mounted by the Institute for Public Policy Research think-tank — says today that the Government has been "mealy-mouthed" about reforming competition policy, and claims this failure is damaging the UK's competitiveness.

The Commission report says that the Department of Trade and Industry "must shoulder considerable blame" for the inaction over competition. It also attacks the Gov-

ernment's 1989 promise that it would reform competition policy once parliamentary time permits as "wearing distinctly thin". It adds: "The DTI's failure to grasp the competition policy nettle is thus holding back British business."

The report puts forward a number of detailed recommendations, including unifying the MMC with the Office of Fair Trading, giving the competition authorities increased investigatory powers — including dawn raids on companies, the right to inspect company files and to impose fines for failure to provide accurate information; sharply reducing politicians' power to intervene in individual competition policy cases; and stiffer penalties against anti-competitive practices, including heavy fines for serious offenders of up to 10 per cent of company turnover, and damages for others affected.

The study, which is supported by Lord Borrie, formerly head of the Office of Fair Trading, says that the current UK competition system has a number of major weaknesses, including the costs and time for companies involved, a concentration on relatively minor cases, a scarcity of significant action to be taken to restore or maintain competition and a "huge" overlap with European law.

It adds that the "tripartite system of OFT, MMC and Secretary of State introduces an inevitable bias against significant action, in that all three bodies have to support it — if anyone is unconvinced, nothing happens".



Lord Borrie, who is in favour of radical action on competition to improve industry's economic performance

People's Bank plans low-cost UK credit card

THE pressure on UK credit card companies to decrease their rates will intensify today with the launch of a low-cost credit card from the People's Bank of Connecticut (Caroline Merrell writes).

The US bank, which aims eventually to have 500,000 credit card users in Britain, is the second US bank to launch a card in the UK in the past two months. The first was Advanta Corporation.

The People's Bank said its card would carry no annual fee and have an interest rate of less than 15.9 per cent. Both cards substantially undercut many of the UK's major credit card issuers. Rates of over 20 per cent are common among credit cards, in spite of the cut in base rates on January 18 to 6.25 per cent.

News International in Internet advert launch

By Alexandra Frean, Media Correspondent

THE Press Association, Britain's leading news agency, has teamed up with News International, owner of The Times, to launch a unique classified advertising service on the Internet.

The two groups are understood to be planning to invest £3-£5 million in Classified Link UK, which could provide a partial solution to the problem of how media owners can make money by going online. While many national and regional newspapers are available in part or in full on the Internet, they do not earn cover price or advertising revenue from these services.

The new service, due for launch in the fourth quarter of

this year, is aiming to break even after three years. It will allow the two groups to tap into the classified advertising revenue of the non-national press, which earns £1.1 billion of the £1.5 billion UK market.

Participating newspapers, who will pay a subscription, will be able to place their classified advertisements on a national database that will link jobs, property, travel, motor and business services. Internet users nationwide will access the advertisements through each newspaper's own internet or online site.

Mark Hird, general manager of PA Data Design, said: "Every word in each advertise-

ment will be indexed so users can tap in key words and phrases and the system will automatically select for them all the ads containing them."

News EyeQ, an online business information service, will be launched on Wednesday by News International and DataTimes Corporation. The service provides access to around 6,000 information sources around the world, including News International titles. The service will be available to any company or individual with a personal computer and modem. When fully operational it will cost £20 a month plus £2 per full-text article, or £75 a month plus 75p per article.

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Take the Kasbah Road



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A holiday, for instance, where you follow the "Kasbah Road", camp in the desert for nine nights, stay in Berber village houses in the High Atlas, travel by camel and swim in natural pools. The itinerary for the Highlights of Morocco tour reads like an explorer's diary: see the Cascades d'Ouzoud, visit the imperial city of Meknes and the Roman ruins at Volubilis, head for the Tizi-n-Test pass, wander at the rock formations of the Ziz Gorge, explore the Todra Gorge and, finally, if you are fit enough, climb Mt Toubkal. It is sometimes primitive but that is part of the adventure.

DEPARTURES: Regularly May-December. Dossier AMH. PRICE: £500-£650.

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Bearish tendencies at large in bonds market

UK GILTS have performed poorly this year in comparison with other European markets. It is very tempting to ascribe this to political factors. However, there may be another explanation: the gilt-edged market is English-speaking.

English-speaking countries have tended to underperform Germany so spreads have widened out, whereas French, Latin and Scandinavian countries have outperformed and spreads have narrowed. Indeed, in France bond investors have made capital gains this year whereas in the UK ten-year gilts have fallen 11 per cent.

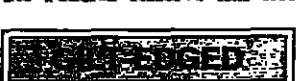
There are various reasons for this. An important one is that European governments are sticking to the timetable for EMU. This has led to spreads tightening against bonds for those countries aiming to join EMU at its inception or soon after. The markets assume that the UK is not one of these. However, the English-speaking countries also tend to perform as a bloc because they are all regarded as Anglo-Saxon with similar characteristics. There is a reasonable economic justification for this in that their economic cycles are more closely synchronised.

However, while there has been a marked divergence in performance between markets, the interlinkages have been growing tighter. This partly reflects the ongoing "globalisation" of markets, but the sudden increase in correlations between markets this year is due to a heightened level of uncertainty that is making markets very thin and more sheep-like.

But there are also underlying forces at work which are affecting all markets. All this means domestic developments are less

important for all markets, not just gilts.

A similar increase in correlation between markets was observed in 1994. This can only add to the fear that 1996 could prove to be a re-run of 1994, when £100 invested in a long-dated gilt at the beginning of the year was worth only £82 by the end. Some things are different this time: the Federal Reserve has not



(yet) pushed up interest rates; European interest rates are lower and steeper yield curves make bonds look relatively more attractive.

These differences would make one optimistic about bonds. But there is another difference, which is bearish. In marked contrast to 1994 the real money supply in the OECD area is expanding as policymakers have become determined to restore growth.

Last week's cut in the German discount rate in the face of high M3 growth was another sign that the Bundesbank is placing more emphasis on restoring the growth necessary to keep Germany on course for EMU. Because of this there is more chance of a sustained world economic recovery. And if growth does pick up it will be with less spare labour capacity in the US and the UK.

Inflation worries may be more perceived than real as the structural forces holding down global inflation remain powerful. Nevertheless, low inflation will not stop bond yields rising. Bond markets are anticipating growth will return; they are worried that

since the share of wages in national output has been squeezed there will eventually be a backlash; they are worried that in spite of attempts by governments to improve public finances debt burdens have not been reduced; and worried that policymakers will allow a little more inflation as the only way of resolving the debt problem.

The UK has done considerably better than most governments in reducing its future pension liabilities and on this score it should at some stage outperform. But for the moment the UK cannot escape the developing bear market in international bonds.

GLENN DAVIES
Credit Lyonnais

CHANGE ON WEEK

THE POUND
US dollar 1.5173 (+0.0061)
German mark 2.2858 (+0.0127)
Exchange index 83.9 (+0.3)
Bank of England official close (4pm)

FT 30 share 2885.2 (+80.8)
FT-SE 100 3857.1 (+90.3)
New York Dow Jones 5535.48 (+2.89)
Tokyo Nikkei Ave 21883.84 (+223.37)

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THE
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CITY
DIARY

PR for the PM

IN PUTTING together the Downing Street Policy Unit, the Prime Minister has reached out to Brunswick, the City public relations company, pulling Simon Walker through the doors at Number Ten. Mr Walker, a partner at Brunswick, has been on secondment from the PR company since Easter. A spokeswoman at the company, which handles the PR for some of the UK's top companies said she did not know when Mr Walker would be returning from John Major's camp.

FIRST on the list for the Queen's Award for Export Achievement announced yesterday, was the Anglo Beef Processors. Let us hope the company doesn't go belly up before receiving the honour, since the processor of fresh and frozen beef and lamb has lost 20 per cent of its business since the EU ban. On the cut off date, exports from the firm were turned back in transit.

Thumbs up

DAVID GRANT, director and great-grandson of the founder of Scotch whisky distillers, William Grant and Sons, is hoping his thumbs will recover in time to pick up his company's Award for Export Achievement. Grant, who broke both thumbs on different days while skiing in Val d'Isère a fortnight ago, is happy to have secured the award for the second time, but wonders how he will be able to carry the cumbersome award.

Underwired

A SLIP of the pen in this month's edition of LiveWire, the free magazine for East Coast rail travellers, that would have Ab Fab's Patsy and Edina howling with laughter over a bottle of Bolly. In a patronising article on the merits of Leeds, Tony Greenway writes "It will be Harvey Nicks' first store outside London, and comes complete with beauty salon, bar and brasserie".

MORAG PRESTON

Body Shop International wears its founders' values too boldly on its sleeve for my taste. That is a typically English reaction. Yet The Body Shop has flourished neither in California's liberal climate of political correctness, nor amid French intellectual confidence, but in tolerant, pragmatic just-get-on-with-it Britain.

Naturally, there is a drawback. Tolerance of any departure from the norm, let alone eccentricity, disappears as soon as company performance falters. Conformity with the City's own culture then becomes *de rigueur*, a necessary sign that the company is pulling its socks up.

Such messages have been passed, at varying volume, to companies as diverse as Amstrad, NCF and, in terms of father-to-son succession, to Hanson. Progressive Body Shop resented them so much, when its heady profit growth ran into sand, that the founding Roddicks considered taking the company private, as Amstrad's Alan Sugar vainly tried. So the "social audits" that it commissioned of itself may be written off as a diversion from controlling costs and getting the bottom line moving in the right direction again.

That would be a mistake. Admittedly, Body Shop's exercise had a marketing role. Having built its trumpeted social, environmental and trade values into its brand name, it was in double trouble when

critics claimed it did not put them into practice. The "audit", based on attitude interviews with employees, customers, suppliers, franchisees and shareholders, as much as facts, was meant to validate its reputation. It gained wider value because the company had the courage to twin its internal audit with a separate, truly independent one that carried far greater risk, as well credibility.

The Roddicks gave *carte blanche* to a specialist business academic from Stanford. The result was instructive. Although both studies found roughly the same strengths and weaknesses, the external audit was more critical. The report — though, on balance, reassuring — turned into an agenda for board action. It should help long-term trading, as well as social concerns not shared by all.

If Body Shop found its "stakeholders" less admiring than it thought, how much more is this likely to be true of the average big company, which devotes far less self-conscious effort to the fine ideals of its now-inevitable mission statement. How

Prepare now for a life after takeover culture



GRAHAM SEABURN

often one hears directors who are shocked at the low esteem that their efforts, and conduct, earn. Managers often assume, for instance, that a lack of strikes means that their employees are broadly content. They are hurt when they discover, by accident or via some survey, that employees who fear for their jobs, have to work longer hours, and have seen their pay lag economic recovery, are just as discontented.

Tony Blair's new Labour takes care not to antagonise big business or financial markets. Only in City

and competition regulation, where widely agreed reform is being held back, are specifics promised. If Labour came to office, however, pressure for change would be intense, from a variety of sources.

Corporate Governance Matters, a Fabian Society pamphlet by Austin Mitchell, MP, and Professor Prem Sikka, gives a flavour of one. It proposes a strangling network of public interest regulation and entrenched stakeholder influence that would have many a company director rushing to the EU Social Chapter in relief. As so often with these indefatigable authors, however, there are nuggets of uncomfortable truth behind the overstatement.

The Cadbury reforms of the boardroom have worked in a more incestuous way than intended. As a result, boards have taken on a culture even narrower than before on important subjects such as investment and job-cutting, as well as on relatively trivial but political ones such as executive pay.

Most of all, the culture of City fund managers has mesmerised

boards, based on the takeover bid both as weapon of control and as low-risk alternative to investment. The only reason you no longer hear many business complaints about City short-termism is that the quoted sector has surrendered unconditionally to it — except where management has voting control.

This trend was illustrated by power and water utilities. They balanced different interests quite well, with the help of regulation, until takeover protection ran out, whereupon the culture of fund managers became supreme and they started milking their cash like there was no tomorrow, let alone the day after tomorrow, and upset customers and employees.

In the past, Labour in office has been so keen on creating industrial champions that its supposed hostility to takeover bids has never come to much. Business should, however, prepare for alternative forms of discipline to the ubiquitous bid. The continental models symbolised by the Social Chapter are one, the stakeholding ideas of British reformers, inadvertently boosted by Mr Blair's use of the term, are another.

Candid external social audits, on the Body Shop model could provide a valuable education for boards now blinkered by the City culture. Unlike Body Shop, however, managers might be wiser to keep the first embarrassing results to themselves.

Lessons for Labour from Asia

A visit to the Far East during the Easter recess was a journey of discovery, says Peter Mandelson



Peter Mandelson found the English language was the most important factor in attracting investment from Asia

By all accounts, Michael Heseltine was terribly pleased with himself when he stood in at Prime Minister's Questions last Thursday and jeered at me over my Far East visit. Why the Deputy Prime Minister should be so amused by the fact that a North East MP chose to spend his Easter finding out about the Asian economic miracle is beyond me. Perhaps he has forgotten Samsung's £450 million investment on Hartlepool's border, which is strange given the credit he claimed for it at the time.

Britain's economic performance in the last decade and a half has not been so brilliant by any comparison (internationally or against our postwar record)

for any politician to afford to laugh. We all have a lot to learn from Asia's achievements and I was glad to travel and acquire (thanks to the enlightened attitude of Barclays Bank, which invited me to meet many of its Asian corporate customers to talk about trade and investment prospects under a Labour gov-

ernment). What were the lessons I came home with from the dialogue I enjoyed?

Eclipsing all others is the Asian achievement of sustaining local cohesion alongside rapid economic change. Outside the region, some have the impression that the success of the "tiger" economies is based on

sweatshop labour producing cheap, bargain-basement goods, with huge profits and vast wealth for a few being earned through exploitation of the many. This is a false picture. Of course, profits are substantial and there are some very rich entrepreneurs, but what's wrong with that? The difference

between many Asian countries and Britain is that, among the tiger economies, inequalities of wealth and income do not co-exist with the denial of opportunity and social cohesion that so many in Britain experience.

The reason for this is a conscious attempt by governments such as those in Japan, Korea and Singapore, to give their workforce a stake in the country's economic success — both at the workplace and in society. This does not mean it is the role of government to guarantee job security or preserve jobs that no longer have any economic purpose (a lesson now absorbed by new Labour). But it is the job of government to provide people with secure modernised social insurance, high-quality education and health services, as well as bolstering family life on which they can depend. It is on this foundation of security, and the celebrated Asian open and more egalitarian style of management, that their exciting rates of economic change have taken place.

Instead of people resisting economic and employment change for fear of the loss and isolation it will bring, more intelligent Asian policies and attitudes have encouraged a positive willingness to adapt by individuals.

In practice, this means governments willing to accept their responsibility for investment in human capital in return for individual commitment to the market economy and business success. This, incidentally, is not achieved with low or falling public expenditure as a proportion of GDP. It is true that in Singapore the proportion of GDP is only 18 per cent. But compulsory savings there are levied on employers and employees to the tune of 40 per cent of earnings for people under 55 and these funds are used to cover, among other things, pensions, healthcare, house purchase and further education (an interesting welfare model for Britain, albeit a very hard one to introduce now). In Taiwan in the 1980s, the Government's share of GDP rose from 25 to 33 per cent in a decade that saw its economy grow nearly 8 per cent a year. Unlike in Britain, Asian tigers have spent more on public service and infrastructure as their economies have grown without increasing tax.

They have benefited from a virtuous circle of investment, widening skills, rising incomes, savings growth and further investment. The opposite has happened in Britain, where enormous amounts have been wasted on unemployment — so much for the Conservative myth that our economy has become more successful as it has become more like those of Asia-Pacific. For some old thinkers in the

boards, based on the takeover bid both as weapon of control and as low-risk alternative to investment. The only reason you no longer hear many business complaints about City short-termism is that the quoted sector has surrendered unconditionally to it — except where management has voting control.

This trend was illustrated by power and water utilities. They balanced different interests quite well, with the help of regulation, until takeover protection ran out, whereupon the culture of fund managers became supreme and they started milking their cash like there was no tomorrow, let alone the day after tomorrow, and upset customers and employees.

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Asian tigers have spent more on public service and infrastructure without increasing tax

the high costs of the social security system in Germany, where his company has made a major investment. Tony Blair was right in his recent New York speech to rule out the introduction of similar German costs for Britain, an issue, it should be noted, which is quite separate from the Social Chapter.

Nobody could deny that some Conservative ministers have worked hard to attract inward Asian investment to Britain. My impression is that their efforts have been well-supported by a more commercially minded diplomatic service. A Labour government needs to intensify this overseas activity as a high priority. But it was clear to me throughout my journey of discovery what is the most important factor in attracting investment from Asia: the English language. Spreading the word is Britain's secret weapon.

Expanding the activities of the BBC and the British Council around the world, and recruiting more foreign students to our higher education establishments, are essential economic policies for Britain.

Peter Mandelson is MP for Hartlepool and Opposition spokesman on the Civil Service.

Paradise lost for campers

This Must be the Place. Radio 4, 9.15pm.
Here's a little gem, an affectionate lament for the passing of British camp in Fife, once one of the world's biggest holiday camps. It was bulldozed to the ground in 1989. Presenter Nick Baker says that going on holiday there was like going to heaven without first having to die. One thing did die there, though: flatulence. Wags estimated kiddy's favourite, suffered greatly from flatulence. Wags estimated that his very audible raspberries travelled at gale-force speed. When his mahout died, Charlie was inconsolable. He was put down, aptly, some say — with a lorry's exhaust fumes. And so Fife Camp, and Charlie shared the same fate. Both are gone with the wind.

Hoagy's Jazz. Radio 3, 4.30pm.
Not that I detected any, but there wouldn't have been any excuse for a critical lapse in Mel Hill's four-part life of Hoagy Carmichael, composer and singer of hugely popular songs such as *Stardust* and *Thanks for the memories*. As well as two volumes of *Stardust* and *Thanks for the memories* recordings, Hill and his producer, Derek Dwyer, have worked together before, exploring the talent, and times and inspirations of American jazz celebrities, and times and inspirations of their mutually beneficial partnership. Carmichael recordings we hear today include *Washboard Blues* with the Whiteman Band and an early Carmichael idol, Bix Beiderbecke.

RADIO 1
FM Stereo 4.00am Ove Waman 6.30 Chris Evans 8.00 Simon Mayo 12.00 Lisa Jackson 2.00pm Nicky Campbell 4.00 Mark Goodier 7.00 Evening Session 9.00 In Concert: R Kelly and D'Angelo recorded last year at Wembley Arena 10.00 Mark Radcliffe 12.00 Wendy Lloyd

RADIO 2
FM Stereo 6.00 Martin Kelner 7.30 Sarah Kennedy 9.30 Ken Bruce 11.30 Jenny Young 1.30pm Just Spots 3.00 Sid Stewart 5.05 John Dunn from Florida 7.00 Hubert Gregg 7.30 Malcolm Lockwood, incl 8.00 Big Ben and at 8.30 Big Ben Special 8.00 Humphrey Lyttelton 10.00 Radio Days 10.30 The Jamesons 12.05am Steve Madden 3.00 Alex Lester

RADIO 5 LIVE
5.00am Morning Reports, incl 5.45 Wake Up to News 6.00 The Breakfast Programme 6.55, 7.55 racing preview 8.25 The Magazine, incl 10.35 News from Europe; 12.00 Midday with Mark; incl 12.30pm Moneyweek, and at 1.15 Entertainment News 2.05 Russia on Five, incl at 3.05 Actually 3.45 Entertainment News 4.00 John Inverdale National 5.45 Entertainment News 7.00 News Extra 7.25 Wembley Winners, FA Cup 1971 — Liverpool v Arsenal 8.00 The European Football Show. A studio discussion from Amsterdam on the state of the game in the Netherlands 10.05 News Talk 11.00 Extra 11.15 The Financial World 12.05am The Other Side of Midnight 2.05 Up All Night

TALK RADIO
6.30am The Breakfast Show with Paul Ross 10.00 Scott Christopherson 1.00pm Anna Rasmussen 3.00 Tommy Boyd 5.00 Peter Dinkley 7.00 Sport 10.00 James Whale 1.00am Ian Collins

RADIO 3
6.00am On Air, includes World Violin Concerto in F, Op 7 No 10; Nielsen (Symphony No 4, Inextinguishable); Gabriel (Magnificat 17); Scriabin (Music for an Imaginary Play); Handel (Concerto Grosso in B flat, Op 3 No 1); Dohnanyi (Rhapsody in F sharp minor, Op 11 No 2)

9.00 Morning Collection with Paul Gambaccini, Mozart (Serenade in D, K 239; Serenata Notturna); Puccini (Dance of the Hours); Verdi (Farewell from La Bohème); Beethoven (Piano Concerto No 1 in C)
10.00 Musical Encounters with Stephanie Hughes, includes: Foulds (Overture: La Cabaret); 10.05 Artists of the Week: The Sixteen under Henry Christopher, Dey (in honour summer mairns) 10.45 Dohnanyi, arr. Sitkovetsky (Serenade in C); Tippett (Five Spirituals, A Child of Our Time); Scarlatti (Sonata in F sharp minor, Op 25 No 10)
12.00 Composers of the Week: Karol Szymanowski, incl: Prelude, Op 1 No 2; Etude, Op 4 No 1; Etude, Op 4 No 3; Violin Sonata; Concerto Overture
1.00pm BBC Lunchtime Concert, Live from St John's, Smith Square, London, Christophers, tenor, Andreas Staier, fortepiano, Schubert (An Schwager Kronos; Meeres Stille, D 216, Verliest Der Muschel; Ester Schumann (Dichterliebe)
2.00 Schools The Song Tree 2.15 Story Box 2.25 Let's Move 2.45 First Steps in Drama

3.00 The BBC Orchestra, The BBC Philharmonic under Barry Wordsworth, Tchaikovsky (Overture: Romeo and Juliet) 3.20 My Friends (Concerto for Violin and Piano) 3.30 Saint-Saëns (Piano Concerto No 2 in G minor; Symphony No 3 in C minor, Op 66)

4.30 Hoagy's Jazz, See Choice 5.00 The Music Machine, with Tommy Pearson
5.15 In Tune with Jeremy Nicholas, including Haydn (Piano Trio in B flat, H XV 20); Poulenc (Concerto in G minor for organ, strings and timpani)
7.30 The Sibelius Symphonies. The final concert in the series, introduced by Michael Oiler. Sibelius's Daughter (Symphony No 8; Symphony No 5)

9.10 Epics of Everyday Life, Elaine Cleator reads an account of the break-up of the Soviet Union (14)

9.30 The Grandeur of God, The BBC Singers under Stephen Cleobury perform settings of verse by Gerard Manley Hopkins (1)

10.00 Ensemble, Beethoven (Sonata in E minor, Op 90; Chopin (Barcarolle, Op sharp, Op 60); Ravel (Une barque sur l'océan); Prokofiev (Sonata No 3 in A minor)

10.45 Midday 12, with Mark Russell
11.30 Composer of the Week: Claude Debussy (1)

12.30 Notes in New York, Digby Fawcett presents jazz portraits starting with the bassist Milt Hinton 1.00-2.00 Night School

RADIO 4
5.55am Shipping Forecast (LW only) 6.00 News Briefing 6.10 Farming Today 6.25 Prayer for the Day 6.30 Today, inc 7.25, 8.25 Sports News, 7.45 Thought for the Day 8.40 Beyond the Millennium (2/6) 8.55 Weather

9.00 News 9.05 Start the Week, Melvyn Gregg's guests include Sir Ian McKellen and Peter Stanford

10.00 News; Big Bang (FM only), in the last of the series, Jac Nelson previews the Brain Opera

10.00 Daily Service (LW only) 10.15 This Scepter'd Isle (LW only) 10.30 Woman's Hour 11.30 Money Box Live: 0171-580 4444

12.00 News; You and Yours, with Chris Croft
12.25pm Countryside 12.55 Weather

1.00 The World at One, with Nick Clarke
1.40 The Archers (1) 1.55 Shipping Forecast

2.00 News; The Sisters of the Sciencies, by Donald Campbell. The story of the women widowed by the Battle of Flodden Field (1)

3.00 The Afternoon Shift 4.00 News 4.05 Kaleidoscope, Lynne Waker talks to the saxophonist Jan Garbarek

4.45 Short Story: The Key, by Diane Langford, A long-suffering wife finds the key to some of her husband's secrets — and much more besides

5.00 PM 5.50 Shipping 5.55 Weather
6.00 Six O'Clock News 6.30 The News Quiz, Barry Took's last edition as chairman, with

Francis Wheen, Andy Hamilton, Roy Hattersley and Times columnist, Alan Coren (1)

7.00 News 7.05 The Archers 7.20 The Food Programme, Derek Cooper examines the decline in the British hop industry (1)

7.45 The Monday Play: Blood Wedding, by Federico Garcia Lorca, Set in Cuba's African community at the turn of the century, a widow, whose eldest son and husband were both killed in leish, discovers her only living son wishes to marry. With Carmen Munro, Akim Mogaji and Marianne Jean-Baptiste

9.15 This Must Be The Place, See Choice
9.30 Kaleidoscope (1) 9.55 Weather

10.00 The World Tonight, with Robin Lustig
10.45 Book at Bedtime: A Shipshape Land, by A.E. Housman, Derek Jacobi reads the first instalment of this collection of poems (1/5)

11.00 Thinspiration (1/5) (1/5) Libraries. The first of four programmes in which Peter Thinspiration reflects on personal pleasures (1)

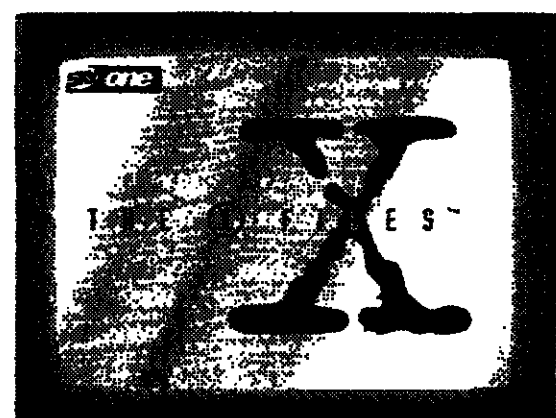
11.00 Education Matters (LW only)
11.30 Uncle Dynamite (FM only), Byline: Host, written by Aiden Matthews, Read by Pauline McLynn (1/1) (1)

12.00 News inc 12.27am Weather 12.30 The Late Book: Upstart on Mathews, Read by Pauline McLynn (1/1) (1)

12.45 Shipping Forecast 1.00 AM World Service

FREQUENCY GUIDE, RADIO 1, FM 97.6-99.8, RADIO 2, FM 88.0-90.2, RADIO 3, FM 90.2-92.4, RADIO 4, FM 92.4-94.6, LW 158-168 (12.45-3.55am), CLASSIC FM, FM 100-102, VIRGIN RADIO, FM 105.8-107.1, TALK RADIO UK, MW 105.8, 108.8, Television and radio listings compiled by Peter Dear, Ian Hughes, Rosemary Smith and Susan Thomson

file under most popular



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VOTE

12.45

Paradise for campers

A birthday surprise for everybody to enjoy

The Queen had made it clear. Her 70th birthday was, on no account, to be marked by "fuss" — no massed bands, no flypasts, not even Cliff Richard singing *Congratulations* outside Buckingham Palace. Well, she may be Queen, but she will not be the last reluctant birthday girl to have her wishes ignored.

The BBC listened but it did not obey. It bowed respectfully ("quite right"), walked carefully backwards and, with a conspiratorial smile on its corporate face, went off to prepare a little birthday surprise. And Princess Margaret (BBC1, Sunday) was a surprise. It was a delight.

Not just a "oo, isn't she lovely" sentimental sort of delight, but a clever, thoughtful, well-structured delight that performed as well as a history lesson as it did as a birthday present. That the programme succeeded so impressive-

ly was largely down to two key decisions. The first was to concentrate on the first 25 years of the Queen's life, which at a stroke excluded all the tedious well-trodden domestic drama of more recent years. The second was to get Ludovic Kennedy to write and deliver the narration.

An individual less inclined to fawning than Kennedy it is difficult to imagine and his script struck an admirably detached tone. It was affectionate (it was her birthday, after all) without ever being naive or sentimental; it was respectful without ever pretending that there weren't one or two rather serious problems around. Kennedy told it as he saw it rather than telling it as he thought it ought to be told, avoiding the sort of instant posterity claptrap that so many of his predecessors have succumbed to. The grovelling of one particular *Movietone* com-

mentator was dismissed almost wearily. "This sort of gush was par for the course in those days."

This sort of gush is rapidly becoming par for the course for this review, but at the risk of turning heads, I shall press on. Rarely can the archives have been raided so rewardingly, with wonderful home movie footage of King George VI and his family intercut with newsreels of the big occasions — funerals, coronations and, of course, the abdication. Funny how you forget just how important that was.

Rather refreshingly, the programme made no attempt to establish where "it all went wrong", although Kennedy, I thought, dropped one or two clues. The Queen's father he clearly considered a good thing, a dutiful and caring family man, but as for her husband... Well, let us just say the story of how Philip Oldcastle was told with relish.

REVIEW



Matthew Bond

Mountbatten was nearly Philip Oldcastle was told with relish. A huddle of royal biographers chipped in to good effect and John Keane showed that the music for such programmes doesn't have to be all pomp and circumstance. At the end of a hugely enjoyable hour, Kennedy concluded — to nobody's great surprise — that as long as the Crown rested on the Queen's head, the monarchy was secure. Me, I

was working on a rather different theory — that the start of the royal family's problems seemed to coincide with the arrival of colour television. Monarchs are definitely best in monochrome.

Further credence to this theory was given by ITV's contribution to the big day, *Happy Birthday Ma'am*. The septa-tinted years that the BBC had just lavished on IT, crammed into two-and-a-half minutes, leaving plenty of time for famous people to tell their favourite Queen anecdote in full colour, of course.

Trevor McDonald popped up briefly to remind us that the Queen was "the most famous woman in the world" and then left it to others to take it from there. We began at a suitably distinguished level, with warm words from former President George Bush, but as soon as he was followed by Sir Harry Secombe ("when she smiles, I'd climb Everest for her") and Sir

Edmund Hillary (who actually had) you knew that Sir Cliff Richard would not be far behind. He wasn't.

Two things, however, rescued the programme from turning into a succession of *A Funny Thing Happened On the Way to My In-laws* stories. The first was a quite extraordinary, stage-whispered contribution from Baroness Thatcher, recalling the Queen's worries about the Duke of York serving in the Falklands. "She had the same concerns as every other mother." The second was a splendid brief collection of royal jokes. Five in 44 years may be spreading it thin, but the deadpan delivery is coming on a treat.

For FDR (BBC2, Saturday) the recipe was pretty much the same as it had been for *Princess to Queen*: biographers, relatives and family friends assembled to chronicle the life and

times of Franklin Delano Roosevelt. But they laboured, at least for this opening instalment, under one important disadvantage (two if you count some strange corn-pah-pah music). While much of the Queen's early life was captured in home movies, Roosevelt's immensely privileged upbringing in the Hudson valley was caught in formally posed stills. There is only so much fun in leaping through somebody else's photo album.

But while the fun may have been limited there was, once again, a huge amount of history to be learnt or recalled. "No one ever imagined he would be President," said one elderly gent whose grandfather had been at Harvard with Roosevelt. Not even when they realised that his cousin Theodore already had the job? After all, that's the first law of democracy, isn't it? Keep it in the family.

• Lynne Truss is on holiday

BBC1

6.00am Business Breakfast (Coefax) (25884)

7.00am BBC Breakfast News (Coefax) (15445)

9.00am Breakfast News Extra (Coefax) (764208)

9.20am Can't Cook, Won't Cook (s) (7700342)

9.45am Kilroy (s) (1933735)

10.30am Good Morning with Anne and Nick. Weekday family magazine (s) (19209)

12.00pm News (Coefax), regional news and weather (6636445) 12.05pm World Championship Snooker (s) (8414735)

12.35pm Going for Gold (s) (3565193)

1.00pm One O'Clock News (Coefax) and weather (19532) 1.30pm Regional News and weather (9420790)

1.40pm Neighbours (Coefax) (s) (44316754)

2.00pm Columbo (s) (38321)

3.30pm Playdays (s) (145648) 3.50pm Bodger and Badger (s) (7472822) 4.00pm Alvin and the Chipmunks (s) (1006303) 4.10pm Fudge (Coefax) (s) (2644735) 4.35pm F.O.T. (Coefax) (s) (264445) 5.00pm Newsround (Coefax) (1757309) 5.10pm Blue Peter (Coefax) (s) (1873700)

5.35pm Neighbours (s) (Coefax) (s) (712938)

6.00pm Six O'Clock News (Coefax); weather (208)

6.30pm Regional News Magazines (261)

7.00pm That's Showbusiness. Mike Smith is joined by Greg Rapaport, Kasia Palika, Judy Flynn and Les Hurrell (Coefax) (s) (4551)

7.30pm Watchdog. Healthcheck. Includes an unusual American custody battle, and Bob Hoskins appeals for more donors to join the bone marrow register (Coefax) (s) (445)

8.00pm Eastenders (Coefax) (s) (7071)

8.30pm Crime Beat. Marilyn Lewis reveals one of the ways in which large and small groups of people are fighting back against villains; and there is a report on how architects are joining forces with police and crime prevention officers to "design out crime" (Coefax) (s) (6006)

9.00pm Nine O'Clock News (Coefax); regional news and weather (6236)

9.30pm Panorama. Investigating the dangers of medical radiation (Coefax) (s) (835303)

10.10pm Film 96 with Barry Norman. Includes a look at *Birdsong*, a reworking of *La Cage aux Folles* starring Robin Williams and Gene Hackman; Ian McKellen's *Richard III* set in the 1930s; and *Mary Reilly* with Julia Roberts and John Malkovich; and the cult status being conferred on the critically-mauled *Showgirls*. (Coefax) (s) (152732) N.I.L. 10.10pm Film 96 11.10pm Omnibus 12.10-1.55am The George Reilly Story

10.40pm Omnibus: Written on Water: A Film about Budapest (Coefax) (s) (888984)

11.40pm Film: Major League (1989) with Tom Berenger, Charlie Sheen, Corbin Bernsen, Margaret Whitton, James Gammon and Rene Russo. The Cleveland Indians, a misfit baseball team, are bungling amateurs and athletes past their prime, find themselves on a winning streak. Directed by David Ward (883551)

1.20am Weather (7424694)

Video Plus+ and the Video PlusCodes

The numbers next to each TV programme listing are Video PlusCode numbers, which allow you to programme your video recorder with a Video Plus+ handset. Tap in the Video PlusCode for the programme you wish to record. Video Plus+ is a trademark of Gemstar Development Ltd.

BBC2

6.00am Open University: Engineering Mechanics (7474990) 8.25pm Just in Time! (1294700)

7.15pm See Hear Breakfast News (Coefax) and signing (4554890)

7.30pm Teenage Mutant Hero Turtles (s) (Coefax) (37938) 8.00pm Blue Peter (s) (Coefax) (s) (24025) 8.30pm Songs of Praise (s) (Coefax) (s) (9023884)

9.05pm Zig Zag (7647193) 9.25pm Movable Feasts (4031174) 9.40pm Le Café des Pèves (6462087) 10.00pm Playdays (s) (s) (6629551) 10.25pm Hotch Potch House (s) (5854377) 10.40pm Le Café des Pèves (s) (1801087) 11.05pm Zig Zag: An African Country (s) (5257163) 11.25pm Reviews (s) (9996626) 11.40pm The Geography Collection (s) (6388919) 12.05pm The History Collection (s) (3549445)

12.30pm Working Lunch (55483)

1.00pm History File (s) (86706174) 1.20pm Landmarks (Coefax) (s) (86726938) (57797700)

1.40pm Storytime (s) (44314366) 2.00pm Brum (s) (57797700)

2.10pm World Championship Snooker. Action from the third day of the championships from the Crucible, Sheffield. Includes 3.00, 3.50pm, regional news and weather (10974735)

6.00pm FILM: Gun Fury (1953) with Rock Hudson and Lee Remick. When his fiancée is kidnapped by outlaw Frank Stryker during a stagecoach hold-up, rancher Ben Warren and Stryker's embittered ex-partner set out on their trail. Directed by Raoul Walsh (2842803)

7.20pm Gower's Cricket Monthly. David Gower presents a magazine programme which mixes news, interviews and features on the serious and light-hearted sides of the game of cricket (707803)

The corned Terry Cohn (8.00pm)

8.00pm The Search for the Silver Arrow (s) (9193)

9.00pm World Championship Snooker. David Vine introduces continued coverage from the Crucible, Sheffield. (s) (596551)

9.45pm This Life: Family Outings. Drama series about five friends who live and work together. Warren learns that Kim might try to "out" him to the rest of the family. Anna tries her hand at marriage guidance and Miles beats his father at his own game (Coefax) (s) (578718)

10.30pm Newsnight (Coefax) (886667)

11.15pm World Championship Snooker. David Vine introduces highlights of today's play including the conclusion of the Davis v Thorne match. Includes a chance to see how Crucible first-timer Anthony Hamilton is faring against Nigel Bond, last year's runner-up in the championship (s) (461532)

12.00midnight Hour. Late-night political chat show (8783)

12.30am-6.00am The Learning Zone

CHOICE

The Search for the Silver Arrow BBC2, 8.00pm

This is Prince Edward's television week. Tomorrow sees the start of his two-part documentary about the Duke of Windsor.

Meanwhile *The Search for the Silver Arrow* is a special from the Top Gear team, made by Prince Edward's company, Ardent Productions. It is quite a tale. The Mercedes W154 Silver Arrow, one of the great racing cars ever built, is the subject of a documentary produced in small numbers and few survived the Second World War. In 1988 a millionaire businessman, Terry Cohn, discovered one in Ceausescu's Romania and was happy to meet the \$2 million asking price. But he was swindled out of his money and never got the car. The missing vehicle finally tracked down, but not before the film has revealed an amazing web of double-dealing with links to organised crime.

Rescue: The Golden Hour Channel 4, 9.00pm

With 35 dead and 500 injured, the Clapham train crash of November 1988 is an unlikely candidate for a positive message. Yet this film is able to find one. To make the point it goes back to a newsreel of the crash, in which 112 people died. Then the policy of the ambulance service was "scoop and run". With little training or experience, crews simply picked up the wounded and took them to the nearest hospital. Scoop and run remained the practice for another 30 years but critics said that people were dying needlessly while waiting for attention. The rival approach was to treat victims on the spot. The "golden hour" after the accident was seen to be vital. Ambulance drivers became paramedics and teams of doctors were rushed to the scene. The Clapham casualty toll was bad enough, but it could have been even worse.

An Inspector Calls: Hotel Check Channel 4, 9.30pm

Jayne Wyatt and Richard Stirling work for the Automobile Association and their job is to check out the hotels, farmhouses and bed and breakfasts which appear in the AA's guides. Wyatt does her work undercover, checking in as Mrs Lawless and revealing herself to the manager only after she has discovered the snags. Stirling's visits (when he can actually find the place: a running joke) are completely open. He is a friendly, chatty character and impeccably polite, even when he is being critical. Wyatt, who says that despite appearances, staying in the best hotels is hard work. As she slogs through yet another meal, sensitive about the four stones she has put on since becoming an inspector, you almost believe her. While she ponders whether to award the London Waldorf an extra rosette, Stirling has got himself lost again in the lanes of Devon.

Omnibus: Written on Water BBC1, 10.40pm

Michael Frayn adds a personal portrait of Budapest to a distinguished series of city profiles that has previously included Berlin, Prague and Vienna. The result is a book. Frayn declares, is written in water and it gives him a useful framing device. He is talking not only of the Danube, which for centuries ensured that Buda and Pest were separate entities, but of the city's past, steam baths and swimming pools. Frayn's other theme is the dream of Hungarians, only rarely achieved in 1,000 years, of being their own masters. With a light touch, and a wide cultural sweep, Frayn chronicles foreign invaders from the Mongols to the Soviet Union. "The Hungarians are said to be a melancholy people" he muses. "I wonder why?"

Peter Waymark

GMTV

6.00am GMTV (5204416)

9.25pm Win, Lose or Draw (s) (7881261)

9.55pm Regional News (Teletext) (6532700)

10.00pm The Time... The Place (s) (2218193)

10.35pm This Morning (44018193)

12.00pm Regional News (s) (6632629)

12.30pm News and weather (Teletext) (3551990)

12.55pm Shortland Street (s) (3576209) 1.25pm Coronation Street (s) (Teletext) (5792551) 2.00pm Home and Away (Teletext) (s) (54405716) 2.25pm Chain Letters (Teletext) (s) (54417551) 2.50pm Garden Calendar (Teletext) (4753025)

3.20pm News (Teletext) (7518280)

3.25pm Regional News (Teletext) (7517551)

3.30pm Caribou Kitchen (s) (8665375)

3.40pm Tots TV (s) (7478008) 3.50pm Old Bear Stories (s) (8665751) 4.05pm Scooby Doo (s) (2698338) 4.25pm Tiny Toon Adventures (s) (2698338) 5.50pm The Big Bang (Teletext) (s) (8083071)

5.10pm The List (977882)

5.40pm News and weather (Teletext) (221261)

6.00pm Home and Away (s) (Teletext) (s) (70148)

6.25pm HTV News (Teletext) (871716)

6.45pm Sportsworld (Teletext) (744358)

7.00pm Talking Telephone Numbers. Guests include stand-up comic Tim Vine and hula hoop artist Denise Garcia. Bradley Walsh and Linda Lusard (s) (8919)

7.30pm Coronation Street. (Teletext) (613)

8.00pm Police in Action. A special report on the charismatic Dr O'Neil, a played by Andrew Connolly (Teletext) (s) (9483)

8.30pm Police, Gorms, Achorn! The Liver Run. Alastair Stewart narrates a 29-mile journey across London for a lifesaving liver operation (Teletext) (s) (4174)

9.00pm Bramwell. When Eleanor applies for a part-time job, she comes face to face with the charismatic Dr O'Neil, a played by Andrew Connolly (Teletext) (s) (9483)

10.00pm News and weather (Teletext) (22667)

10.30pm Regional News (Teletext) (30071)

10.40pm Ballat Box. Young people who will vote for the first time at the next general election cross-examine MPs on topical issues (487880)

11.40pm Good Advice (s) (71700)

12.10pm Bushnell on the Box (s) (1338997)

12.40pm Football Extra (8882385)

1.25pm Customs Classified (148472)

2.15pm Jones and Jury (s) (8720946)

2.40pm FILM: Brothers and Sisters (1982) with Michael Brandon and Pat Harrington. Drama about the lives of two brothers. Directed by Robert M. Lewis (641033)

4.20pm ITV Sport Mini Classics (2842255)

4.30pm The Time... The Place (s) (62965)

5.00pm An Invitation to Remember (s) (47168)

5.30pm Morning News (82385)

HTV WEST

6.00am HTV WEST except:

2.50pm-3.20pm Cat Crazy (4753025)

5.10-5.40pm Onstage Backstage (9977862)

6.25-7.00pm Wales Tonight (963396)

10.40pm Classical Gas (487880)

11.40pm Artyfy (751700)

As HTV West except:

12.25-12.50pm My Story (6640848)

12.55pm Coronation Street (3576209)

1.25-1.55pm Chain Letters (7992445)

1.55pm Home and Away (8892700)

2.25pm Check It Out! (5408803)

2.55-3.20pm A Country Practice (5711880)

5.10-5.40pm Home and Away (9977862)

6.00-7.00pm Westcountry Live (54700)

10.40pm The West at Work - Focus (808938)

11.10pm Street Legal (671822)

As HTV West except:

12.55pm Home and Away (3576209)

1.25pm Chain Letters (7992445)

1.55pm A Country Practice (6892700)

2.25-3.20pm Blue Heelers (6851193)

5.10pm Home and Away (9977862)

5.37-5.40pm Three Minutes - the Listings (413716)

6.00pm Meridian Tonight (377)

6.30-7.00pm Country Ways (629)

10.40pm The Pler (885087)

11.05pm The Listings (680193)

11.10pm Meridian Works (755894)

11.40pm Beyond Reality (751700)

5.00am Freescreen (47168)

Starts: 6.40pm Super Dave (7165700) 7.00pm The Big Breakfast (28483) 9.00pm The Golden Girls (35236) 9.30pm Film: Hollywood Cavalcade (4405938) 11.15pm A Blink of Paradise (8815613) 11.30pm The Pink Panther Show (8826551) 11.50pm Terraviva (2702919) 12.00pm Flight to Reality (12258) 12.30pm Alfred J. Kwak (40551) 1.00pm Slot Meltrinn (93942) 1.30pm Terraviva (94214280) 1.45pm Film: Suez (9022042) 3.30pm The Greatest (735) 4.00pm Jimmy's (342) 4.30pm Fruity Stories (754) 5.00pm Puppets: Puppets (1740036) 5.10pm Puppets: Puppets (1740036) 5.30pm Puppets: Puppets (1740036) 5.50pm Puppets: Puppets (1740036) 6.15pm News (675532) 7.00pm Puppets: Puppets (1740036) 7.25pm News (247006) 8.00pm News (3208) 8.30pm News (2716) 8.50pm News: Puppets (1740036) 9.00pm News: Puppets (1740036) 9.30pm News: Puppets (1740036) 9.50pm News: Puppets (1740036) 10.00pm News: Puppets (1740036) 10.30pm News: Puppets (1740036) 11.00pm News: Puppets (1740036) 11.30pm News: Puppets (1740036) 11.50pm News: Puppets (1740036) 12.00pm News: Puppets (1740036) 12.30pm News: Puppets (1740036) 12.50pm News: Puppets (1740036) 1.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 1.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 1.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 9.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 9.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 9.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 10.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 10.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 10.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 11.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 11.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 11.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 12.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 12.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 12.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 1.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 1.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 1.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 2.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 3.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 4.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 5.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 6.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 7.50am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.00am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.30am News: Puppets (1740036) 8.50am News: Puppets (174003



Morton: banks' move

Eurotunnel faces pressure over debt scheduling

BY MARTIN WALLER
DEPUTY CITY EDITOR

EUROTUNNEL will come under further pressure today to give details of progress in its battle with the banks over £8 billion of debt, when financial figures for 1995 are unveiled.

The market is braced for huge losses after interest payments. The City is looking for a pre-tax deficit that will be close to £900 million for the first full year of the tunnel's operation. This will come after an

estimated depreciation charge of £200 million and £700 million of interest costs. The pre-tax figure will therefore mask a small cash contribution from the tunnel's operations.

Of more interest to investors, who are braced for an eventual debt-for-equity swap that will heavily dilute their holdings, is the progress of the talks with the 223-strong banking consortium. The interest standstill agreement with them expires next March, by which stage some sort of settlement must be reached.

Eurotunnel is unlikely to satisfy the market's curiosity, however. Sources close to the company said there would be little to say about the state of play with the banks. Instead today's comment will concentrate on the commercial performance.

Sir Alastair Morton, co-chairman of Eurotunnel, is thought to believe that the next move is for the banks. They must produce a unanimous view of what they want out of any financial restructuring before negotiations can start in earnest. Many of the banks have already taken

provisions against their Eurotunnel debt, in some cases of about 30 per cent, and others have sold it on at a similar discount.

Eurotunnel hopes a package can be negotiated that would allow loan repayments to be staggered and interest rates lowered. In addition, the banks would take an equity stake of as much as a third. But no agreement is likely until the autumn. "Maybe there will be some hints on the negotiations, but I really expect the talks to drag on until the end of the year," said one

Paris-based analyst. Eurotunnel was playing down weekend suggestions that it might attempt to obtain a pledge from the banks that some limited dividends would be guaranteed to shareholders as part of the restructuring.

The news on the commercial front will be more positive. Car and freight passenger volumes on the Le Shuttle service have been rising in the first months of this year, and the tunnel now commands more than two fifths of all the Dover-Calais traffic. In addition,

Eurotunnel will focus today on the possible benefits of the award, at the end of February, of the contract to build the high-speed rail link to the tunnel to London & Continental, a consortium that includes Richard Branson's Virgin Group.

As part of the deal L&C takes over the running of Eurostar, the cross-Channel rail service. The result is likely to be more marketing muscle to boost the service, to the advantage of Eurotunnel's revenues.

Companies, page 43

Redwood fuels alarm over power mergers

BY CHRISTINE BUCKLEY

THE row over the shake-up in the power industry leap-frogged into the political arena last night after John Redwood attacked proposed merger moves.

With Southern Company, the giant US utility, stalking National Power, the UK's largest generator, and the Government close to a decision on whether National and its smaller rival PowerGen can take over two regional electricity companies, Mr Redwood became the first senior Tory to speak out against industry consolidation.

On BBC's *The Money Programme* last night, the former Welsh Secretary and party leadership contender bolstered cross-party concern over amalgamation in the power industry, which has been thrown into sharper focus by the arrival of Southern as a predator.

Warning against the move on National Power by the US company, which already owns Sweb, the regional electricity company, Mr Redwood said: "If you allow this one you have to allow others, and then you reach a point where there isn't any longer enough competition to drive prices down." His comments came amid a growing belief that Houston Industries, a Texas utility, will bid for London Electricity.

Mr Redwood, a right-wing, free-market enthusiast, added to concerns voiced by John Birt, Shadow Energy minister, who told the programme that he would block a bid for National Power by Southern. As an under-secretary in the Department of Trade and Industry, Mr Redwood helped to shape the privatisation of the industry.

After the programme, Mr Redwood said that a policy to ensure competition in the industry had been needed before last year's round of takeovers. "The more bids that are on the table, the more difficult it gets. We should have had a framework last year but at least we can have one now," he said.

Mr Redwood's comments will increase the intense pressure on Ian Lang, President of the Board of Trade, as he prepares a ruling on the proposed takeovers of Southern Electric (UK) by National Power, and Midlands Electricity by PowerGen. Although the bids have the support of the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, they have been criticised within the industry by companies fearing a strengthening of the generators' already dominant position, and by the electricity regulator.

Meanwhile, details are imminent of a conditional bid by

National Power for Southern Electric (UK). Talks continued over the weekend as the generator tries to rush through a bid that would help to form a defence against the bid on itself by Southern (US).

A swift deal could help to fend off Southern (US) by helping to persuade shareholders that a UK merger made more sense. In addition, if Southern (US) chose to try for National Power with Southern (UK) it would face a certain MMC referral.

Many believe that the ultimate goal for Southern (US) is to capture National Power, Southern (UK) and retain a controlling interest in Sweb. However, it is not certain that it would want to pay the price for Southern (UK) that National may have to stump up to push through a speedy deal. It is thought that National will pay about £9.50p a share, against Friday's market price of £8.50p, in a cash and special dividend package.

Southern (US) has still to follow its statement last Wednesday that it wanted to combine its business with that of National. Tom Boren, chief executive of Southern's overseas division, was in London last night and the company is expected to react once National reveals its deal with Southern (UK).



Richard Wood, managing director of English Hop Products, of Paddock Wood, Kent, whose company has won a Queen's Award for Export Achievement for selling hops and hop products overseas. The hops have been particularly successful in America, selling to specialist "micro-breweries". Awards, pages 20-23

City sees Rentokil as bid battle winner

BY OUR DEPUTY CITY EDITOR

THE City is expecting the biggest takeover battle now running to end in a win for the bidder on Friday. BET, the services combine, is struggling to evade a £2.1 billion hostile offer from Rentokil.

BET received a last-minute boost on Friday, when a key shareholder, M&G Investment Management, with 7.5 per cent, came out in favour of the incumbent management. But observers believe that this

may not be sufficient to win victory for John Clark, the chief executive.

Around 25 per cent of BET is now held by arbitrageurs, or other short-term holders who are looking for a successful bid, so much will hinge around the performance of the share price this week.

Unlike M&G, the other big institutions, such as Prudential, Hermes, Threadneedle, and Sun Life, have not re-

vealed their intentions. If there is heavy selling and the BET share price starts to plunge, this will be read as a signal that the arbitrageurs have scented defeat for the bid and are heading for the exits. But the indications as the market closed on Friday were that they would get their profits.

Although the price had been subsidising, BET shares closed at 202.5p, just 10p below the cash and shares terms on offer

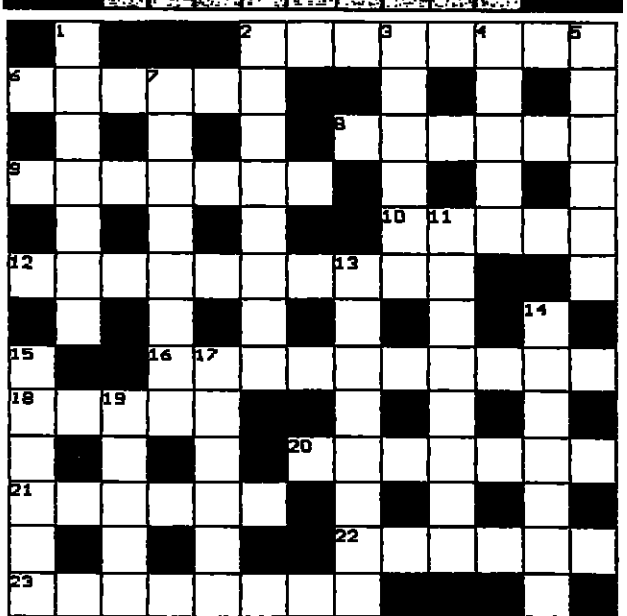
from Rentokil. The fight has centred on the performance of BET under Mr Clark, who arrived five years ago with a mission to pull round the ailing group and improve margins.

Clive Thompson, his counterpart at Rentokil, has claimed that it is time for the "company doctor" to step aside and to bring in new management. Mr Clark has countered by saying that the

level of the offer fails to take account of the improvements already made and the transformation of BET into a fast-growing group of focused businesses.

But Rentokil has earned an enviable reputation for providing a profits growth that over the past 14 years has averaged out at more than 20 per cent. The market betting is that this record will win the day.

TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 762

- ACROSS
- (Soviet) openness (8)
 - Handle awkwardly (6)
 - Silk weight-unit (6)
 - (Organisation giving) help for needy (7)
 - Effective: true (5)
 - Besotted (10)
 - Relentless (10)
 - Coppers (5)
 - To daze (7)
 - Catch in snare (6)
 - Boy sponsored at baptism (6)
 - (Academic) investigation (8)
- DOWN
- Pleasant (speech) sound (7)
 - Hamlet's mother (8)
 - Change course violently (6)
 - Upper-storey bay and window (5)
 - Torrent of anger (6)
 - Uncivilised (8)
 - Progressive; lent (8)
 - Painstaking (8)
 - Omission of vowel, syllable (7)
 - Seem: arrive (6)
 - Las Vegas state (6)
 - Items of paper money (5)

SOLUTION TO NO 761
ACROSS: 4 Assam 7 Emeritus 8 Fall 9 Dovetail
10 Nectar 13 Singly 14 Cancan 15 Sketch 18 Operator
19 Tuck 20 Tabulate 21 Shave
DOWN: 1 Menace 2 Zealot 3 Girder 4 Asterisk 5 Straight
6 Moley 11 Canberra 12 A la carte 14 Chorus 15 Sirius
16 Extras 17 Cacher

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New business paper runs into controversy

BY ALEXANDRA FREAN, MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

BRITAIN'S newest national newspaper, *Sunday Business*, hit the streets yesterday — and ran straight into controversy.

The Ministry of Defence immediately dismissed its main front page report that it was about to award contracts worth £3.75 billion to British Aerospace in a move to boost Tory support in constituencies with BAE factories.

The paper claimed that Michael Portillo, Defence Secretary, would award a £1.4 billion contract to replace the Nimrod Maritime Patrol Aircraft and three missile contracts to BAE factories before the next election.

But the MoD said: "No decision has yet been taken. Our procurement policy is one of competitive bids and is based on value for money for the taxpayer. There is no way that a contract would be awarded purely for political reasons."

Although Tom Rubythorn, the paper's founding editor, claimed that the front page was full of "an extraordinary number of scoops", readers may have experienced a strong sense of déjà vu. Front page reports that Britain's Premier League football clubs were considering setting up their own pay-per-view TV channel and that Houston Industries, of Texas, was rumoured to be launching a bid for London Electricity, have been circulating for some time.

For many in the media, the story behind the paper's troubled launch was as fascinating as any of the reports in its own pages. In the week before its launch, the paper, lost its main backer, its printer and its advertising agency and was awash with rumours of cash-flow problems. A mys-

tery new backer was found at the 11th hour, although Mr Rubythorn admitted the paper would need further investment capital at a future date. Reports that the white knight was Owen Oyston, the entrepreneur, were denied.

New printers and advertisers were also found, although the planned 600,000 print run had to be cut to 450,000 and a planned television advertising campaign was cancelled.

While welcoming the new paper as providing a new outlet for advertising, media experts are sceptical about its chances of long-term success.

Although between 29 and 41 per cent of broadsheet readers say they read the business section of their Sunday paper, a survey conducted by CIA Mediamarket showed that only 11 per cent of respondents would be likely to read a Sunday newspaper that focused purely on business.

Media analysts said that in spite of the pre-launch problems it had been a "major achievement" to get such a weighty package out on time.



Portillo: "no decision"

Ministers to meet on IMF fringe

Finance ministers and central bank governors of the Group of Seven biggest industrialised nations have started talks on the fringes of the spring meetings of the IMF and the World Bank in Washington.

The main topics for discussion are expected to be the slow growth in Europe and economic reforms in Russia. The G7 will also seek a common stand on the dollar amid pressure in Europe for a further rise in the greenback's value. Row looms, page 45

SE vacancy

The Stock Exchange is reported to be close to appointing a new chief executive after the January departure of Michael Lawrence. Giles Varley, the exchange's director of market development, has been heavily tipped ahead of candidates fielded by Whitehead Mann, the headhunters. No one at the exchange was available for comment.

Harrods in view

Harrods, the Knightsbridge store owned by the Fayed brothers, is in the spotlight as a potential publicly-quoted company. The brothers are reported to be considering a flotation after the reaction to similar plans by Harvey Nichols, the upmarket department store. A Harrods spokesman refused to comment on the speculation.

Smith silent

WH Smith has refused to comment on suggestions that it may tap the stock market for £200 million as part of a group restructuring. A weekend report said that restructuring, including the sale or closure of Do It All, the DIY chain owned with Boots, might involve provisions of £150 million.

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MUSIC

Vladimir Ashkenazy conducts Sibelius, Shostakovich and Grieg at the Festival Hall
CONCERT: Wednesday
REVIEW: Friday



POP

On his own: Mark Knopfler embarks on his first world tour as a solo artist
GIG: Thursday, Cork
REVIEW: Saturday



BOOKS

The erotic life of George Bernard Shaw is the subject of a new study
IN THE SHOPS: Now
REVIEW: Thursday



FILMS

My kingdom for a horse: Ian McKellen is the new screen Richard III
OPENS: Friday
REVIEW: Thursday

ARTS
TUESDAY TO
FRIDAY
IN SECTION 2

THEATRE: New productions at the National and in Croydon — plus a 'can't fail' scheme to encourage stage investors



Ken Stott as Scotty Scott and Sean Chapman as the Diddycy in Tony Harrison's *The Prince's Play*, a late Victorian look at the Royal Family

Verdi called him Rigoletto: a hunchback jester to the Duke of Mantua or, if you are Jonathan Miller in revisionist mode, a barman in New York's Little Italy. He has also been Bertuccio in Tom Taylor's *Fool's Revenge*, a play in which Edwin Booth scored a massive hit just before his brother assassinated Lincoln. But originally he was called Triboulet and jangled his cap and bells in the corrupt court of François I as it was robustly evoked by Victor Hugo in his *Roi s'amuse* back in 1832.

Indeed, Hugo brought 16th-century France so provocatively to life that there were riots at the Comédie Française, and the play was banned as republican propaganda. That is not a fate likely to strike the legend's latest incarnation, even though Tony Harrison's *Prince's Play* turns the jester into a blend of Billy Connolly and Harry Lauder and makes him the sidekick of "HRH the Prince of Wales", scion of the House of Windsor and heir to the British Throne. I am relieved to report that, far from being another snook at the present Royal Family, Richard Eyre's production is safely set in late

Rigoletto to the royals

Victorian London: Café Royal, Pall Mall, a West End music-hall, and visits to East End Ripper territory.

Why it has been so relocated I am unsure. Harrison tries to disguise the fact that HRH has medieval powers over life and limb, but for all his imaginative energy, cannot quite do so. Conversely, his couplets have a contemporary ring, at one point rhyming "bit of fluff" with "chuffed". Just to add to the confusion, Bob Crowley's London seems variously indebted to Mayhew, Whistler and (black cloaks

hanging like bats over a curved-shell house) modern surrealism. And all this fuss for a Shakespearean-style tragedy to the uptight Paris stage!

Since what Hugo thought was tragedy we would now call melodrama, was the effort worth it? At one level, not really; at another, absolutely. You can almost hear the plot imploding. Verdi to camouflage its faults. Dickens at his wettest would not have created Scotty Scott's daughter (Arlene Cockburn), violently robbed of her

virginity by David Westhead's wonderfully smug HRH, yet loving and loyal enough to sacrifice her life for his. Boucicault at his barniest would surely have rethought the scene in which Ken Stott's Scotty braves lightning and rain to dance in vindictive triumph over the sack he thinks bulges with bits of murdered prince but actually contains the remains of his "wee, wee lassie".

You are unlikely to be moved by such stuff, but you will be impressed by what precedes it. Eyre and Harrison draw you into an ugly, dangerous world where nob, in evening dress swap sneers and sexist slurs with a vaudeville comic who, as played here, has genuine size and richness. Mix Shakespeare's most baleful victims, Iago and Shylock, and you have Stott's blend of malice, resentment and righteous fury. And was there any laughter when this monster added paternal tenderness to his emotional brew? Not a tittle of a titter. Never mind the melodramatics. This is a big, commanding performance.

BENEDICT NIGHTINGALE

Doublet, toil and trouble

meandering two-hander by Josh Lacey is hardly for devotees of Shakespeare. Kemp indulges in a long pseudo-Shakespearean monologue on "What is an actor?" An endless stretch of similes, it seems. Meanwhile Julia, in a doublet and hose she has stripped from a presumptuous passing squire, has her own Hamlet moments which do not add up

Two Gentlemen of Soho Croydon

to anything very coherent. After a tutorial on theatrical pretence, she is suddenly on a sea voyage, then drowning. Then she is back in London,

duelling with the squire. She lugs his corpse into a neighbouring room, is raped, loses her mind, and recovers when her husband returns from Denmark.

The production can be endearing. Collard's husband is both a comic pedantic patriarch and lovable old codger. Pollard has a sweet arresting beauty, can be playful or

tearfully pained. Regrettably, director Alison Riddgen seems to have encouraged mere babyishness: lashings of wide-eyed wonder and cute grins. Lacey's characterisation is the basic problem. This play seemingly criticises the male condescension of yesteryear. And Julia does venture out and master some skills — yet she remains an unbelievable ingenuite. That said, the silliness sometimes charms.

KATE BASSETT



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HE first played in the Albert Hall in 1929, and again in 1932 under Elgar's baton. On Saturday, to celebrate his 80th birthday (which falls today), Lord Menuhin came back.

The platform was packed with some of the world's top musicians. That was a fitting tribute to one of the greatest of them all. In the audience were eminent men and women not just from this land, but from many lands. That was fitting, too, for Menuhin's indefatigable humanitarian work has touched people in every corner of the globe.

And there was one more apt touch: the proceeds from this gala, mostly conducted by Menuhin himself, went to two institutions founded by him: Live Music Now! and the Yehudi Menuhin School. They will perpetuate his ideal of global fellowship through

CONCERT
Party fit for a lord
Menuhin Gala
Albert Hall

music for many decades after the echoes of Saturday's celebration have faded.

But what splendid echoes they were. Mstislav Rostropovich played Tchaikovsky's *Kocov Variations for Cello and Orchestra* with breathtaking

grace and delicacy. The bass Samuel Ramey was in stentorian form for bombastic arias from Verdi's *Attila* and Gounod's *Faust*, then he touched the heart with *Ol' Man River*. And Anne-Sophie Mutter was brilliantly characterful in Mozart's Violin Concerto in G, K216. The golden thread of great fiddle-playing goes on.

There was new music, too: Gareth Wood's vigorous *Fanfare for a Man of Spirit*; and Malcolm J. Singer's *A Hopeful Voice*, which set brave words (Holderlin, and Menuhin's own speeches) to big, simple tunes for the massed trebles of the Voices Foundation Children's Choir, garnished with flourishes for string soloists from the Menuhin School.

Menuhin conducted the *Enigma Variations*: not the most precise beat ever seen on this famous old podium, but it inspired warm playing from the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra. Then he gave an eloquent speech, reminding us never to cease trying to understand our enemies.

Finally the mood changed to pure party romp, as a host of musical celebrities — including the conductors Michael Tilson Thomas, Yan Pascal Tortelier and Pinchas Steinberg, and Rafael Payne, the new BBC Young Musician — hammed their way through Michael Haydn's *Toy Symphony*.

RICHARD MORRISON

Just shows what a novice angel can do

There must be a catch. A group of theatre investors recently launched an ingenious scheme called the Gabriel Fund — so-called, one presumes, because it will make super-angels of its participants. It offers the chance to invest in theatre at a reduced risk and with increased returns. How do they do that?

Andrew Empson, managing director of PW Productions, is one of the fund's co-founders. His production company is responsible for a spread of successful West End shows; he clearly knows his showbiz. "You spend about three-quarters of the budget of a West End show to get it to its first night," he explains. "The balance of the money is required if there are overruns in certain areas, if the show needs nursing or, in the worst case, to cover the period that it takes to get the show off. This element of money is theoretically not needed — but the producer has got to raise it."

Here comes the clever bit. The Gabriel Fund offers producers only this last element, the contingency supply. This might not be drawn upon at all — but the fund will still be due its share of any profits. The usual split is 40 per cent to the producer and 60 per cent to the investors. If the Gabriel Fund has supplied, say, a quarter of the funding for a production, it will be due a quarter of the investors' profits. That might sound very satisfying, but Empson and his colleagues are shrewd men and do not rest there.

"Because Gabriel is in effect a large investor, it will be able to get better terms," Empson explains. "It will be able to say to the producer, 'Look, I'm covering 25 per cent of your show. I'll take part of your share of the profits as well.' The producer is likely to

accede out of necessity. Gabriel's panel of experts comprises six theatre financiers, who together form an eagle-eyed team. "It's a group of people pooling their knowledge: almost what you might call insider trading, but not quite."

Empson chuckles at the joke, and I make a mental note that if ever I have £5,000 spare I shall steer it his way. This is what it will cost you to become an investor in the fund. Or rather, not necessarily. The fund will become active as soon as it reaches around

a much-needed boost to theatrical investment in this country. "It goes back to the Lloyd's mess, really," says Empson. "When Lloyd's names started losing money heavily, rather than see a Canaletto disappear off the wall they decided not to invest in theatre. The fund is one way to try to bring in more investors from outside."

Empson is also involved in another initiative with similar repercussions. Last month the Society of London Theatre formally approved the Small London Theatres Agreement, a set of guidelines for productions in West End theatres with under 700 seats. The idea is to reduce production and running costs in these venues in order to encourage greater investment, not least in dramas as opposed to musicals.

A theatre which usually charges £6,000 a week rental to the producer might, under the new agreement, charge only £3,000 a week. The actors and backstage staff would work for reduced payments (although never less than Equity rates). Ticket prices would be held down, encouraging more people to attend.

Both the Gabriel Fund and the Small Theatres Agreement are yet to be tested. Even so, they betoken the increasingly collaborative nature of British theatre production. If you had always wanted to be angelic but never quite managed it, this could be the time to start.

ANDY LAVENDER

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				\$25,000-99,999	Annually	4.65	3.72
				\$10,000-24,999	Annually	4.50	3.60
				\$2,500-9,999	Annually	4.30	3.44
Maximum permitted under TESSA rules	Annually	6.75% Tax-free		\$100,000 or more	Monthly	4.65**	3.72
\$1,000 or more	Annually	5.25% Tax-free		\$25,000-99,999	Monthly	4.55**	3.64
				\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	4.41**	3.53
				\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	4.22**	3.37
\$100,000 or more	Annually	6.25	5.00	\$25,000 or more	Annually	2.75	2.20
\$25,000-99,999	Annually	5.75	4.60	\$10,000-24,999	Annually	2.25	1.80
\$10,000-24,999	Annually	5.35	4.28	\$1,000-9,999	Annually	1.25	1.00
\$1,000 or more	Monthly	6.08**	4.86	\$25,000 or more	Monthly	2.27**	2.17
\$25,000-99,999	Monthly	5.60**	4.48	\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	2.23**	1.78
\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	5.22**	4.18	\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	1.24**	0.99

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\$25,000 or more	Annually	6.60	5.28	\$100,000 or more	Annually	4.65	3.80
\$10,000-24,999	Annually	6.25	5.00	\$25,000-99,999	Annually	4.65	3.72
\$1,000-9,999	Annually	5.60	4.50	\$10,000-24,999	Annually	4.50	3.60
\$25,000 or more	Monthly	6.14**	4.82	\$2,500-9,999	Annually	4.30	3.44
\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	5.60**	4.48	\$100,000 or more	Monthly	4.65**	3.72
\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	5.22**	4.18	\$25,000-99,999	Monthly	4.55**	3.64
				\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	4.41**	3.53
\$25,000 or more	Annually	6.76	5.44	\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	4.41**	3.53
\$25,000-99,999	Annually	6.66	5.33	\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	4.22**	3.37
\$10,000-24,999	Annually	6.26	5.04				
\$1,000-9,999	Annually	5.66	4.54	\$25,000 or more	Annually	4.65	3.72
\$25,000 or more	Monthly	6.16**	4.84	\$10,000-24,999	Annually	4.50	3.60
\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	5.66**	4.44	\$2,500-9,999	Annually	4.30	3.44
\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	5.26**	4.14	\$100,000 or more	Monthly	4.65**	3.72
				\$25,000-99,999	Monthly	4.55**	3.64
\$25,000 or more	Annually	6.76	5.44	\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	4.41**	3.53
\$25,000-99,999	Annually	6.66	5.33	\$2,500-9,999	Monthly	4.22**	3.37
\$10,000-24,999	Annually	6.26	5.04				
\$1,000-9,999	Annually	5.66	4.54				
\$25,000 or more	Monthly	6.16**	4.84				
\$10,000-24,999	Monthly	5.66**	4.44				
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Cold war legacy haunts Russia

Nuclear risk is put on ice

A pleasant smell of cooking came from below decks. The burly captain tried to tempt me down for lunch. "It's not dangerous. We live here." I felt like the boy on the burning deck. The old destroyer, quietly rusting in Murmansk harbour, did not appear dangerous. But only a few yards from me in the hold lay enough leaking radioactive waste to poison the entire Kola peninsula.

The *Lepse* is a more menacing ship now than she ever was when she patrolled the Atlantic as part of the Soviet Navy. In her hold lie scores of spent fuel rods that once drove Soviet nuclear icebreakers through the polar seas. Most are slotted into special insulation tubes. Some overheated, expanded and bent in the nuclear accidents which plagued the icebreaker fleet. With cavalier insouciance to the danger, Russian workmen went in with sledgehammers in an attempt to force them down the tubes. They shattered and fell to the bottom of the *Lepse's* storage hold, where they now lie, emitting huge doses of lethal radiation.

The Soviet authorities simply covered the converted hold with a thick layer of concrete, hoping the problem would go away. They planned to tow the ship out and scuttle her. But since Chernobyl the Russians have become acutely concerned by their appalling nuclear safety record. Instead, the directors of the icebreaker fleet have now called for Western help.

Experts from Britain's Atomic Energy Authority are among those contracted to open the rusting hold, send in robots to extract the lethal rods, encase them in glass and dispose of them deep in Siberia.

Meanwhile, the ship remains moored in the narrow, fog-bound channel in Russia's far north. A collision with the submarines, fishing vessels and warships using Russia's main ice-free port, could trigger a nuclear catastrophe. It is the sort of disaster that Western environmentalists believe could now happen in scores of ageing reactors across the former Soviet Union. This is the nightmare that brought President Clinton, John Major

and leaders of the world's most powerful nations to Moscow at the weekend to offer President Yeltsin help in cleaning up and making safe his polluted country.

Murmansk, the destination for the wartime Arctic convoys, is a desolate place. Scarred by shoddy postwar reconstruction, it is a city that grew rich on the secret Soviet military build-up, but now lives in fear of the deadly radiation it thinks will leak from the 185 nuclear reactors — submarine, civilian and military — scattered around the region. The radioactivity dumped off the Murmansk coast accounts for two thirds of all the radioactive waste ever dumped in all the oceans of the world.

The *Lepse* has become a symbol of a nuclear problem. The genial captain has grown used to the crude

'A simple collision could trigger a nightmare accident'

radioactive warning dangling from a rope on the quayside. He now barely notices the nearby *Lenin*, the former icebreaker and pride of Khrushchev's Soviet Union, that 30 years ago kept the northern sea routes to Japan open all winter. The ship stands, rusty and forlorn, waiting to be scrapped. The Soviet attitude to nuclear safety was even more alarming then: after the reactor overheated, they cut a hole in the hull and dropped it in the ocean.

The icebreaker fleet is now more modern. The Russians showed off their latest Finnish-built ship, her nuclear heart encased in glass and constantly checked. But where will the spent fuel rods be stored? The old storage tanks are full, the sea is now out of bounds and the land is too contaminated.

The civilian fleet admits its nuclear problems, at least. The worry is the submarine fleet of more than 70 boats is idling in harbour, with the old nuclear reactors still intact and still dangerous. The navy would like Western help, but does not welcome prying eyes. I toured the old harbour on a bleak dark day last October, in future, the most dangerous waste dumps may be off-limits. Few will then know what dangers still lurk there.

MICHAEL BINYON

Ten years after Chernobyl Piers Paul Read looks at how the disaster helped to topple the Soviet regime

THE sound of the explosion that took place in the No 4 reactor of the V. I. Lenin nuclear power station in northern Ukraine ten years ago still echoes around the world. The name of the nearby market town of Chernobyl has come to signify in the public mind an unacceptable level of risk in nuclear power.

There is no doubt that the consequences of the accident are grave for those involved. An increase in the incidence of thyroid cancer among children in the affected regions was predicted and has come about. According to early estimates by the British National Radiological Protection Board, it will cause around 30,000 additional cancers in Russia and Western Europe over the next 40 years.

While the environmental consequences of Chernobyl have preoccupied us, the political effects have been largely ignored. Yet in historical terms, Chernobyl may be one of those rare instances where an event is both symbolic of a major change and instrumental in bringing it about.

The explosion in the No 4 reactor was not just a dramatic image of what subsequently happened to the Soviet Union, but undoubtedly made many millions of hitherto loyal Soviet citizens realise that they had been deceived. The superiority of Soviet science was a basic tenet of Communist belief. The nuclear industry, like the space programme, was a proof of the pudding.

Among those most profoundly shocked, and subsequently disillusioned, by the accident at Chernobyl was the political leadership at the time. Both Mikhail Gorbachev, the Party Secretary, and Nikolai Ryzhkov, the Minister of Medium Machine Building, had fought in the civil war.

Aleksandr Alexandrov, director of the nuclear Kurchatov Institute, had succeeded Igor Kurchatov himself, the father of the Soviet atom bomb, and was now President of the Academy of Sciences — a position in the Soviet system of unassailable authority and prestige. Nikolai Dollezhal, the designer of the Chernobyl reactor, remained at the head of his Institute of Nuclear Design. For Gorbachev and Ryzhkov,



Suffering: child victims of the Chernobyl disaster pictured in hospital in Sofia in 1991. Cancer cases rose after the explosion at the nuclear reactor

A system that failed

ly named "Ministry of Medium Machine Building" — in fact a vast empire incorporating gulags and diamond mines, and with intimate connections with the KGB.

At the time of the accident at Chernobyl, the three men at the head of this state within a state were all around 90 years old. Efim Slavsky, the Minister of Medium Machine Building, had fought in the civil war.

It was impossible to believe that these legendary heroes of Soviet science had been incompetent, and equally impossible to explain the accident if they had not.

The first reaction was defensive. The initial announcement of the accident by Tass stated that this was the first accident in a Soviet nuclear power station "while in the United States 2,300 accidents, breakdowns and other faults were registered in 1979 alone".

To the liberals on the Central Committee such as Aleksandr Yakovlev, the accident at Chernobyl proved the urgent need to implement their policy of glasnost and perestroika. The differences between Yakovlev, head of the Party's propaganda department, and Yegor Ligachev, head of the party's ideological department, over the line to be taken over Chernobyl — whether to admit to errors or cover them up — were caught up in the ideological struggle

between liberals and conservatives on the committee.

In the end Yakovlev appeared to triumph. Articles appeared in *Pravda* ascribing the accident to the incompetence of the operators, and the negligence of the plant's director, Viktor Brukhanov. The political implications were clear. It was not Soviet Communism that was at fault but Brezhnev's "era of stagnation". Had there been glasnost and perestroika the accident would not have happened. Brukhanov and others from the power station were tried and sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment. No evidence was allowed to show that the reactors themselves had an intrinsically dangerous design. This was the last of the Soviet show trials.

This apparent candour over Chernobyl was not enough to re-establish confidence in the Soviet system. Quite the contrary. All the latest opposition to the Communist regime now

formed around the "non-political" issues of ecology and the environment. In December 1987, members of the Ukrainian Writers' Union formed a group called Green World to discuss environmental issues. By 1988 it had secured 20,000 signatures on a petition against nuclear power.

Membership of Green World grew from 30 to 500,000 and in the spring of 1989 its leader, Yuri Shcherbak, defeated the official Communist Party candidate for a seat in the Congress of People's Deputies in Moscow. The same phenomenon occurred in Lithuania where the first manifestation of nationalist sentiment came in the form of mass demonstrations against the nuclear power station at Ignalina.

In Ukraine and Belorussia, nationalists spread alarm and despondency among the populace, saying that the Soviet

scientists had lied and the Soviet Government was leaving them to rot in contaminated territory. Government radiation specialists were vilified and frequently went in fear of their lives.

Once Ukraine had gained its independence, membership of Green World dwindled; and after exhaustive research Western scientists judged that if anything Soviet scientists had erred on the side of caution. But by then Gorbachev had been replaced and the Soviet Union dissolved.

Chernobyl may not turn out to have been a prime cause of its dissolution, but it had proved to be an effective stick with which to belabour the Communist system, and also a cause of profound disillusion in many million Soviet citizens who, until April 26, 1986, had accepted without question that Communism worked.

● Piers Paul Read is the author of *Ablaze: The Story of Chernobyl*.

A worrying new virus joins the hepatitis alphabet

On the trail of G

YEARS ago, there was hepatitis. Today there is a positive alphabet soup of different forms of the disease, the latest of which — hepatitis G — has only recently loomed over the horizon.

It was first described a year ago by a team from Abbott Laboratories in North Chicago, but the evidence is that it has been lurking in the undergrowth for decades. The sample from which they isolated it was taken from a surgeon, identified only as GB, who developed a mysterious inflammation of the liver in 1964.

Over the years the Abbott team had tried to infect various species with the virus, but only a tamarin monkey ever succumbed. Recently, *Science* reports, they tried to identify it using the tools of modern molecular genetics.

They took blood from healthy tamarins, and then infected the animals before taking a second sample. Then they used a method called representational difference analysis (RDA) to compare the blood before and after infection, to try to identify DNA sequences present in the diseased creatures but absent from the healthy ones.

They found not one virus but two, both belonging to the same genus as the viruses that cause hepatitis C, yellow fever and dengue fever. They later found another related virus in people from West Africa, where hepatitis is endemic.

This is potentially alarming, because hepatitis C is a nasty virus which in a fifth of infected people eventually destroys the liver. Might these new viruses be responsible for many unexplained cases of liver damage?



SCIENCE BRIEFING

Nigel Hawkes

One such case was investigated by Dr Jungsuh Kim, of Genelabs Technologies in Redwood, California, who isolated a virus from an American patient that turned out to be nearly identical to the one from the West African patient. The team reported in *Science* in January that the virus has a global distribution and is present in blood donors in the US.

Evidence from the Abbott team agrees that it is widespread, found in 1 to 2 per cent of US blood donors, higher than the levels of hepatitis B or C. It has also been found in drug users and haemophiliacs, as well as in patients who have had blood transfusions. No test yet exists, though you can be sure that both Abbott and Genelabs are working on one. What remains unknown is whether this virus is the cause of serious disease or not.

It certainly can be, as a Japanese team has shown. They looked at six cases of a progressive form of hepatitis in which the liver ultimately fails, and identified the G virus in three of them. They reported in *The Lancet* last October that the course of the disease was slow.

This raises the possibility that G may be a sleeper, rather like C which for years was not thought dangerous. Rates of blood-borne hepatitis infection are falling rather than rising, which does not suggest that a hepatitis G epidemic is under way. But it could be lurking unnoticed in many people with no obvious signs of ill-health. Dr Arie Zuckerman of the Royal Free Hospital School of Medicine in London says a lot more work is needed to establish whether it is a clinical threat or not.

He's orange and gorgeous

voyage was later given the choice between a bright and a less-bright mate, she too opted for the quieter one. This worked only within limits: the difference in the area of orange on the male's body had to

be no greater than about 24 per cent.

If the difference was as much as 40 per cent, then basic instinct reasserted itself and the female went for the brighter male. The experiments show that mate choice in fish, as in people, is a blend of genes and culture. To say more than that might risk a charge of male chauvinism.

THE female guppy — a brightly coloured minnow found in the Caribbean and South America — favours mates of a rich orange hue. Except, that is, when they see another female making up to a less gaudy male.

Dr Lee Dugatkin of the University of Louisville discovered this intriguing evidence of fish peer pressure: when exposed to two males of varying hue, the female guppy will go for the more orange one 90 per cent of the time.

But then he allowed a female guppy to observe another female flirting with a rather dingier male. When the

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The invisible woman

Margaret Beckett, former deputy Labour leader, explains why she preferred working for John Smith. Interview by Mary Riddell

You've got a ladder in your right hand, says a passing MP. Margaret Beckett (whose history is invariably snaggled) smiles politely, aware that the vision of her sitting chatting on the steps outside the House of Commons is unusual enough to attract comment.

But then, these days, positive sightings of Mrs Beckett are so rare that one fears she may soon become the subject of a David Attenborough documentary. Is she, you wonder, the political equivalent of the endangered white rhino? Have they recast her as the Miss Havisham of the Shadow front bench, retired in the garb of her glory days as caretaker leader and locked away in some dusty Westminster attic? Why was a "Free Margaret Beckett" campaign launched? Has she simply ceased to exist?

But no. Here she is, large as life, brisk, friendly and looking purposefully forward to this week, when her industrial policy document, Labour's post-election blueprint, moves on to its last consultation stages.

She has, you suggest, seemed awfully quiet of late. "Well, my natural instinct is to shy away from publicity. I'd rather get no coverage than anything which is harmful to the party. I sometimes think I'm the opposite of Edwina. She likes coverage, whatever it is. I'm more fussy."

The reasons for her seeming obscurity are more complex, though, than any lack of desire to write steamy bestsellers or be the queen of the *Today* programme. Naturally, the burning issue she prefers to address is her enthusiasm for her current job as Shadow Trade and Industry spokesman. "It's the one I would have chosen if anyone had asked — which, of course, they never do."

Why not, after all she has done for Labour? "Party leaders don't ask. It's a bit like the Army. Go where you're sent."

In Mrs Beckett's case, Siberia looked a possible destination. She says now that she knew from the first that her bid for the leadership and the deputy's job was doomed. "I expected Tony and John to win. I fully accepted that I

might end up out of the Shadow Cabinet, out of the NEC and on the back benches."

But that was never likely. In John Smith's lifetime, Mrs Beckett had been accused of disloyalty over her lukewarm endorsement of his one-man one-vote reforms. After his death, she, his deputy, mourned him in the House ("I wept buckets as I wrote that statement. I went over it again and again, and the only time I got through it without crying was in the chamber") and then got on with it.

Reward was inevitable for a good job bravely done. The Home Office portfolio, everyone said, but she never believed it. "I read lots of reports saying I would get it, but none of them quoted Tony Blair." Instead she went to Health, and the poisonous whispers began.

Her policy document, *Health 2000*, was a dampish squib. But no other member of the Shadow Cabinet was subjected to such thinly-veiled criticism from the powerful staff of the leader's office.

Was she aware of that sniping? "Certainly I was conscious that it was a very delicate portfolio..."

She is careful, aware that one dainty black stiletto-step too far will create problems. But is it not true that she, in the one-of-us climate of new Labour, is simply not part of the cabal? "Well, it's different now. Then I was at the heart of everything that was happening. I used to say I was part of every committee God ever sent. But having your own area to run has its rewards."

Yet still you sense that, even heading her own department, she is the ham sandwiched between Mr Blair wooing American bankers and Brit-

ish industrialists and Mr Brown capitalising on the flaws of the privatised utilities. She pats that one away too and you realise that, somewhere in the game of softball, she has changed.

Where once she was strident (she called Neil Kinnock a Judas over his refusal to endorse Tony Benn for the deputy leadership), now she is conciliatory. Where once she was powerful, now she gives the impression of one hanging grimly on to the Blair edifice, white fingers clutching the window ledge as the party goes on inside.

Mrs Beckett was never, in appearance or inclination, the prototype of the new Labour woman. Where new Labour woman got the Barbara Follett makeover, she stuck with the Princess Royal tailoring. Where new Labour woman shopped for peppers in Ribérac market, she went caravanning in Yorkshire.

It was not a question of age — she is 53 — or intellect. Nor does she lack support, for she was top of the last Shadow Cabinet poll. Yet it was almost inevitable that on Mr Blair's accession she would be branded *ancien régime*.

It is equally certain that Margaret Beckett was bred to tough it out. The child of a carpenter who died, after a long illness, when she was 12, she grew up in a household overshadowed by that sorrow. One of her sisters became a nun, the other a psychiatrist. Margaret trained as a metallurgist before rising to become Shadow Chief Secretary to the Treasury.

Her appearance has always belied her skills. When I first met her, years ago, she retained all the trappings of the housewife superstar. A neat little pot of hand cream sat on her desk. Leo — her

husband, office manager and number one cheerleader — was packing her belongings into a flowered vinyl shopping bag.

Their marriage, doubtless stormy at its inception, since the first Mrs Beckett was still around when they met, appears one of the cosiest in politics. Splendid to have such a soul-mate in the climb to power. But surely, once the leadership was lost and the Becketts retired to the caravan they bought to console themselves, for her defeat, their joint commitment must have made it even harder to escape the pressures?

"No, not at all. We're in it together. I would never have stood for the leadership if Leo hadn't told me it was the right thing to do. After John died, I asked him 'do you think I can do the job?' He was so supportive."

After John died... she says it often, and she misses him still. "He was such good company and such a strong personality. Neil sometimes seemed to lack confidence. John never did."

It is all so different now. When you ask her which leader she preferred, you expect her — tactful as always — to devise a polite, pro-Blair formula. But she does not hesitate. "Without any discredit to anyone else, working for John was the easiest. He gave people space, responsibility..."

Margaret Beckett must mourn such freedoms, although she intends no invidious comparisons. "Tony is very, very talented. He will be a brilliant Prime Minister and the sooner he is, the better." And what will Margaret be then? In the same job, she hopes. But she never prejudices things.

"I'm a natural pessimist. I always prepare myself for the worst in the hope that nothing worse can befall me than what I have anticipated."

Once she dreamt, but that is not a luxury she can permit herself these days. She does not even know whether, given the boundary changes, she will hold her seat at the next general election. And what would she do if it all turned to dust? No plans, she says. None at all.



Outside looking in: Margaret Beckett has faded gracefully from the limelight under Tony Blair's new Labour

If it's cardamom, this must be Kensington

FENUGREEK, cardamom, turmeric, paprika, cayenne pepper — chances are you've got whole rows of them in matching jars on your splendid Habitat stripped-pine spice rack, but you probably can't even pronounce half of them. Most of the time, you only ever use mixed herbs and a dash of black pepper in your carbonara.

But spices are more traumatic than you ever thought, for not only are they culinarily challenging, they send out a litany of complicated social signals. Choosing spices is a

life choice. They may have always had mythological significance, but in the 1990s your spice rack, unassuming as it appears, says more about your style and class than the state of your curries.

"There is definitely a class thing attached to spices," Deborah Cunningham, a researcher for the British Pepper and Spice Company, says.

"Our research has shown there is a lot of one-upmanship attached to spice racks. People put certain spices on them to impress their neighbours and friends when they



SIGN OF THE TIMES

by Katherine Knight

come round. They want to give the impression that they're accomplished cooks when actually they never use them. The ones that are used and have finger marks all over them are shoved randomly in the cupboard."

If it's cardamom it must be Kensington, if it's mild and hot chilli powder, it's Burnley. "There's a lot of posturing over spices. People like to be fashionable. A while ago it was all curry powders, whereas now Mexican and chilli

blends are all the rage," says Martin Muggeridge from Lyon foods.

"There's also a lot of competition between husbands and wives when it comes to spices," Ms Cunningham says. "Partners can be secretive, using spices as a kind of signature, and they won't tell each other about their special touches."

That simple spice rack is a war zone. At least chillies are supposed to stimulate the stomach defences. If you're lucky, it might defend you against snooty neighbours

and a stale marriage as well. And it is not only your social structure that shows. Research in America suggests they say a lot about your love life as well. There is a correlation between the number of spices on your rack and the number of years you've been married. Twenty-year-old fusty marriages, it seems, "On the other hand, provided they have dark, cool conditions, spices will keep," Mr Muggeridge says. "That could be useful marital advice."

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Matthew Parris



■ There are times when a need is obvious, but neither money nor any kind of help seems able to meet it.

I was nearly midnight. He was sitting alone on the London-bound platform at Hither Green station, a can of Boddington's ale on the bench beside him. The last train to Charing Cross was late, 20 minutes late the stationmaster has just told me.

"The train's delayed," I said to the young man with the Boddington's. "They say it will be another ten minutes now." He asked me if I knew when the last Bakerloo Tube ran; we discussed his chances of catching it and I told him about the night buses from Trafalgar Square. There was nothing untoward about him, no warning signs. Indeed there was nothing unusual at all except that his smile — he had a ready smile — looked older than his years. It was a comprehending smile, with a slight sharpness behind the eyes, and also a tolerant weariness. The train arrived and I sat down opposite him.

We talked. I think he did not recognise me; he asked me nothing about myself. I asked what took him to London. "I'm flat-hunting tomorrow," he said. "Saturday's the only time you can. I've got temporary lodging at Kilburn. Starting a new job next week."

"As?" "I suppose if I say 'systems analyst' you'll be looking for the anorak." Not for the only time I noticed him scanning my reaction carefully while he spoke. For the first time I realised he was a little drunk — though fully in control. It is odd how drunk can lend people a special alertness to the reactions they are eliciting.

"I'm beginning to bore you," he said, "but computers are my passion. If the other person doesn't understand them, you can't explain. I was brilliant at computer games when I was a kid. Then I discovered girls and sort of lost it. I didn't work for my degree at Keele. Wasted time. Stupid. Now I'm with this software company but I start with a new one on Monday and it's better. I won't need a car, you see."

"Won't need a car?" "I lost my licence six months ago for four years. Drink-driving. Stupid. My accidents have all been when I'm sober, but the law's the law and I've only myself to blame."

"Why don't you stop?" "Well, I'm sorting out accommodation, and once that's sorted there's the job to get into. I'm looking forward to this job. I'm very good at it."

"But why not stop drinking now?" "I've got to get the other things sorted out first."

"Why? You could stop now." He paused. "I couldn't. Or smoking. But I will. Apparently you can get a sort of reprieve after a

couple of years' drinking ban. You have to get a psychiatrist to explain you're really changed and they do a blood test. There are things in the blood, you know, that show when you really have stopped. They prove it in court."

"You seem to be worrying a lot about it, the drinking. How old are you?"

"Twenty-six. What do you think about me?" "I think you might be somebody quite close to falling apart. But you're keeping the show more or less together, on the road, for the moment."

He did not respond to this, but took it without offence. "Do your friends stick with you?" I asked.

"Not all. Some. They know me."

"This temporary digs, how is it?"

"More a cupboard than a room. You have to leave the fridge door ajar or everything freezes solid and cracks. You can't cook. And the thing with laundry is... well I take a load of it to my Mum in Yarmouth. But my folks keep asking me why I haven't got another car."

"Now the ban's over."

"This is your second ban? And you haven't told your Mum?"

He did not reply. "What's your name?"

"Mark."

There are moments, hopeless moments, when on impulse you would do almost anything to help someone, if you could help them. If a few thousand pounds would have rescued Mark, I would have paid up there and then, and not wanted a word of thanks, nor ever needed to see him again. So, I expect, would his Mum. So, perhaps, would his friends. But his friends, his Mum and I were helpless in this.

We sneer that voters will — in secret — choose low taxes rather than state spending on schemes of national improvement, but do we take sufficiently into account the voters' other secret: the quiet suspicion that state schemes of national improvement don't work? It may not be from selfishness that people would rather keep their child benefit than divert it to Gordon Brown's new Youth Training Initiative: it may be due to an unvoiced conviction — unvoiced because they suspect they could be out-argued, yet have the hunch they are right — that the training scheme will achieve little.

I do not think most people are mean. I do not think I am. I had the strongest feeling that Mark was a good man, and unusually intelligent. Two good, intelligent men, looking across at each other in a late-night railway carriage on a train into Charing Cross: each, in his way, quite helpless.

per of food with us and we snacked on roast chicken and cheese to keep our energy up."

The feat is believed to have excited the interest of Prince Edward, a real tennis nut who made a television series about the game and whose relationship with Sophie Rhys-Jones blossomed on the court.

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The pair had to drive like clappers between courts, and the whole escapade was nearly written off when their car packed up. After three hours of struggling with the gearbox the RAC came up with a replacement car to finish the trip, by which time they were swiping at imaginary balls, dizzy with exhaustion. "We were shattered by the end, and it did get quite competitive. I won in the end," yawned Semmence, above the hubbub of small boys. "We had a huge ham-

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The mutiny at the Financial Times is focused on the wrong issue, on jobs rather than quality

Serve the readers, not the institutions

In the late 1970s Times Newspapers had a one-year stoppage over the issues of computer typesetting and trade union power. I was Editor at the time, and I felt like St Lawrence on his grid iron. The stoppage led directly to the sale of the company by the Thomson family to The News Corporation: it led indirectly to the move to Wapping, and, because that reduced the cost of producing newspapers, to the start of *The Independent* under Andreas Whitam-Smith. So far as I can remember, the Times NUJ chapel never passed a vote of no confidence in me. Now, in much less extreme circumstances, the NUJ chapel at the *Financial Times* has passed a unanimous vote of no confidence in Richard Lambert, the Editor, and his deputy. I think they are being rather unfair, but something strange is certainly going on.

The *FT* is different from the rest of the daily broadsheet press in London. It is basically a financial newspaper, though with some general, cultural and even sporting coverage as the vegetables round the meat. It is a monopoly in its own sector, whereas the other four broadsheets, *The Times*, *The Daily Telegraph*, *The Guardian* and *The Independent*, compete intensely with each other. It is, so far as the journalists are concerned, still a strong trade union shop, with the NUJ negotiating collectively on behalf of the staff. That is an unsatisfactory way of deciding the pay of journalists, as it means that the best journalists are bound to lose out to the average.

The *FT* is also the least proprietorial of the five broadsheets. *The Times* and *The Daily Telegraph* both have proprietors, Rupert Murdoch and Conrad Black, whose businesses have been self-made, who have built up their own publishing groups. They are not often interventionist in editorial decisions — indeed Conrad Black occasionally writes letters to

his own publications to protest against decisions he has not liked — but that presence adds greatly to the competitive spirit of their newspapers.

The Independent is now substantially controlled by the Mirror Group and that sombre Ulster spirit, David Montgomery. Despite savage cost-cutting, it remains a surprisingly good newspaper, still often producing news stories and features which stand up well to the competition. *The Guardian* has in recent years experienced a reconstruction of the editorial leadership, apparently imposed by the Guardian trustees, of whom that eminent columnist Hugo Young is Pope. This does not mean that these newspapers are simply reflections of their proprietors' attitudes — if they were, they would fail. It does mean that their journalists have a sense of being answerable: some degree of proprietorial supervision helps the most independent-minded editor to drive the Monday morning feeling out of the cracks and crevices of his newspaper, to make sure that "good enough" is not regarded as good enough. In their different ways, all four of the London general broadsheets show this creative tension, and it makes them better newspapers. In particular, it makes them concentrate on satisfying their readers, rather than their news sources.

The *FT* has an ownership, the Pearson Group, but no proprietorship. From 1956, when Brendan Bracken, who was a hands-on proprietor, sold

the *FT* to Pearson, the owners have followed a principle of absolute journalistic freedom. Pearson has also been extremely unadventurous in entrepreneurial newspaper expansion. It could have bought *The Sunday Times* in 1959, *The Times* in 1966 and probably Times Newspapers in 1981, but in each case it chose not to do so. It has rejected, or failed to take, similar opportunities to buy other newspapers. What has this non-interventionist, non-entrepreneurial policy produced?

William Rees-Mogg

It has produced a financial newspaper of some great virtues. The *FT* has an awesome worldwide reputation, rather like that of the *Neue Zürcher Zeitung*. The *FT* too is credited with the regularity and reliability of an expensive Swiss chronometer. Businessmen often chafe at its coverage of their own businesses, but believe what it writes about other peoples. The foreign coverage is detailed, and tends to be rather politically correct.

The *FT* advised its readers at the last election to vote for Neil Kinnock, though few of them seem to have done so. But it is probably now the

nearest thing John Major has to a sympathetic broadsheet newspaper. After 40 years of going their own way, many of the journalists on the *Financial Times* have taken on some of the coloration of the bureaucracies they cover. The paper is now probably closer than any other to the Treasury, the Foreign Office, the Bank of England, the great fund management houses, the Commission in Brussels, the US State Department and the bureaucracies of power throughout the world. It does not necessarily admire the people at the head of these bodies, but it stays close to their staffs, to the solid ranks of those who draft the speeches which the ministers deliver. Not since Geoffrey Dawson went round to Downing Street has Britain had such an establishment newspaper. That did not do *The Times*, or its readers, much good in the 1930s.

The pattern is at once recognisable. In the United States, the major newspapers all have broadsheet monopolies in their own cities, and they are all dominated by the same combination of a liberal journalistic culture and the influence of institutional sources. *The New York Times*, *The Washington Post*, the news columns (though not the leader columns) of *The Wall Street Journal* — all reflect these professional characteristics. These newspapers do not respond to the attitudes of their readers, who themselves have to compete in a harsh world, so much as to those of the happy

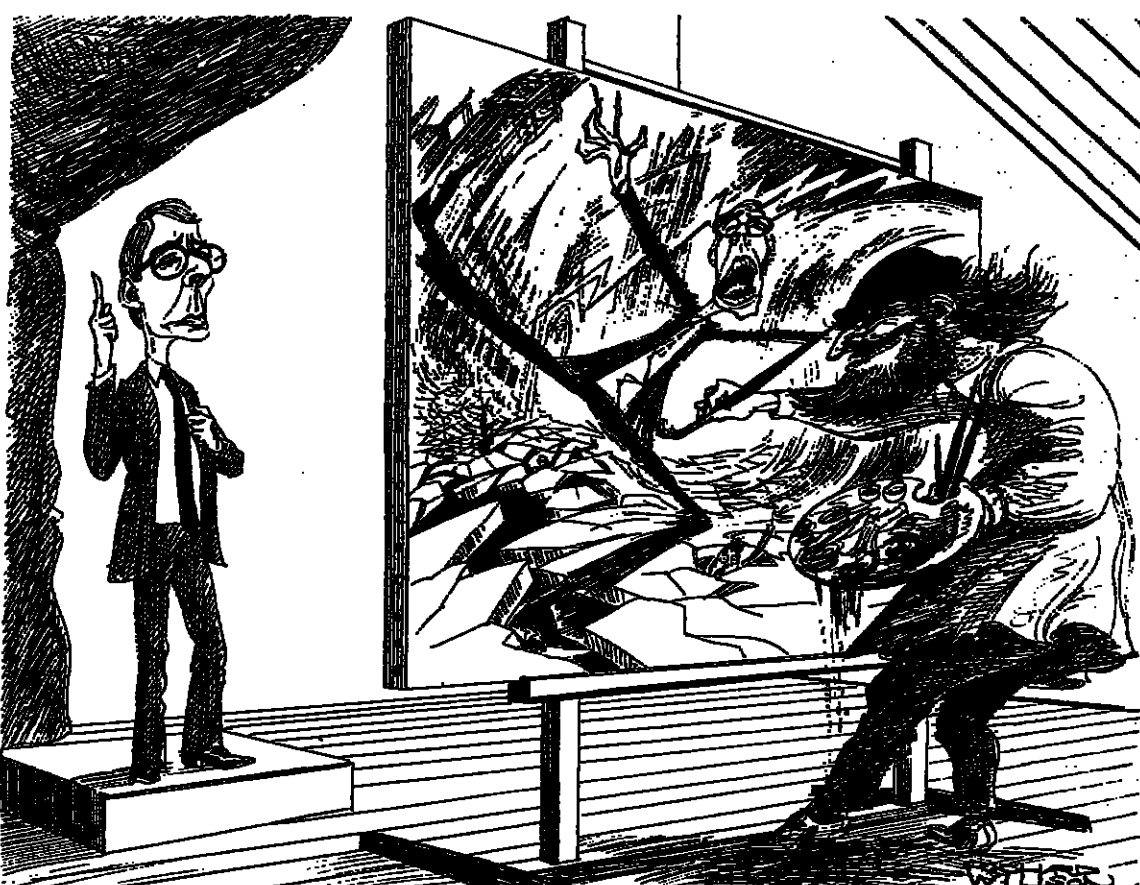
campers of the bureaucratic picnic. In the past ten years, the *FT* has failed to foresee some of the most serious failures of its corporate contacts, and has failed to foresee its readers. The *FT* did not give advance warning of the decline of the British merchant banks which has resulted in Morgan Grenfell, Barings, Warburgs and Kleinwort's all being sold to foreign interests. In the 1980s, when I was working for the paper, we would have expected to foresee what was happening in the banks, and would have regarded what did happen as a tragedy. The *FT* did not foresee the Lloyd's disaster. Thousands of its readers were Lloyd's names, and many have been ruined by that catastrophe. The *FT* was wrong about the European exchange rate mechanism and failed to foresee what others did foresee: that it would be a disaster for the British economy.

The issue on which the NUJ chapel has lost confidence in the Editor is not of this kind. It is, naturally enough, their own jobs. The *FT* has an editorial staff of 339; there is a proposal to make 30 of them redundant, a few involuntarily. Yet the *FT* is undoubtedly overstaffed. Any competent editor could produce the paper with a staff of well under 300, but any competitive editor would be able to raise the standards. In the 1950s, which were for the *FT* a golden age of good journalism and rising profits, the Lex column had a staff of two and a reputation for brilliance; it now has a staff of five and a reputation for competence.

What the *FT* needs is a strong competitor — a serious financial paper which is closer to its readers than to its news sources, which is entrepreneurial rather than corporatist in spirit. *Sunday Business* shows that there is still a spirit of enterprise in business newspapers. What the *FT* needs, but would not like, is a daily competitor backed by a group with real resources.

Less grim than he's painted

Peter Riddell says the Tories should make more modest, but plausible claims



can make a difference over time, but it will be more marginal than politicians claim.

The Major Government is best seen as an unheroic and at times muddled attempt to manage adverse circumstances and an increasingly fractious party. It can point to the lowest inflation and interest rates for 30 years, lower unemployment than in most of the rest of Europe, and, thanks to privatisation, lower energy and phone costs. Big mistakes have been made, and the Government has been slow to address the fears created by greater economic insecurity and labour market flexibility. Mr Major is partly to blame for the relaxation of public spending controls in the late 1980s and early 1990s. But in the last three years the Government has tightly constrained the growth of spending, so that its share of national

RIDDELL ON MONDAY

income is falling. The Tories have introduced overdue shake-ups in health and education, and taken decisions to reduce the growth of the social security budget so that Britain is in a much better position on pensions than, say, Germany. Many of the longer-term underlying dilemmas about the rising demand for public services remain, so the Tories can only really contain the growth of the overall tax burden. Talk of tax reductions is largely hollow, since over time any cuts in income tax will be offset by increases in other taxes.

Labour would, however, find it hard to hold down spending and hence taxes, despite the assurances offered by Gordon Brown now. Labour has opposed most specific mea-

sures to save spending, while public-sector unions and interest groups would be pressing for increases. But any rises under Labour would probably not be large. So the real choice is not between high and low spending and taxes, but between relatively higher or lower levels.

The real doubt is not over Labour's commitment to cautious fiscal and monetary policies, but about whether it would be as keen in practice to improve competitiveness. The Tories vastly exaggerate the current significance of the British opt-out from the EU's social chapter, and Tony Blair is right that it is only a set of principles. He may not want to import higher labour costs and rigidities from the Continent, but if Britain signed the chapter, it would be bound by decisions taken by qualified majority voting: the impact would depend

on how far Britain could persuade other countries.

Differences over further integration of, say, foreign, defence and home affairs policies in Europe are, in practice, small. The real gap is over attitudes, and how far the Tories can any longer pursue an effective European policy. They have a minimalist, lowest common denominator approach to keep the party together. The cynical pro-European case, implicitly Malcolm Rifkind's, is that whatever we say now, nothing of substance has been conceded to the sceptics, and that if the Tories win the election, Britain will be free to reach agreements at the inter-governmental conference. But that underestimates party strains and existing suspicion of Britain. The promise of a referendum on a single currency has encouraged, rather than appeased, Sir James Goldsmith — and both John Redwood and Norman Lamont are now making friendly gestures towards him.

The Tories' diehard defence of the purity of the constitution, the Union, the House of Lords and the Crown against Labour's wild radicalism also sounds unconvincing from a party which has so centralised power since 1979. Far better to admit past failings over local government and to appear as commonsense reformers, opening up the working of Whitehall and reducing secrecy, improving standards in public life via the Nolan inquiry and giving consumers of public services more rights through the Citizen's Charter. This is a better base from which to argue against the all-or-nothing reformers.

The Major Government has not been nearly as bad as Labour and some right-wing Tories claim. Its economic record stands up well in comparison with the final Thatcher administration and with many governments overseas. It can also offer a degree of experience and, more ambiguously, competence to weigh against the risks of an almost wholly untried Blair ministerial team. But a safety-first appeal probably will not be enough in face of public weariness with a party in office for so long. The Tories may simply have run out of time — as many ministers privately concede.

Net result

AT Prince Harry's prep school last night, his grandmother was not the only subject of a shrill-pitched toast. Pupils at Ludgrove raised a cup of cocoa to a master whose physical achievement almost makes the Marathon look a breeze. Mark Semmence, who takes Harry for history and cricket, has broken the record for playing consecutively on every real tennis court in the land. He and a partner competed on 19 courts, scattered across Britain from Hampton Court to Fife, in a gruelling 32 hours and 32 minutes, knocking more than two hours off the existing record.

The pair had to drive like clappers between courts, and the whole escapade was nearly written off when their car packed up. After three hours of struggling with the gearbox the RAC came up with a replacement car to finish the trip, by which time they were swiping at imaginary balls, dizzy with exhaustion. "We were shattered by the end, and it did get quite competitive. I won in the end," yawned Semmence, above the hubbub of small boys. "We had a huge ham-

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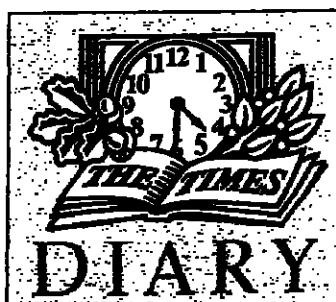
● Having passed on the baton of organising the London Marathon to others last year, Chris Brasher, the founder of the race, had time to enjoy the spectacle from the roadside yesterday. In shorts and singlet he trotted along the course shouting encouragement to participants, and even managed to ensure there was a glass of champagne for one thirsty friend as he passed a pub along the route.

Study first

YOUNGER blades in the House of Lords will be disappointed to hear that there is not, after all, to be a new baby of the House. Lord Gretton, who became eligible to take his seat when he turned 21 last week, has declined to do so. His mother, Lady Gretton, says he has far too much studying to do. "I shouldn't think he will be taking it because he's at college for the next two years. Then I'm sure it's something he will consider."

Hop spring

KENSINGTON PALACE is twivling with sexual tension. The Princess of Wales's staff are amused by reports that the cold



winter has prevented rabbits nationally from breeding as they are supposed to; for the lawns of the house are overrun with extremely bouncy bunnies.

"It's the biggest population explosion for years," says a palace flopsy-watcher. So enthusiastic are the displays of fecundity that colonies of voyeurs have been gathering, wet noses to the gates, to watch the action.

Noises off

POOR OLD Terry Venables is cursed by sleepless nights. It is not, however, the agony of team selection or forthcoming court battles that are tormenting the red-eyed England coach, but the nocturnal behaviour of his wife, Yvette.

"I have a very irritating habit of making noises in my sleep," she writes in a foreword to her husband's book, *Venables' England*. "Which can lead to some funny moments in our lives. Terry has often got up in the middle of the night because he thinks there is a bird stuck in the room, and then discovered it's me whistling in my sleep."

On one occasion the cacophony somehow convinced Venables that a convict was on the loose in the garden. "Armed with the rod we use to open our skylight windows, Terry crept down the stairs followed by me, hobbling — at the

time I had my leg in plaster as I was recovering from a knee operation. He opened the front door and leapt into the bushes brandishing the rod, but no one was there. Of course, it dawned on me that it had been me making sounds in my sleep again."

Is the strain beginning to, Te?

● Any grip on reality had clearly been lost by bidders in an auction in Bad Oldesloe, Germany, at the weekend. Someone paid £8,000 for a suit that once belonged to Hitler. Idi Amin's underpants went for a more modest £400, and salmon pink knickers once worn by Eva Braun went just £260.

Red alert

JOHN FRESCOTT will be pleased that his favourite pop star at least is happy to toe the party line. Mick Hucknall's band, Simply Red, was actually named after Manchester United, but he has always been open about voting Labour, and has asked Tony Blair for a role in the general election effort.

Blair's agent, John Burton, is dealing with the request. "I'm sure we can find something for Mick to do. Tony will be getting in touch," he says. Best bet is that Hucknall



Hucknall: happy to help

will be briefed by "snake-hips" Prescott, who loves a smooch with his wife to Hucknall's ballads.

● A figure hopped onto a District Line train in London the other day, sat down and opened a pocket German grammar. Turning to a fellow passenger he confided, slightly despondently: "I've just got back from holiday. I've forgotten all my German." He needs to pull his finger out. For the swotting traveller was Christopher Meyer, the Prime Minister's former press secretary, who takes over in July as our man in Bonn.

P.H.S.

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DARKNESS IN DAMASCUS

Even Israel knows disconcertingly little about Assad's goals

As Warren Christopher shuttles between Jerusalem and Damascus conjuring optimism out of air, his mission bears not only on Hezbollah and Israel's Operation Grapes of Wrath, but on the wider Middle Eastern drama to which Lebanon's civilians have again become the tragic chorus. He has said, wisely, that the US wants not just a ceasefire but "an enduring set of understandings" to prevent any return to this month's carnage.

At the least, these would have to be not just understandings but written agreements. They would have to impose credible curbs on Hezbollah, tighter than those contained in the informal rules negotiated by Mr Christopher in 1993. Even before Hezbollah tore up this rulebook by resuming rocket attacks on Israel, it was playing foul, exploiting Israel's pledge not to attack Lebanese villages by using them as bases from which to launch attacks. But if American mediation is to address Israel's underlying security dilemma, there must be a guaranteed end to all Hezbollah guerrilla action against Israel. Israel has repeatedly stated that if this were achieved, it would be willing to withdraw from the "security zone" which it occupies in southern Lebanon.

To be convincing, such a guarantee would have to be underwritten by the man who wields ultimate power in Lebanon — Syria's President Assad. With around 35,000 Syrian troops and perhaps a million civilians in Lebanon, Mr Assad does not lack the power to curb Hezbollah. In the middle of a taut Israeli election campaign, he understood perfectly that Israeli retaliation against Hezbollah's rockets was bound to be ferocious. He rightly anticipated that it would only be a matter of time before international protests swelled and America hastened to convert danger into opportunity before Arab outrage froze the Middle East peace process.

The possibility exists that such a freeze is just what Mr Assad wants — that, and the bonus of reinforcing his claim, denied by Israel's peace with Jordan and the progress

on the Palestinian issue, that there could never be peace in the Middle East without Syria. He is a dictator of extreme cunning, whose every move is conditioned by his determination to retain power. After the death of his eldest son he needs time to groom his second son for the succession. But disconcertingly little is known, in Washington and even in Israel, about what he calculates will best serve this purpose.

Recovery of the Golan Heights in a peace deal with Israel would be genuinely popular, but peace could bring in its wake demands for more freedoms at home. Mr Assad may calculate that a continued state of war with Israel, which he could use to justify his draconian rule, is less risky. If he wants to stall the negotiations, a Likud victory in the elections would suit his purpose.

Each rocket that hits Kiryat Shmona sharpens Israeli public anxiety about giving up the Golan Heights and swells the potential Likud vote. Even if Mr Peres wins, each attack makes it harder for any Israeli government to negotiate peace. But Syria does not hold every card. It has invested heavily in stabilising Lebanon. Israel's ruthless campaign has sent 400,000 refugees flooding north into Beirut and destroyed key installations. By Israel's own admission, its aim is to destabilise the country once more and to scare off investors. By raising the cost to Syria of supporting Hezbollah, it hopes to propel it back to the negotiating table.

If Mr Assad fears peace more than war, such considerations will not sway him. Yesterday in Jerusalem, all that Mr Christopher could report was that the Syrian President might possibly be prepared to confirm the 1993 pact in writing — an offer so inadequate that Mr Peres cannot but refuse. Unless Mr Assad curbs Hezbollah, his reputation as a sponsor of terrorism and an enemy of peace stands. If he wishes to be interpreted otherwise, he must begin to address Israel's legitimate security concerns, in Lebanon today and, ultimately, on the Golan Heights.

THE T-WORD

Who are the rich, and what is tax for?

John Prescott told Clare Short yesterday to stick to agreed Labour policy or get out of the Shadow Cabinet, a perfectly reasonable injunction save for one awkward fact. On tax, Labour has no policy to which to stick. As one Labour spokesman noted in response to Tory charges that Ms Short had revealed the party's secret policy on tax: "You cannot reveal a secret if it does not exist."

As the election approaches, Labour leaders will come under growing pressure over taxes: and the worst of this pressure may come not from the media and the Tories but from the unreconstructed advocates of income redistribution on Labour's own left wing. Gordon Brown may have promised that Labour would never again "tax for the sake of taxing", but many traditional socialists — including Ms Short, if she were free to express herself — believe in precisely that. They find wealth "obscene", particularly in a society where millions are still poor, and they believe that drastically narrowing the gap between rich and poor is one of the main functions of taxation. The problem for Labour with this doctrine is twofold.

First, there is strong evidence that the doctrine of income redistribution, which used to be accepted even by Conservative politicians in the 1960s, is no longer endorsed as a general principle by the voters. Phrases from that era such as "soak the rich" — crudely, but nonetheless aptly, labelled by Tories as the politics of envy — now sound decidedly dated. One of the great services performed for Britain by Margaret Thatcher was to make material success and wealth respectable and even admirable again.

Labour's second problem is that even those voters who still want to tax the rich as an end in itself disagree on who the rich are. Ms Short, for example, seems to believe that

it takes only £35,000 a year to be rich in today's Britain. But this would be strongly contested by the many teachers, policemen, and other public servants who earn such a sum already, or hope to earn it as they climb the ladder of promotion. And even higher incomes of £50,000 or £100,000 are now within the reach of many civil servants, doctors, and managers whose lifestyles and social standing have nothing in common with the tiny band of film stars, entrepreneurs and aristocrats to whom the adjective "rich" can unambiguously be applied.

Most people today understand that income inequalities are not simply the result of one group of people exploiting another in a zero-sum class war over the national wealth. Inequality is caused by the market economy, but is also a condition for its success. The market economy adds to the wealth of the nation, making even its poorest members far better off than they would be in an egalitarian socialist state. In a mixed economy, the purpose of taxation is not to eradicate inequality, but to help people who cannot earn an adequate living in the market, and to pay for services that may be best provided by the State, such as education and health.

Mr Blair seems to have understood this distinction between levelling and social provision. He claims to be proud of living in a country where hard-working people can "become rich". Much of his party, however, still clings to the Marxist view that if the rich are rich it must be at the expense of the poor. To judge by Mr Blair's fears of an uncontrollable backlash from such Levellers on his back benches, the biggest battle for the soul of the Labour Party may still lie ahead. It could prove a disaster for Britain, and for Mr Blair, if this battle is only joined in earnest after Labour comes to power.

A TRUE NOTE

Music's ambassador to the world turns 80 today

Yehudi Menuhin, the infant prodigy who astonished audiences and captivated Elgar, Toscanini and other musical giants when the world was still recovering from the First World War, today celebrates his 80th birthday. At Saturday's special concert in the Albert Hall, reviewed on page 13, the musical world paid tribute to the century's most famous violinist.

Perhaps more than any living artist, Yehudi Menuhin is music's ambassador to the world. There is scarcely a capital in which he has not played, an honorary degree or decoration he does not hold or a statesman he has not met. Britain can be proud that this American-born offspring of Russian Jewish immigrants who spent his boyhood on trains puffing across America from one performance to another and has rarely spent more than 40 days in one place, eventually settled here. It was only when he recently became a citizen, however, that Britain was able to honour him — with a knighthood and then a peerage — for what he has given his adopted country: his celebrated violin school, the Bath festival that he directed and his Live Music Now! project to encourage young players to bring music to those deprived of its inspiration: children with special needs, adults with learning difficulties, the elderly and prisoners.

Lord Menuhin, a prolific correspondent to

this newspaper, is now more familiar to the young as a public figure — humanist, philanthropist and champion of liberal causes. There is about him a woolly cloud of saintliness, thickened by a certain amiable eccentricity and political naivety. He bubbles with schemes for halting wars, ending starvation, redeeming criminals or saving the environment. The latest is MUSE-E, founded to inspire the underprivileged through universal primary school music and dance, and the Mozart Fund to prevent torture, fight disease and save the Alpine environment.

These good works should not obscure his incomparable career as a virtuoso. It is at least a decade since he last took up his violin, but a recent French compilation of archive film makes clear why he so moved audiences, all those years ago, or why the elderly Elgar, after hearing Menuhin rehearse only a few bars of his new Violin Concerto, felt confident enough to put down his baton and announce that he was off to the races. Lord Menuhin, a man of strong moral convictions, has championed human rights not just with words, but by leading the musical boycott of Hitler, playing for concentration camp victims, befriending Soviet dissidents, calling in the Knesset for peace with the Arabs, or, perhaps at greatest personal cost, pressing after the war for reconciliation with Germany. He has much to celebrate today.

Labour's plans for reform of Lords

From Viscount Runciman of Daxford, FBA

Sir, May I take issue with Lord Kennet (letter, April 16) about the method of selecting the members of a reformed House of Lords?

I, like Lord Kennet, write as a hereditary peer, and I agree with him that we should not be constitutionally entitled to our places. But it is misleading to say, as he does, that an appointed House would be "the greatest quango of them all". It all depends on by what method, and according to what criterion, the appointments are made. Most positions of serious responsibility, from High Court judges to university professors to senior civil servants to captains of national sporting teams, are filled by appointment. And so, surely, they should be, always provided that the selection is genuinely based on merit.

A reformed House of Lords would ideally consist of men and women all of whom, for a variety of reasons, were particularly well qualified to perform the revising and advising functions for which a second chamber exists. There may be a case for some members to be elected to represent particular interests and for some to be appointed on overt party political grounds. But there is also, I submit, a strong case for a quota system whereby a substantial proportion of members were appointed, as some are at present, on merit independently of either parentage or patronage.

I may add that I have suggested the outline of a scheme on these lines to the leaders of both the major political parties, but to no discernible effect.

Yours faithfully,
RUNCIMAN,
House of Lords,
April 17.

From the Earl of Harrowby

Sir, It would seem that Mr Blair's intention is to mutilate and perhaps ultimately destroy the House of Lords. After a widespread career starting in 1940, I joined the House, by heredity, in 1967 and I have been surprised and impressed over the ensuing years by its efficacy and all-embracing expertise — and its deference to the will of the electorate.

Why "cut off your nose . . . ?"

Yours faithfully,
HARROWBY,
Sandon Hall, Stafford,
April 19.

Whistleblowers Bill

From Mr Don Touhig, MP for Islwyn (Labour)

Sir, Jon Ashworth's article (Business, April 17) on the enormous sums being lost to UK business by white-collar crime recognises the potential of the Public Interest Disclosure Bill to stop the rot. The official reports into Maxwell, Barlow Clowes, BCCI and Baring's show that employees who spoke up were victimised and that others who knew the truth were cowed into silence. As your article shows, £1 million frauds in average-size companies can easily go undetected while fraudsters know that their colleagues are too frightened to sound the alarm.

One would expect the Government to back a measure which offered some protection to employees who act responsibly to check serious crimes and malpractice. As that measure is supported by leading business and professional groups and has received unanimous endorsement on the floor of the Commons, your article reasonably assumes that the legislation could be in force early next year. I regret to have to advise you and your readers that such an assumption appears premature. Today in committee, despite the efforts of MPs on all sides to meet the Government's detailed concerns and to speed this measure on to the statute book, insufficient progress was made.

When no organisation has opposed the measures in my Bill and when the Minister has refused to meet me to discuss how progress might be made, I can only wonder at the objection. As the Government wishes to deny the protection to its own employees the reason may be embarrassment over the scale of frauds and serious malpractice in Whitehall and the public sector.

Yours faithfully,
DON TOUHIG,
House of Commons,
April 17.

Services' pecking order

From Mr Graeme J. Hitchen

Sir, Your report (April 8; also letter, April 9) about the social qualities of RAF officers reminded me of a summary given to me during my own RAF commissioned service (1981-90) by an Army officer colleague and very good friend. The Navy is full of officers trying to be gentlemen, the Army is full of gentlemen trying to be officers, and the Air Force is full of neither trying to be both.

Yours sincerely,
GRAEME J. HITCHEN,
3 High Bank, Mill Lane,
Bradley, Keighley, West Yorkshire,
April 9.

Letters should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be faxed to 0171-782-5046.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Court of human rights defended

From the Principal of Queen Mary and Westfield College, University of London

Sir, Sir Michael Davies's letter (April 17) about the European Court of Human Rights is ill-informed and offensive.

He says there is no appeal from its decisions: but that is because it is already in effect an appeal court from the decisions of the Commission. The process has to stop somewhere, just as it does with domestic courts.

I do not know if it is the case that most of the present judges of the court are academics, but on what evidence does Sir Michael assert that academics "are notoriously bad at judging"? We have never properly put it to the test in this country, but those of our judges who have been academics are usually among the most distinguished members of the judiciary; and the experience of countries such as the United States and Canada, with whose legal systems I am familiar, where many academics are appointed to the bench at all levels, contradicts Dav-

ies's assertion. Some of the Commonwealth's and America's most outstanding judges have been academics. It has also to be said that the record of non-academic English judges on matters of human rights and civil liberties has often been dismal by any standards.

His third point about the judges not being truly independent but "fanatically devoted to the federalistic concept" I simply do not understand in the context of the Court of Human Rights and can only suppose that Sir Michael is not in fact familiar with the jurisprudence of the court.

There is scope for reform, and not every judgment of the court has been impressive, but its record overall is good and has corrected many defects in our own law which our own courts have been either unable or sometimes unwilling to do.

Yours faithfully,
GRAHAM ZELICK, Principal,
Queen Mary and Westfield College,
University of London, E1 4NS,
April 17.

Should lawyers work a longer day?

From Mr Stanley Best

Sir, Joel Parkes, who proposes that courts should sit from 9am to 6pm ("A longer day for lawyers", Law, April 16), is neither a barrister nor a solicitor. He seems to have no concept of the intense concentration required of barristers and judges during a trial, nor how tiring this is. A fair trial requires time for mature consideration of the evidence.

Parkes also discloses that he is out of touch with reality in assuming that the working day for judges and lawyers is 10.30am to 4.30pm with weekends free.

When the court rises for the day the barrister frequently has a conference with his client in the trial going on, or another, and has to write advice and settle pleadings in other cases. My own conference yesterday with a distressed woman lasted six hours. All this is apart from the demands

made on jurors and witnesses as well as the accused. Tired judges, jurors and lawyers are no recipe for a fair trial.

Yours faithfully,
STANLEY BEST,
Glebe Cottage,
Broadwood Kelly, Winkleigh, Devon,
April 17.

From Mr J. McNab

Sir, Should not Mr Parkes be arguing for a longer court day on the grounds that it is more convenient for members of the public for whom the lawyers are supposed to provide a service?

Just a thought.

Yours etc,
J. McNAB,
11 Balgoddie Court,
Glenrothes, Fife,
April 16.

Future of transport

From Graham Allen, MP for Nottingham North (Labour)

Sir, The plan to abolish the Department of Transport (report, April 15) makes a lot of sense — if you have a Government with no ideas and no strategy for tackling the nation's transport problems.

A Labour government will provide the new national transport framework which the country so badly needs to overcome congestion and pollution. Properly integrated with regional strategies and meaningful local transport plans, it will provide the necessary structure to unite various forms of transport and get the country moving again.

Government policy does not seek to integrate transport. This is not the fault of the DoT or the Civil Service but of a Government which has run out of steam.

Yours faithfully,
GRAHAM ALLEN
(Shadow Minister for Transport),
Room 506,
7 Millbank, SW1,
April 16.

From Mr Ed Passant

Sir, Britain suffers from an almost complete lack of strategic thinking about its national transport needs. To break up the Department of Transport will fragment transport-related policies and decisions.

Your report suggests that officials

Care of Kenwood

From the Director of Collections, English Heritage

Sir, I am prompted to write by your reports this week (April 15 and 18; also Daily, April 18) on the care of Kenwood and the call "for a full-time curator to be reinstated".

The truth is there has not been a curator devoted full-time to Kenwood for the past thirty years. Under the Greater London Council, Kenwood was the administrative centre for the Historic Houses Division. The curator and his two assistants (of which I was one) divided their week between Kenwood and houses in Twickenham and Blackheath as well as County Hall as advisers to the GLC on other artistic matters.

There are now four curators caring for four London houses — Kenwood, Marble Hill, Ranger's House, Chiswick House — in addition to a Director of London Region.

Throughout all the recent debate, no one has criticised the condition of the works of art which, for the past ten years, have been maintained to the highest curatorial standards by English Heritage.

Such care will not be diminished while English Heritage is in the proud position of being guardian of Lord Iveagh's magnificent bequest to the nation.

Yours faithfully,
JULIUS BRYANT,
Director of Collections,
English Heritage, 23 Savile Row, W1,
April 19.

Prescription costs

From Mr A. Parnaby-Price, FRCSd

Sir, I would like to suggest possible alternatives to Melinda Lettis's recommendation (letter, April 9) of the "season ticket" to cover the cost of prescriptions by those not exempted from payment.

The £5.50 fee is charged for each type of drug on the prescription, not for the quantity of each dispensed. Whilst hospitals often attempt to limit cost by dispensing only the first few days of a course of treatment (typically a supply to last two weeks), GPs are not so limited.

Most modern drugs have a long shelf-life and can be safely stored at a patient's home until required. It would therefore be reasonable to request a supply to last several months on each prescription rather than acquiring small quantities at monthly intervals with the resultant multiplication of charges.

Many drugs, particularly eye drops and common antibiotics, cost only a few pence but still incur a £5.50 charge if purchased as a National Health Service prescription. It is often worth inquiring whether a small quantity is cheaper if bought either over the counter or as a private prescription instead of incurring an NHS prescription charge.

Yours faithfully,
ADRIAN PARNABY-PRICE,
39 The Hawthorns,
Charvil, nr Reading,
Berkshire,
April 10.

Old soldiers

From Air Chief Marshal Sir Joseph Gilbert

Sir, Mr Patrick Bradley (letter, April 15) asks whether any action is being taken to ensure that the inscriptions on headstones in Tyne Cot military cemetery, near Ypres, and on the panels of the Merin Gate memorial are kept legible.

I am happy to be able to reassure him that officials of the Commonwealth War Graves Commission regularly inspect all structures within their care to ensure that legibility is maintained.

Indeed, since 1985, 72 panels on the Merin Gate memorial have been replaced and between 1992 and 1995 1,070 headstones at Tyne Cot have been re-engraved in whole or part. At any given time a number of inscriptions will be approaching the stage where professional attention is needed, but these will have been recorded and action planned accordingly.

It is the commission's proud task to ensure that all Commonwealth servicemen and women who died in the two world wars are remembered individually, by name on headstone or memorial, for all time.

Sincerely,
JOSEPH GILBERT
(Vice-Chairman),
Commonwealth War Graves
Commission,
2 Marlow Road,
Maidenhead, Berkshire,
April 16.

Hymns that help upon life's journey

From Mr Philip J. Duke

Sir, Mrs Ann Hughes (letter, April 13), fearful of the M5/M6 interchange, would do well to consider a Methodist hymn, *Where cross the crowded ways of life* (Frank Mason North).

If this fails she could use the great hymn by Charles Wesley, *Come, O Thou Traveller unknown*, which contains the encouraging lines, "I leap for joy, pursue my way. And as a bounding hart fly home."

Sincerely,
PHILIP J. DUKE,
3 Hawkstone Grove,
Helsby, Warrington, Cheshire,
April 15.

From Mrs Ann Buxton

Sir, Mrs Hughes may agree that a couple of phrases from *Hills of the North* rejoice are appropriate: "Lo, from the North they come, from East and West and South" and, for less congested times, "He comes to reign with boundless sway. And makes their wastes His great highway."

Yours etc,
ANN BUXTON,
8 Gosling Grove,
Downley, High Wycombe,
Buckinghamshire,
April 14.

From Mr Fritz Spiegl

Sir, When my youngest daughter married, and I did what is expected of fathers, a friend suggested *Hymns Ancient and Modern*, no 350, with emphasis on verse four: "Be present, awful Father, to give away this bride."

Now that my middle daughter is retraining as a plumber, verse two of no 300 might be suitable: "Crown Him, ye morning stars of light. Who fix'd this floating ball."

For the tax inspectors' new self-assessment scheme? "Take my silver and my gold. Not a mite will I withhold" (from *Sankey's Sacred Songs*).

Yours faithfully,
FRITZ SPIEGL,
4 Windermere Terrace,
Liverpool 8,
April 13.

believe the DoT is "running out of things to do". This is a staggering indictment of the failure of government to take a proper lead in the development of a national, integrated policy that takes into account the needs of industry, the working population and elderly and disabled people, and the growing concerns about pollution effects.

We need considerably more co-ordination.

Yours faithfully,
E. PASSANT
(Chair),
Community Transport
Association (UK),
A Block, 211 Arlington Road,
Camden Town, NW1,
April 17.

Restoring Old Masters

From Mr David Gould

Sir, In my long experience in the fine art world I have invariably concluded that paintings were damaged in the distant past, when all manner of esoteric materials were used by picture cleaners and restorers who were secretive about them. It is highly unlikely that paintings will be ruined nowadays (report and photograph, April 18) by the solvents employed to dissolve discoloured varnish.

If Mr Martin Wylde's blue shirt (shown in your colour photograph), was covered by a thin yellow sheet of transparent plastic, it would appear to be green. In the same way, a yellowing varnish gives a false impression of the actual tones of a picture.

We know that many Old Masters used warm glazes. Unfortunately, generations of restorers have stripped these away. In 60 years I have never had the good fortune to see and examine an early Italian or Dutch picture which had survived untouched since the day it was painted.

Consequently, I would regard the outcry by Artwatch with great caution.

Yours truly,
DAVID GOULD,
Highcroft,
South Woodchester, Gloucestershire,
April 18.

One or the other

From Mr Robin Dyke

Sir, All right is all right (letters, April 12, 17); alright is all wrong.

Yours faithfully,
R. DYKE,
18 Henfield View, Warborough,
Wallingford, Oxfordshire,
April 18.

A class of his own

From Mr Paul Ketteridge

Sir, My father-in-law proudly maintained that, while his wife was working-class, he was a peasant. I think he felt he had married beneath him (letters, April 18).

Yours faithfully,
PAUL KETTERIDGE,
Bankside Cottage, 7 Church Street,
North Marston, Buckingham,
April 18.

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
April 20: The Prince Edward arrived at Heathrow Airport, London, this morning from Japan. Lieutenant Colonel Sean O'Dwyer was in attendance.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
April 20: The Princess Royal, 70th and 71st birthdays, believed to be the final of the County Championship at Twickenham, Middlesex.

YORK HOUSE
ST JAMES'S PALACE
April 20: The Duke and Duchess of Kent this evening attended the Yehudi Menuhin 80th Birthday Concert, at the Royal Albert Hall, London SW7.

WINDSOR CASTLE
April 21: Today is the Seventieth Anniversary of the Birthday of The Queen.

Mr Adrian Osborne was received by The Queen when Her Majesty decorated him with the Royal Victorian Medal (Silver).

The Duke of Edinburgh, President, National Playing Fields Association, today attended a charity cricket match at Wormsley, near High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire.

The Lord Lucas of Crudwell, Lord in Waiting, was present at Waterloo Station this evening upon the Arrival of the President of Mongolia and Mrs Tsezelmaa, and welcomed His Excellency and Mrs Tsezelmaa on behalf of The Queen.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
April 21: The Princess Royal, President, this evening attended the British Academy of Film and Television Arts Awards at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, followed by a Dinner at the Grosvenor House Hotel, Park Lane, London W1.

YORK HOUSE
ST JAMES'S PALACE
April 21: The Duke of Kent, President, this afternoon took the Salute at The Queen's Square Park, Windsor Castle, Berkshire.

Royal engagements

The Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh will attend a reception and dinner at St John House at 6.40 given by her Lord-Lieutenants to mark her 70th and the Duke's 75th birthdays. The Duke of Edinburgh will visit Cheam Hawtrey School, Headley, Newbury, at noon.

The Duke of Gloucester, patron, New Islington and Hackney Housing Association, will attend a reception at Courts and Company, 440 Strand, at 10.30 and, as patron of the Japan Society, will attend the annual dinner at Grosvenor House at 7.40.

The Duke of Kent, patron, will attend a concert by the Hanover Band, Queen Elizabeth Hall at 7.40.

Memorial services

Mr Daniel Cunningham
A service of thanksgiving for the life of Mr Daniel John Chapman Cunningham, physiologist, was held on Saturday in the Chapel of the University College, Oxford. The Rev Bill Sykes officiated. Dr John Cunningham, son, read the lesson.

Mr Geoffrey Foxcroft
A memorial service for Mr Geoffrey Foxcroft, Head of Science at Rugby School, 1959-80, was held on Saturday in the school Chapel. The Rev Keith Lanyon Jones, Chaplain, officiated. Miss Foxcroft, daughter, gave a reading.

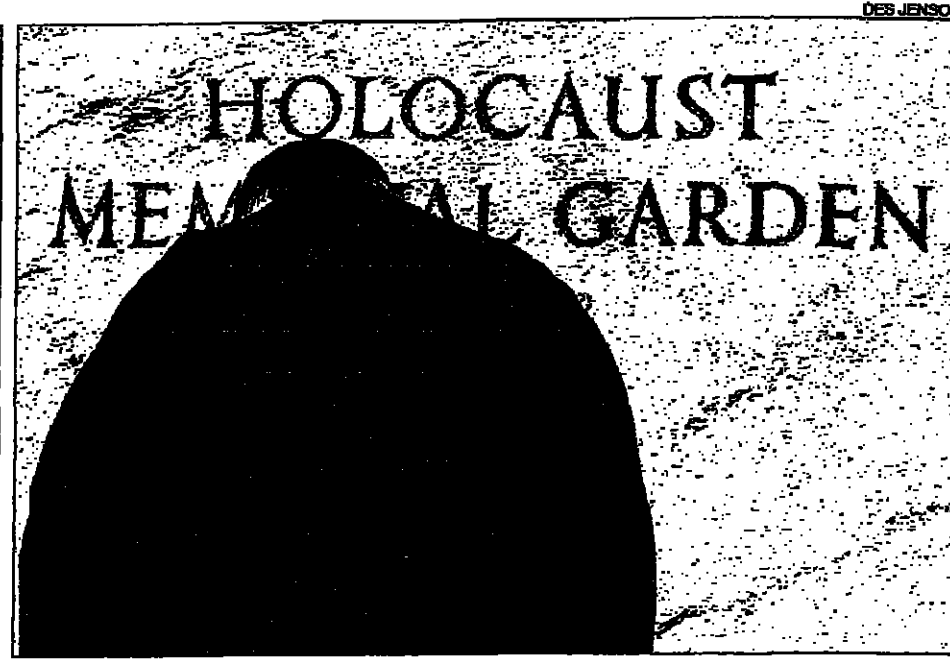
Nature notes

The summer visitors are at last beginning to flock in. The rippling songs of willow warblers float down from the birch trees, which are only just beginning to show their leaves, while blackcaps are singing in short, passionate bursts in the woodland oaks.

Jackdaws are building their nests waddle up the branches with enormous twigs in their beak, and drop them into crevices in the trunk. Longtailed tits have grown quieter in the hedges: both sexes incubate in turn the dozen tiny eggs in their domed and feathered nests. Some mallard ducklings are

already out of the egg and swimming close to their mother. The horse-chestnut trees erupted into leaf in the week-end sunshine, on some trees the pyramidal flowers are already emerging in the middle of the leaf rosettes. Some sycamores are looking more yellow than green, where flowers are dangling down among the opening leaves. There are broad banks of lesser celandine along the ditches, and here and there greater stitchwort is opening close by. Gorse bushes are in full golden flower, and in grassy places cowslips tremble.

DJM



The Chief Rabbi, Dr Jonathan Sacks, at a Holocaust Memorial Day (Yom Ha Shoah) service at the Holocaust Memorial in Hyde Park, London, yesterday

The Arts Educational School, Tring Park

The Summer Term begins today at The Arts Educational School, Tring Park, and Rebecca Teal begins her term of office as Head Girl. The Music Showcase is on May 22 and 23, and Founders Day is July 6. Term ends with the Midsummer Ball on Friday, July 12.

Bronsgrange School
School convenes today for the summer term. The summer concert will be held on Thursday, May 9. A feature for Measures will be performed in the Drama Studio on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, May 1, 2, and 3. Term ends with Commemoration Day on Saturday, June 29.

The Cheltenham Ladies' College
Term opens today at The Cheltenham Ladies' College. Half term is from 12.30pm on Saturday, May 25 to Sunday, June 2, 1996 (inclusive). The College Choir will sing at St Paul's Cathedral, London, on Monday, April 29. On Monday, May 6, the College will host an Embroidery Exhibition in association with the Cotswold Embroiderers' Guild and GLOSCAT, open daily 10.00am to 5.00pm, ending Friday, May 10 at 1.00pm. Confirmation by the Bishop of Gloucester will be on May 11. The Guild Biennial Dinner takes place on Saturday, May 18, and the Guest Speaker is Cheryl Gillan, MP (Colleague 1963-94). The Preacher at the College Service on Sunday, May 19, will be the Revd Sarah Chapman (Colleague 1973-73, Barnstaple, Devon). DL will be the Guest Speaker at Speech Day on Saturday, July 13. Term ends on Saturday, July 13, 1996.

On Friday and Saturday, October 11 and 12, 1996, the Cheltenham Ladies' College will host The Star Fair, in aid of the National Star Centre and The College Bursaries Fund. A Grand Reception (ticket only) will take place on the Friday evening, including a preview of around 50 stalls. On Saturday, October 12, everyone is welcome to visit The Star Fair, which includes a unique exhibition of College archival material and literary events in celebration of the Cheltenham Festival of Literature 1996.

Cobham Hall
The Summer Term begins today at Cobham Hall. The new Guardian is Katherine Murphy and the Deputy Guardian is Hazel-Helen Liu and Veronica Rupp. Sixth Form Scholarships have been awarded to Jodi Chuter (Fort Pitt School, Rochester).

School news

Nicola Finn (Rochester Grammar School)
Lyla Kent (Cobham Hall), Kathryn Shubs (Wilmington Grammar School) and Ada Wong (Cobham Hall). A full Junior Scholarship has been awarded to Lucinda Skinner (Cobham Hall) and two Junior Scholarships have been awarded to Lauren Baker (Stannard School, Maidstone), Lucy Nicholls (Gravesend Convent Prep School), and Kimberley Wadham (Stannard School, Maidstone). There is an Open Day for parents of prospective pupils on Saturday, May 18, and Festival Day and the Uniform Ball on Saturday, July 6. Term ends on Sunday, July 7.

St George's School, Ascot
The Summer Term begins today. The Summer Term, The Friends of St George's are hosting a St George's Day Celebration on Sunday, April 28, at School from noon to 4.00pm to which all Georgians past and present will be very welcome. Half-term will be from Friday, May 24, to Sunday, June 2. Freshers' Day for 1996 entry will be held on Saturday, June 2. Sports Day will be held on Friday, June 28. The 10th Annual Summer Concert Music for a Summer Evening will be held at the School on Wednesday, July 3, when a presentation will be made to the Bursar, Mr Gordon Eggleston, to mark his retirement. The Sixth Form Leavers' Ball will be held on Friday, July 5. Term ends Friday, July 5.

St Anne's School, Windermere
The Summer term begins today. The new Headmaster is Ross Hunter who comes to the School from Alpin College in Switzerland. The Head Girl is Helen Roberts and the Deputy Head is Sarah Tizard and Sarah Tweedle. The School will be welcoming exchange pupils from Round Square Schools in Germany, France, South Africa, New Zealand and Australia. Girls will represent the School at the Mini Round Square Conference in April at Box Hill and there will be exchange visits to Germany, France, Spain and the United States of America. There will be a meeting of the Statute Committee on Saturday, May 18. Sports Day and Open Day at the Senior School will be on Friday, June 21 and at Ellery School there will be an Open Morning on Friday, June 28, followed by the Ellery Summer Ball in the evening. Prize Day is on Friday, July 13, when the Guest of Honour will be Colonel Sir John OBE, founder of Hope and Homes for Children. Term will finish after the presentations.

Northbourne Park School
The Summer Term starts today with 227 pupils on roll. Parents, Old Boys and Friends are invited to our Celebration Day on Monday, May 6, when there are numerous events taking place. Please ring the school for an invitation on 01344 611251. Mr Michael Gargano will be our guest of honour at Speech Day on Saturday, June 29.

Reigate Grammar School
The Summer Term begins today with Simon Davis as the new School Captain. There will be a performance of Haydn's Creation in Reigate Park on Friday, May 10. The Athletic Sports will take place at Hartswood on Saturday, July 6 and the Commemoration Service will be on Wednesday, July 10. The term will end on Friday, July 12, when Mr J.C. Hamlin will be retiring after fourteen years as Headmaster.

Saint Felix School, Southwold, Suffolk
Summer term begins today. The Girls' School term begins today. The Girls' School term begins today.

Auction will be held on the afternoon of Monday, May 6, preview from 2pm. Confirmation takes place on Friday, May 10, in the School Chapel. Chairman of Governors, Mr Clive Mann and his wife, Dr Anna Mann's Garden Party will be held in Minsmere on Sunday, June 9. Parents' Day is Saturday, July 6, when the mystery Guest of Honour will open the new indoor swimming pool. Old Felicians are invited to contact the School for the programme of Centenary events.

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Marriages

Mr A.G.J. Spooner and Miss J. Dearie
The marriage took place on Saturday at the Church of All Saints, Pitychley, Northamptonshire, of Mr Adrian Spooner, son of Sir James and Lady Spooner, of Pitychley, and Miss Janet Dearie, of Mississauga, Ontario. The Rev Paul Gately officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Jennifer, Heather and Christine Bonke, Jessica Rayner, Eloise Small, Ella and Charles Girardot, Molly Moody, Thomas Pycraft and Ivo Parker. Mr William Spooner was best man. A reception was held at the home of the bridegroom.

Mr J.H. Leaf and Miss A.H.F. Stanford
The marriage took place on Saturday at St Peter and St Paul's, Hambledon, Hampshire, of Mr Jeremy Leaf, elder son of Mr and Mrs John Leaf, of Thrusington, Leicestershire, to Miss Alicia Stanford, younger daughter of the late Admiral Sir Peter Stanford and of Mrs Derek Bazalgette, of Hambledon. The Rev Roy Kingston and the Rev Victor Seale-Barnes officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her brother, Mr Guy Stanford, was attended by Lucie Earle and Katharine Solomon. Mr Geoffrey Wright was best man. A reception was held at the home of the bride and the honeymoon will be spent abroad.

Mr P. Duran and Miss B. Popovae
The marriage took place on April 20, at the Old Parish Church, St Julians, Malta, between Mr Peter Duran and Miss Biljana Popovae.

Mr C. Mason and Miss S.M. Weston
The marriage took place on Saturday, April 20, at St Columba's Church, Port Street, London, of Mr Charles Mason, son of Mr and Mrs Miles Mason, and Miss Sophia Weston, daughter of Mr and Mrs Garry Weston. The Rev Sandie Cairns officiated.

The bride was given away by her father and was attended by George Weston, Charles Hobhouse, Alice Hobhouse, George Khayat, Helena Khayat and Max Willis. Mr Robert Mason was best man.

Mr T.G. Rawlins and Dr S.J.M. Pest
The marriage took place on Saturday, April 20, in Downside Abbey, of Mr Timothy Rawlins and Dr Sophia Pest. Father Luke Bell, OSB, officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Miss Felicity Cross, Felicity Pest, Thomas Rawlins and Beth Rawlins. Mr Steven Henderson was best man. A reception was held at Downside and the honeymoon will be spent in Italy and France.

Mr G.A.V. Rees and Mrs L.M. Syme
The marriage took place on April 20, 1996, in London, of Mr George Rees and Mrs Lynette Syme, née Stallard, both of Holybourne, Alton, Hampshire.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr J. Armitage and Miss S. Warner
The engagement is announced between John, son of Mr and Mrs Robert Armitage, of Chelsea, London, and Shonda, daughter of Mr James Warner, and Mrs Karmon Amster, both of Sioux City, Iowa.

Mr P.R. Coke-Wallis and Miss N.E.M. Jones
The engagement is announced between Piers, only son of Mr Ross Coke-Wallis, of Le Lot, France, and Mrs Yvonne Goble, of Upton Snodsbury, Worcestershire, and Natalie, youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs Eric Jones, of St Neots, Cambridgeshire.

Mr A.N. Fell and Miss C.M.H. Dickinson
The engagement is announced between Anthony, son of Mr and Mrs Peter Fell, of Luckington, Wiltshire, and Caroline, daughter of Mr and Mrs Simon Dickinson, of Waddesdon, Buckinghamshire.

Mr M.A. Grenier and Miss E.K. Turner
The engagement is announced between Michael, youngest son of Mr and Mrs David Grenier, of Guildford, Surrey, and Emma, daughter of the late Professor Paul Turner, CBE, MD, and of Mrs Katie Turner, of Ascot, Berkshire.

Mr J.N.B. Hack and Miss K.L. Sumner
The engagement is announced between Jonathan, son of the late Mr John Hack and of Mrs Adrienne Pearson, of London, and Karen, daughter of the late Mr Colin Sumner and of Mrs Anne Sumner, of Portsmouth.

Mr M.A.F. Riddington and Miss A.L. Everall
The engagement is announced between Mark, son of Mr and Mrs David Riddington, of Wolf Hill House, Newborough, Peterborough, and Louise, daughter of Mr John Everall, of the Old Vicarage, Winton, Shropshire, and Mrs Barbara Everall, of Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

Mr D. Thomson and Miss S.K. Knight
The forthcoming marriage is announced between David, only son of the late Mr Henry Thomson and the late Mrs Gwendolen Thomson, of Raybourne House, Croon, and Sharon Kelly, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Kenneth John Knight, of Hove, Sussex.

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OBITUARIES

CHRISTOPHER MILNE

Christopher Robin Milne, bookshop owner, died on April 20 aged 75. He was born on August 21, 1920.

CHRISTOPHER ROBIN MILNE was the reluctant possessor of one of the most evocative Christian names in Britain. Immortalised by his father, the writer A. A. Milne, as the gingham-smocked companion of Winnie the Pooh, he struggled throughout his life to rid himself of the bothersome legacy of his fictionalised childhood. The little boy with the golden hair who "was saying his prayers" — and has continued to say them in practically every English nursery for the last 70 years — no longer had anything to do with him. Milne would protest. He, like his father, was an agnostic, and the poem *Vespers* was a "too-curling, fist-clenching lip-biting" source of shame.

Diffident and thoughtful in character, with a gentle nature and a precise love of words, Christopher Milne would become as gloomy as the moth-eaten old donkey Eeyore when the subject of his father's books was broached. His father, he said, had climbed on his infant shoulders and filched his good name. "One day I will write verses about him and see how he likes it," he once declared.

Christopher Robin Milne was born in Chelsea, in a genteel street of bay-windowed cottages where fuchsias and geraniums flourished in fastidious front gardens. His father, despite the affability which his children's books suggest, was distant, though amiable, with his one and only son. Warm, but with a thin lip and ice-cold eye, "his heart remained buttoned up all through his life", Christopher Milne later wrote. As a young boy he passed most of his time with his nanny in a nursery on the top floor of the house. He was taken formally downstairs three times a day to visit his parents: in the morning, when breakfast was nearly over, after tea, when he could scramble around on the drawing room ottoman, and in the evening shortly before he went to bed.

His mother, however, unpreoccupied by writing, was less remote than his father. "Just as Rabbit said to Owl: 'You and I have brains, the others have fluff, my mother had fluff,'" Milne later said. Her essential value to her husband was that she laughed at his jokes, and sometimes in the evenings she would play games with her young son in the darkness under the dining-room table.

Milne's childhood companion was a girl called Anne. His parents always hoped he would marry her one day. The two children went to kindergarten in The Street together — leaving Pooh and Anne's monkey, Jumbo, behind — and their nannies would take them on excursions around London — including, of course, to watch the Changing of the Guard at Buckingham Palace.

Some of the events recounted by his father were indeed true, but the trouble was, Christopher Milne was often to say, he himself could no longer



Christopher Robin Milne with his father, A. A. Milne, and the original Winnie the Pooh, in 1928

remember exactly what was fact and what was fiction. He never knew, for instance, whether it was he or his father who first invented "pooh-sticks", though after the publication of the stories he did remember playing the game, standing on a wooden bridge and dropping sticks into the stream which flowed through the Ashdown Forest in Sussex, where the Milne family had a country home.

Small, shy and unselfpossessed, Christopher Milne was clever with his hands. He loved sewing, knitting and making tapestry pictures. By the age of seven he had bestowed upon himself the title of "chief mender" of the family — he took clocks and locks to pieces, rigged up burglar alarms, and even turned a toy pistol into a dangerous weapon. It was always to rankle him that, in the poem *The Engineer*, about the train with the brake, his father made him say: "It's a good sort of brake but it hasn't worked yet." If he had made a brake, it would definitely have worked, he said.

Milne was sent to boarding school at Stowe. There he learnt to box so as to defend himself from the gibes of his classmates. But he did not even try to shine as a cricketer as his father, a frequent visitor to Lord's, had hoped. From Stowe he won a scholarship to read English at Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1939. However, at the end of his first year, he did not return to university but enlisted instead in the

Royal Engineers. He served until the end of the war with 56 Division in the Middle East and in Italy, where he was wounded.

His war service began the severance of his links with his father — with whom his relations became increasingly strained. This process was furthered when, having returned to Cambridge and obtained a degree in English, he decided in 1951 to leave London. He moved to the village of Stoke Fleming and set up a bookshop in nearby Dartmouth, almost, it might seem, in defiance of the damage which books had done him.

For twenty years he ran the shop together with his wife, Lesley de Selincourt, a cousin whom he had married in 1949, despite his parents' hope that he should marry Anne, his childhood friend. At first it was a struggle to make ends meet, but later the business flourished, a transformation largely brought about by the thriving schools' library service which Milne helped to build up in the county of Devon. As he sat behind the counter of his bookshop, Milne was constantly pestered by matronly clients bringing in their progeny to shake hands with "the original Christopher Robin". He would do so with a wanly polite smile. For a fee of £10 — donated to the Save the Children Fund — he would also sign one of his father's books. He also later took advantage of his unwanted fame and fronted a campaign to save

Ashdown Forest from the ravages of oil prospectors. The area was not just the home of Owl and Rabbit and Roo, he said, but one of the few areas of outstanding natural beauty in the vicinity of London where city people could come to breathe fresh air.

In 1974 Milne broke a lifetime habit of reticence and published the first of three autobiographical books, *The Enchanted Places*, an account of his childhood and its disturbing aftermath. The book ended much speculation on the relationship between the exploited child and the parent who was too busy writing to pay attention to his son. "When I was six, my father was three. When I was six, he was six... he needed me to escape from being 30," Milne said. He admitted that in leaving London he had been running away, but that in branching out he had found his true identity and finally become independent, both psychologically and financially. In 1979 he followed this book with *The Path Through the Trees*, and in 1982 he published *The Hollow on the Hill*. It was only after finishing these autobiographical works, he said, that he could finally look his dreaded namesake in the eye and feel less embarrassed by him.

Milne is survived by his wife Lesley, and a daughter who has cerebral palsy. Milne found an outlet for his natural aptitude for carpentry by making special furniture for her.

LOUIS OSMAN

Louis Osman, architect and goldsmith, died on April 11 aged 82. He was born on January 30, 1914.

LOUIS OSMAN was not the traditionalist he might at first have appeared to those who saw his celebrated reconstruction of the north side of London's Cavendish Square. In Cavendish Square he was merely completing an 18th-century composition, the eastern half of which had been razed to the ground during an air raid in the war. It was a faithful reproduction of the original with every detail correct, inside and out. Perhaps, however, Osman's most interesting work, whether designing new buildings or remodelling the interiors of old ones, stemmed from his flair for unifying classical and modern styles within a single structural frame. He took a special delight in stressing the contrasting merits of different centuries in order to make the most of each.

Louis Osman was born in Exeter and educated at Hele's School. He trained professionally at the Bartlett School of Architecture, London University, qualifying in 1931, before going on to study art at the Slade next door. He then began working for Sir Albert Richardson, a specialist in classical design from whom he learnt a great deal about craftsmanship and the use of materials. Osman won the Donaldson Medal of the Royal Institute of British Architects in 1935 and a British Museum scholarship which took him on a British School of Archaeology expedition to Syria in 1936. On his return to London the following year, he set up his own practice.

When war broke out, Osman joined the Army's Intelligence Corps and was attached to the Special Air Service before the invasion of Europe. But in 1945 he returned to his practice as an architect.

It was in 1950 that Osman got his first real break, the commission by the Corporation of the Holy Child Jesus to reconstruct its buildings on Cavendish Square's north side. These were separated in the middle by a carriage-way, and it immediately became clear to Osman that the centreline of this terminated one of the longest vistas in London, the start of which was the portico of St George's, some distance



Cavendish Square, London, designed by Louis Osman, with a sculpture by Jacob Epstein

south of Hanover Square. However, its termination had become merely an empty space, and since the only way between the two buildings was via a basement passage, Osman decided to form a positive end to the vista by building a connecting bridge. Then, to pin down the termination finally, he required a piece of sculpture. With the somewhat reluctant agreement of the Corporation, he commissioned Jacob Epstein to do the job.

Louis Osman will never be forgotten for commissioning the sculptor a *Madonna and Child* which, cast in lead to prevent any possible staining of the stonework, was raised from the surface to create an impression of floating. While it is generally regarded as London's finest piece of 20th-century sculpture, and Epstein had a photograph of it in his passport — it was, he said, his passport to Heaven — for Osman it meant success as an architect. Although this gifted and conscientious man (he carried out all his own designs and drawings) was both unworried and unboastful, commissions rolled in from then on.

Among his best works was a house for the Principal of

Newnham College, Cambridge. Osman demonstrated his skill in working with the place (a traditional context) and the requirements of the occupants — mainly that it should be an efficient interior with lots of light: in fact, a thoroughly modern interior. He designed the outside in brick and with windows, to suit the conventional surroundings. But the central courtyard was made completely of glass, to suit the client.

Osman was involved with numerous other buildings, including church restoration at Staunton Harold, Leicestershire, and at Shere, in Surrey; the rebuilding of the Georgian Ranston House, Dorset; designs for St John's, Smith Square, damaged in the war, and for St Edmund Hall, Oxford. At the same time he gave a great deal of attention to his work as a goldsmith. He became extremely well-known in this sphere, designing the treasury at Lincoln Cathedral and, in 1969, the crown for the Prince of Wales for his investiture in Caernarvon Castle. In 1971 Goldsmith Hall put on the Louis Osman Gold Exhibition which had 105 exhibits.

He is survived by his wife Dilys and by their daughter.

BERNARD EDWARDS

Bernard Edwards, pop musician, was found dead in his hotel in Tokyo on April 18 aged 43. He was born in Greenville, North Carolina, on October 31, 1952.

BERNARD EDWARDS was better known to the record-buying public as one of three male members of Chic, the superlaid disco band which produced some of the best dance music of the late 1970s. Their hit songs — *I Want Your Love*, *Le Freak*, *Good Times* — were completely evocative of their decade: an era of flapping bell-bottomed trousers, horizontal lapels and enormous Afro hairstyles.

Chic's moment of fame was short and intense. They topped the charts in America for only three years, and nearer two in Britain. But although Edwards was barely 30 when the music stopped for him as a performer, he was far from dead in the business. He built a second career as a producer for acts such as Sister Sledge and Robert Palmer, and in this indirect manner influenced two decades of musicians.

Chic were the most sophisticated of those now much-maligned disco bands which flourished in the closing years of the 1970s. While the group

never lost their roots in black music — a Chic song combined the rawness of James Brown with the popiness of Motown — they were not derivative. Their trademark was a choppy, spare funk beat interlarded with the occasional jazz flourish. These were catchy, joyful melodies which people could hum in the bath, but which had enough rhythmic bounce to keep them dancing all night on the disco floor.

For Edwards, a career in anything other than music was unthinkable. Born in North Carolina, he was brought up in New York. In the ghetto in which he was raised, every bar had a house band which played shows for \$25 a night, and which were "tight", as Edwards approvingly described them. "They could hold down a groove and play anything."

Edwards became a bassist and worked with several struggling musicians, before being introduced by a friend to his future songwriting partner, the guitarist Nile Rodgers. They played together in the Apollo Theatre Band and the Big Apple Band, and by the mid-1970s were sending out demo tapes of their own songs. Teaming up with Tony Thompson, a drummer, and a couple of female singers, Alia



Anderson and Luci Martin, they released their first single as Chic in 1977, *Dance, Dance, Dance* (Yowah, Yowah, Yowah) was an immediate hit, released at exactly the right moment, a couple of months after the Bee Gees had begun topping the charts with songs from the *Saturday Night Fever* album. Disco fever was raging on both sides of the Atlantic.

The following year, 1978, proved to be the decisive one for Chic, when they released *Le Freak*. This was the biggest selling single, up till that point, in Atlantic's history, with four million copies sold. *I Want Your Love* was released in 1979, followed by *Good*

Times. Edwards played a ferocious bass riff on the latter, which has been much copied by bands since then — sometimes as a humorous compliment, more often subconsciously. Chic's eponymous debut album had been a modest success, but their second and third, *C'est Chic* (1978) and *Risqué* (1979), swiftly went platinum.

The strain of so much success was beginning to tell on the Edwards and Rodgers partnership. They over-stretched themselves, writing and producing songs for other bands while they were on the road (among these were two great Chic-sounding songs for the all-girl group Sister Sledge, *He's the Greatest Dancer* and *We Are Family*). They toured constantly, walking off the stage of one gig, flying back to New York later that night to record fresh material, then flying on to the next night's concert. Like many rock musicians before them, they turned to drugs to cope with the pressure.

By the early 1980s their records were not selling as well as they had, and the palpable sense of enjoyment about the band — which is what Chic had been all about — had gone missing. Both Edwards and Rodgers wanted to remain in the music busi-

ness, and they dissolved the band, parting amicably to pursue their separate writing and producing ambitions. Rodgers went on to work with David Bowie and Madonna. Edwards produced Rod Stewart and provided the backbone to Robert Palmer's huge hit of 1986, *Addicted to Love*. He was also behind the soundtrack for the James Bond film, *A View to a Kill* (1985).

Then in 1992, a decade after they had split, he and Rodgers re-formed to produce a last Chic album, *Chicism*. They were well aware that people might see this as a ploy to cash in on the fad for reviving the fashions of the 1970s. However, they still thought they had some good songs left in them, and so it proved, the album containing such silky classics as *Chic Mystique*, which did well, even in hip-hop heartlands like the Bronx.

Even without this last flourish, however, Edwards' reputation as an influence on musicians in the 1980s — not only black artists but jazz funk bands — was completely secure. He had been working in Tokyo at the time of his death, but had complained of feeling ill and postponed his flight home. His body was discovered by hotel staff, although the cause of his death is still unknown.

Harold Gorick, CBE, Chief Executive of the Chamber of Shipping, 1950-66, died on April 4 aged 94. He was born on April 22, 1901.

A MEMBER of a formidable team of shipowners and civil servants at the Ministry of War Transport, Harold Gorick contributed greatly to the British war effort. Under the redoubtable Sir John Fisher, he was deputy director of the Coasting and Short Sea Division. There his most outstanding achievement was to organise, together with Admiralty and ministry colleagues, the fleet of little vessels which brought the troops back from Dunkirk. Throughout the war he and Fisher led their organisation in assembling the coasters to transport cargoes to and from the bigger ships to the smaller ports. He was appointed CBE in 1946.

Harold Edward Gorick started work at the age of 14 with a firm of solicitors, Botterell & Roche. He became personal clerk to one of the partners, Harold Clemenston, who was appointed general manager of the Chamber of Shipping in 1916. Gorick formally joined the staff in 1923. His early work on the coasting trades and on parliamentary ports and pilotage showed a talent for administration and decision-making. He became secretary of the chamber in 1934.



After the war, Gorick's first task in the chamber was to administer the allocation of shipping for the requirements of government departments during the transition from wartime requisition to market trading. Then followed the consequences of nationalisation of the railways and ports and his work on the Coal Freight Refund Scheme and the Coasting Line Freight Equalisation Scheme.

In 1950 he became chief executive of the chamber and had a significant influence on the campaign to secure for shipping "free" 100 per cent first year capital allowances — a concession which, sadly, no longer exists. Under his stewardship the British registered fleet grew from 18 million to 21 million gross registered

tonnes (as compared with four million today).

Gorick displayed and demanded a high quality of work. An austere, and at times humourless man, he earned the respect — sometimes grudgingly — of those he negotiated with across the table and the loyalty and affection of those who worked with him.

Internationally, from 1950 to 1966, he was secretary-general of the International Chamber of Shipping; he also set up the Committee of European and Japanese National Shipowners' Associations (CENSA), reorganised the Committee of European Shipowners (CES) and was rapporteur of the Sea Transport Commission of the International Chamber of Commerce. He was president of the Chartered Institute of Secretaries in Coronation year. He played a leading part in the international debates on flag discrimination, flags of convenience, US shipping legislation, the development of shippers' councils and the Suez crisis. He oversaw British shipping initiatives on safety at sea.

On retirement Gorick was made the first "staff" honorary member of the chamber and an honorary fellow of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers.

Harold Gorick married Dora in 1929. She predeceased him in 1986. He is survived by a son and a daughter.

Lincoln's Inn

Major awards for pupillage 1996

Scholarships
Deming Scholarship: Bajul Shah, Christ Church, Oxford.
Kennedy Scholarship: Natalie Baylis, Edinburgh University.
Herman Beedingham, Magdalen College, Oxford.
Cassel Scholarship: Rupert Reed, Lincoln College, Oxford.
Shelford Scholarship: Samantha Knights, Somerville College, Oxford.
Drop Scholarship: John Bignall, Corpus Christi College, Cambridge.
Charlotte Downes, St John's College, Cambridge.
Walter Wigglesworth Scholarship: Peter Moeran, Bristol University.
Hugh Norbury, Worcester College, Oxford.
Earham Scholarship: Jeremy Goldring, Pembroke College, Oxford.
Keith Mackigan, Trinity College, Oxford.
Megarry Scholarship: Archana Datta, Liverpool University.
Hubert Greenland Scholarship: Robert O'Donoghue, Glamorgan University.

Levit Scholarship: Philippe Hamilton, Brasenose College, Oxford.
Carle Samuels, Christ Church, Oxford.

Bursaries
Stiebel Bursary: Edward Rowntree, Christ Church, Oxford.
Sir Thomas More Bursaries: Catherine Aherne, Newcastle University; Darryl Allen, Leeds University; Crispin Comonte, University of Edinburgh; Laura Davidson, Edinburgh University; Martin Giaguinto, Aston University; Douglas Hall, Christ Church, Oxford; Sally Hancock, Bath University; Charlotte Holland, Birmingham University; Chris Loweth, University College London; Brian Mahon, University of Central England; Sarah Margrae, Leicester University; Anna Markham, Worcester College, Oxford; Abie Martin, ege, Oxford; Christopher Leicester University; Christopher Poole, Queen Mary & Westfield

College, London; Anthony Shatz, University College London; Brett Welch, Manchester University.

Hardwicke Entrance Scholarships awarded Michaelmas Term, 1995:

James Allport, Christ Church, Oxford; Narita Baha, King's College, London; Kevin Baumber, University of Essex; Gaby Bonham-Carter, University of Manchester; George Branchflower, Leeds Metropolitan University; Adam Butler, University of Manchester; Crispin Comonte, Greyfriars College, Oxford; Archana Datta, University of Liverpool; Rachel Faux, Nottingham Trent University; Stephanie Flynn, University College, Oxford; Supra Garg, Christ's College, Cambridge; Muhammad Hage, Herford College, Oxford; Sonia Harris, Christ Church, Oxford; Simon Hoffman, University of

Wales, Swansea; Huw Jones, University of Essex; Yash Kulkarni, Selwyn College, Cambridge; Sarah Mackay, Christ Church, Oxford; Keith Mackigan, Trinity College, Cambridge; Sara Mansoori, University of Leeds; Justin Michaelson, University of Leeds; Andrew Peterson, University of Wales, Swansea; Simon Plau, St Catharine's College, Cambridge; Marc Teasdale, Oriel College, Oxford; Clare Turnbull, Clare College, Cambridge; Andrew Ward, Downing College, Cambridge.

Hardwicke Entrance Scholarships awarded Hilary Term 1996:
Parosha Chandran, University of London; Simon Clarke, University of East London; Martino Giaguinto, University of Aston; Charlotte Holland, University of Birmingham; Edward Brett Welch, University of Manchester.

AUTOMOBILISM.
THE WEAR OF ROADS
AND TRACKWAYS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

As road traffic becomes more and more mechanical, and as traffic of all kinds becomes greater in volume, the expense of the construction and maintenance of roads on the present system must become greater also. Indeed, so much heavier are these expenses already becoming that engineers and surveyors will perform, if they are not to confess themselves beaten, have to adopt some system of road-making which is more permanent in character than that in vogue at present, and less expensive to the ratepayer. In towns the road surfaces have necessarily been made in a more permanent fashion for many years past. Whether asphalt, wood paving, or stone sets are employed, the tendency is to substitute a more or less permanent surface for the surface made of broken stone, water, and mud which preceded it...

There is an interesting parallel in regard to road construction in the history of railways. When at first locomotives and railway coaches were small and light, iron rails, which lasted only a short time, were considered sufficiently strong. But when the demands of traffic

ON THIS DAY

April 22, 1913

Road maintenance appears to have been a problem when vehicle licences numbered less than half a million. It still is so today with more than 25 million licences

necessitated the use of heavier rolling stock and locomotives, steel rails began to be used, until now they have entirely superseded the old iron rails of some 50 years ago...

Pursuing this parallel, it may be asked whether, in consequence of the changed character of road traffic, there should not be a radical revision of the system, so that at least on main roads continual laying down of broken stone mixed with water or tar may give way to some more permanent surface...

Most people are familiar with the limited use of plate-ways which are still found over certain bridges, in the neighbourhood of some

factories, and in the private yards of manufacturing concerns where heavy material has to be moved on tracks and where rails and flanged wheels are not convenient. But the public are probably not so well acquainted with the fact that on an 18th. road — a reasonable average width to take for main roads — only something like 6in. is used by most vehicles. In fact, in the case of horse-drawn vehicles with narrow iron tires perhaps as little as 2in. has to bear the strain of the load, while the rest of the road as to bear scarcely any traffic, a fact which accounts for the common phenomenon of a road wearing gradually into a shape represented by a central hump... The surprising fact, therefore, emerges that something less than 4 per cent. of the width of a roadway is used at one time by one vehicle. Yet when the road has to be renewed the whole of the 18ft. width has to be dealt with, for patching in most cases and with most road metals cannot be called a practical method of producing a renewed and good surface. We are driven, therefore, to the conclusion that four specially-prepared tracks — that is, two for the up and two for the down traffic — would save an immense amount of wear, or, where roads are not so much used, two tracks alone would be sufficient to ensure lessened wear.

FOCUS

THE QUEEN'S AWARDS

Every one a winner

The numbers of export awards were down this year, but the quality was as high as ever. John Young introduces a four-page report

The annual Queen's Awards for Export Achievement, together with the associated technological and environmental awards, are a welcome reassurance that British industry, for all its much-criticised shortcomings, is as inventive and adventurous as ever.

Its successes also give the lie to the notion that Britons cannot meet the quality standards achieved by other countries.

The winners of the awards, given to mark the Queen's birthday yesterday, are all scrupulously checked by the Department of Trade and Industry.

One cause for concern might be that the number of awards is the lowest for eight years: 107 compared with 140 last year. There were also fewer applications than in any of the last four years: down from last year's 1,315 to 1,191.

In the technology sector the numbers are almost exactly the same as last year — 16 awards from 254 applications, but a long way down from the record 49 awards in 1990. Although Britain's export growth slowed last year, the adjudicators decline to read any long-term message into what they insist is a mere "blip": the 1990 figures were almost certainly enhanced by the publicity attending the scheme's silver jubilee, and applications are still far more numerous than in the mid-1980s when industry was battered by bankruptcies and closures and struggling to come to terms with the Thatcherite revolution.

The Environment Awards, launched in 1993, have so far failed to fulfil the organisers' hopes. From 240 applications and 12 awards in the first year numbers have fallen to 116 applications and just six awards, the same as last year, suggesting that enthusiasm among companies to promote a "green" image has somewhat waned.

Several familiar big names are among this year's winners,



Inspired by fireflies: Ian Johnson, Biotrace's development director, with hygiene-tested bottles of colourant

including British Steel; Burberrys, the clothing manufacturer, which collects its sixth Export award; Dunlop; Hoover; Guinness; Halcrow; JCB; and the Oxford University Press. But they are far outnumbered by smaller and newer firms, with manufacturers of telecommunications and electronic capital goods particularly well represented. Of the 129 winners in all three sectors, two thirds are first timers, and nearly half of those have won at their first attempt. Thirty-six of the winning companies (28 per cent) employ fewer than 50 people, and 70 (54 per cent) fewer than 200.

One of the more unusual

successes is provided by Glass Eels, of Gloucester, which employs fewer than 15 staff in collecting and distributing live baby eels for farming and restocking projects. Its main markets are in Europe and Asia, where it undertakes training programmes to assist organisations with limited experience of fish farming.

From its home in Mayfair, the venerable firm of estate agents, Healey and Baker, has established offices in 20 European countries and a number of exclusive agencies in the Americas and the Far East, doubling its export earnings in the last three years. Its award is the first to be given to an estate agent.

Another notable first is the award to CACA, the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants, which was founded by Royal Charter in 1904 and was the first British accountancy body to hold examinations overseas, giving people in other countries the opportunity to obtain a professional qualification recognised in Britain. It currently has more than 120,000 students, of whom some 70,000 are overseas; it organises twice-yearly examinations in more than 200 centres around the world, adapting them to reflect local practice and legislation. Bass Beers Worldwide, the export division of the brewing group, has boosted its over-

seas sales by 45 per cent in the past three years by introducing its customers not only to British beer but to the British pub. It sells through some 500 distributors and has also been instrumental in developing about 100 British-style public houses across the Continent. Weetabix continues to produce cereals — including Alpen, Crunchy Bran and Ready Brek — which are enjoyed in regions as distant and climatically different as the Caribbean, South America and Africa. The key export area, however, remains Europe, where more than 85 per cent of Weetabix's cereals are sold, and where consumption continues to grow.

The food and drink industry has benefited from the pioneering work of Biotrace, of Bridgend, Mid Glamorgan, which has successfully harnessed the enzyme luciferase, which causes the firefly to glow, to produce instant portable hygiene-testing systems. Its customers include 16 of the world's largest food and drink manufacturers.

Two subsidiaries of the giant American corporation, Motorola, each win awards for the export of cellular telephones and computer-based radio telephone communication systems respectively. But the only double award, in both the export and technology sectors, goes to Digi-Media Vision, trading as DMV (a subsidiary of News International, owner of The Times), which manufactures video compression systems used in digital satellite communications.

Traditional British engineering skills are reflected in the Export Award to Beck & Pollitzer Engineering, which only recently began trading as an independent company after a management buy-out in 1994. The workforce of some 300 engineers and technicians is based wholly in Britain but travels widely abroad.

Recent projects include installation of a new printing plant for Wellington Newspapers in New Zealand, and a new car plant for a Japanese manufacturer in The Netherlands.

British expertise in the building of high-performance cars wins recognition for Reynard Racing Cars of Bicester, Oxfordshire whose products have featured in the American Indy car races and the European and Japanese Formula 3000 races. In contrast Reilor of Preston, Lancashire, which makes cat flaps and dog doors, has had to create its own overseas market by persuading people in other countries of the advantages of allowing domestic pets to come and go freely, without encouraging human intruders to do likewise.

Help behind the scenes



A COMPANY that can quietly make life easier for the British will often do the same for other nations, enabling it to win an export award. One such is Puretone, a small firm in Rochester, which could be said to have caught the ear of the world.

Besides hearing aids, it also produces in-ear monitors for pop singers. These allow singers to control the flow of sound, cutting it down to a level so that they do not strain their voices trying to compete with the sound. The monitors will, if required, also pick out cues on a piano or other instrument. Madonna, Take That and Wet Wet Wet all use them. Another clever hearing device made by Puretone is called a "tinnitus masker". For people suffering from a high-pitched ringing in their ears, it produces a mellow tone, which in some cases even cancels out the offensive noise, so that the victim gets total relief.

On shop counters and in garage forecourts throughout the world — including those of McDonald's and, in America, Taco Bell — you will find little machines smaller than a master and called Tellermates, which are manufactured by Percell Ltd of Newport, Gwent. Using a load cell, it does instant counts of coins or notes placed in a hop on top of it — and it is only the software in it that needs changing for different countries and currencies.

Laminar Medica Ltd of Tring, Hertfordshire, says that it "stops medicines catching a temperature". Its laboratories produce Meditherm systems — packaging for vaccines and similar medicines that either keep

them frozen, keep them from freezing, or hold them at a specific temperature. Robinson Special Packaging of Chesterfield produces paperboard packaging for cosmetics, confectionery and food as well as pharmaceuticals. The company goes back a long way — it was sending bandages and paperboard pots of ointments to Florence Nightingale in the Crimea.



The new "invisible" Glossies by Gossard

Finally we come to invisible knickers. What? Well, they are made by Gossard, of Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire. They are part of the Glossies range of underwear, which Gossard calls the "secret accomplices" of women, since they made to wear under tight-fitting outer clothes without any sign of their presence. Another of Gossard's ranges is Ultrabra Perfect which features the Balconette bra, in which women can look like a Jane Austen heroine, both lifted high, as in *Sense and Sensibility*.

DERWENT MAY

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In 1995, DMV joined News Digital Systems who recognised the company's engineering excellence and long tradition of broadcast firsts.

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As DMV moves into the future, it will continue to be an innovator — building on its already established leadership in MPEG-2 compression, multiplexing and modulation systems. And it will continue to look for the best engineering, marketing and production people.

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Cleaner, greener machines

John Young looks at firms that have won an Environment Award

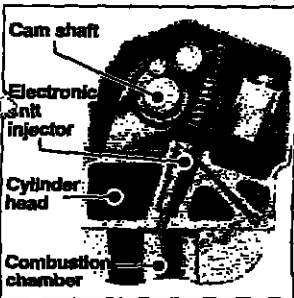


A NEW range of washing machines which offer remarkable savings in energy, water consumption and detergent have gained an Environment Award for Hoover, of Merthyr Tydfil, Mid Glamorgan.

The New Wave range use 40 per cent less electricity than previous models, water consumption has been reduced by 36 per cent and the detergent is delivered from the front of the machine straight into the wash load, which virtually eliminates wastage and reduces the amount needed by more than a third. The machines are the only ones so far to have been given the EU "Ecolabel", an independent endorsement of the manufacturers' claims.

Attention has also been paid to making the product itself more environmentally friendly. The usual stainless steel or enamel drum has been replaced by a polypropylene tub which both reduces noise and increases heat retention. At the end of the machine's life the drum can be recycled.

The shell is made from pre-painted parts, eliminating the need for the traditional paint shop and the consequent emissions of solvents, waste water and exhaust gases. The usual welded joints are replaced by locks which can be fitted without using heavy electrical current for transformers. For distribution the machines are packaged in expanded polystyrene which is CFC free and can be recycled.



The planning of a new fuel-injection system (above), which wins an award for Lucas Diesel Systems, began in the early Eighties when the company foresaw that a new approach was needed to reduce noise and emissions from diesel engines and to improve fuel economy. The new fuel-injection system has already been adopted by several large truck and engineering manufacturers, including Caterpillar and Volvo, and has enabled them to meet stringent new limits on emissions.

Instead of a central pump connected to injectors in each cylinder, pump and injector are combined in a single electronic unit. The pumping plunger is driven by the engine, and the high injection pressure combined with electronic controls provides greatly advanced fuel efficiency.

Along with vehicle emissions, discharges from power stations are among the most frequent targets of environmental campaigners. While

CLEAN WINNERS

THE following companies and organisations have been granted the Queen's Award for Environmental Achievement in 1996:

Brook Hansen, Huddersfield, West Yorkshire: energy-efficient electric motors.

Hoover Ltd, Merthyr Tydfil, Mid Glamorgan, Wales: environmentally advanced washing machine range.

Hydro Chemicals Ltd (HYDROCAR), Immingham, South Humberside: Nutriox process for elimination of odour and septicity in municipal sewer networks.

International Combustion Ltd, Derby, Derbyshire: Environox — Low NOx burners for power stations.

Lucas Diesel Systems, Stonehouse, Gloucestershire: electronic unit injector systems for diesel engines.

Ultra Hydraulics Ltd (Mobile Products Division), Cheltenham, Gloucestershire: "Stealth" ultra-quiet, high-performance external gear pumps for off-highway and mechanical handling vehicles.

efforts have so far been largely concentrated on improving standards of existing plants. International Combustion, Derby, has developed a range of burners which sharply reduce the level of nitrogen dioxide in flue gas discharges. The burners can be fired by coal, oil or natural gas and in all cases nitrogen dioxide levels are well within the statutory limits both in Britain and the company's export markets.

An ultra-quiet "stealth" pump for off-road and mechanical handling vehicles has won an award for Ultra Hydraulics, of Cheltenham. Greatly reduced noise levels are achieved by phased dual-element gear units, which are said to be effective at all speeds and working pressures.

Brook Hansen, of Huddersfield, West Yorkshire, is responsible for a new range of electric motors with significantly higher efficiency than previous models. As a result they use less energy and discharge less carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. Because less heat is generated, smaller cooling fans are required, so noise is also reduced.

Another environmental hazard, the discharge of liquid effluent, with the associated smells and risk to health, has been tackled by Hydro Chemicals of Immingham, south Humberside. Its Nutriox process employs a new nitrate-based chemical agent, and is intended primarily to eliminate odour and septicity in municipal sewage works. The company claims that the process has none of the attendant safety hazards associated with traditional treatments using chlorine, liquid oxygen and peroxides, or iron sulphate.

Derwent May reports on some British 'coals to Newcastle' success stories

Beating them at their own games

It is amazing what you can sell abroad if you just know how. Garlic bread to Iceland, the complete works of Goethe to Germany — these are some of the things that have won Queen's Export Awards for their British manufacturers this year.

When you consider that the garlic bread is frozen, Iceland might seem an even more improbable destination for it. But Speedibake, of Northampton, was the first to develop garlic bread as a commercial product nine years ago, and now exports half a million frozen garlic baguettes to Europe every week. Apart from Iceland, the part-baked baguettes are sold in Germany, Scandinavia, and other countries, and will soon be on sale in France itself — while the firm's frozen doughnuts with raspberry jam go down a treat in Holland. The company now has its eye on producing Italian ciabatta bread.

Not many people realise it but hops are used in every

kind of beer, from English ales to the lightest lager. English Hop Products, of Tonbridge in Kent, has won an award for selling its hops and hop products both on the continent and in America. It has persuaded the American "micro-breweries", which make specialised beers, to turn to new beers using British hops, and has produced forms of hop extract which slot smoothly and economically into the brewing practices of Europe. Richard Wood, the managing director, has bought a 100-acre, hop farm just down the road from the office, where he leans over the gate and sells his own hops to the co-operative which supplies the processing and trading side of the business.

The complete Weimar edition of Goethe's works, which takes up 143 volumes on the library shelf, has been sold on CD-Rom to German university and state libraries at £3,950 a time, as well as to other libraries throughout the world, by Chadwyck-Healey, of Cambridge. The company's



Speedibake's Sally Cleary-Corbett tries its garlic bread

other gigantic products include a vast database of almost the entire corpus of English poetry, at £25,000, and — on its way and rapidly gathering subscribers — the

complete works of Voltaire. At Oxford, too, publishing has been doing well. Oxford University Press is selling enormous numbers of the Oxford Advanced Learners'

Dictionary, still going strong and constantly revised since 1948, and had a dashing hit throughout the world last year with *The Oxford Companion to Wine*.

The media also feature in the list in the form of the London advertising agency Barrie Bogle Hegarty. Its advertisements for Levi-Strauss jeans have been shown across Europe, both in the cinema and on television. You may have seen the one of the swimmer leaping over fences and making his way through swimming pool after swimming pool, always in his jeans, to get to his girl, grab her and jump off the high-diver with her. The pay-off line is "The more you wash them, the better" — and in most countries it has not even needed to translate that, because it is more chic in English. Only French law required it to be in the native language.

Other clients whose products are advertised internationally by the agency are

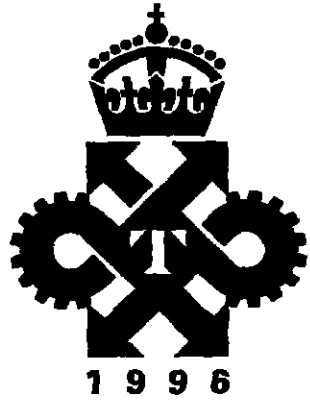
Häagen-Dazs and Polaroid. If you go to Italy this summer you will see their adverts for Perfetti, an Italian chewing-gum maker.

Are you sitting comfortably? If Audience Systems, of Westbury, Wiltshire, asked that question a cry of "Yes" would echo from around the world. The company has supplied retractable seating for 10,000 in the Dubai Sports Club as well as other seating systems for a sports and rock arena in Oberhausen, Germany, the Flushing Meadows tennis centre in New York, the new Amersfoort opera house in Holland, with its striking red seats, a Danish Kulturhus and a Queensland university hall. The invention that the firm is currently proudest of is its silent tip-up seat, called Espace 628.

Eat British, drink British and sit on British seats — what more can we ask of the world? And, as every one of these firms will testify, the world can do it all at competitive British prices.

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Applied science lessons

John Young on companies forging
a bright future for themselves in
the white heat of new technology

THE development of a sophisticated electro-mechanical control system for artificial legs is one of 16 projects to have won one of this year's Queen's Awards for Technological Achievement. Devised by Chas A Blatchford & Sons of Basingstoke, Hampshire, the control system uses a microprocessor controller in conjunction with a pneumatic swing phase cylinder to provide a variety of walking speeds, reacting instantly to changes in the user's gait and making the whole process much simpler and more comfortable.

another being the development by Amersham Healthcare, of Little Chalfont in Buckinghamshire, of a new drug, Metastrom, which provides long-term pain relief for patients suffering from bone metastases in prostate and other cancers. Metastrom, a solution of Strontium-89 chloride, is administered by intravenous injection and absorbed by the body as if it were calcium, rapidly clearing from the blood and localising in the bone. A single injection provides relief for up to six months in four out of five patients.

Glaxo Research and Development, of Greenford, Middlesex, wins an award for the development of a drug called Imigran to treat migraine and cluster headache. Imigran can be taken orally or by injection, and clinical trials have demonstrated that patients have a higher and more rapid level of response to it than to any other treatment, with only mild and transient side-effects.

Outside the medical field, Digit-Media Vision of Eastleigh, Hampshire, has developed a system for compressing television signals so that many programmes can be conveyed along a single channel, satellite or cable. The company, which also wins an Export Award, received an award for design and innovation at the 1993 Montreux Television Symposium.

A joint award goes to Marks & Spencer and Wace Screen, of Wakefield, for the development of garment panel printing using "dry" discharge methods, known as the Dyston process.

The ink contains a chemical which bleaches out the ground colour, allowing the print quality to be observed immediately. As a result the reject rate is reduced effectively to zero, compared with 15-20 per cent using the conventional "wet" process.

Another joint award goes to the Institute of Biotechnology at Cambridge University and Affinity Chromatography, which is based at Freeport on the Isle of Man and becomes the first Manx award-winner. A new range of materials, known as the Mimetic range, used to separate protein pharmaceuticals, is designed to emulate the chemical interactions occurring in nature and



Dye laughing: M&S improved its garment printing

QUEEN'S WINNERS

THE following companies and organisations have been granted the Queen's Award for Technological Achievement 1996:

Affinity Chromatography Ltd, Ballasalla, Isle of Man: innovating means of separating protein pharmaceuticals.
Amersham Healthcare (Amersham International plc), Little Chalfont, Buckinghamshire: Metastrom T.M. - a therapeutic option for treating metastatic bone pain.
Bede Scientific Instruments Ltd, Bowburn, County Durham: direct drive X-ray diffractometer.
Chas. A. Blatchford & Sons Ltd, Products Division, Basingstoke, Hampshire: electro-mechanical computer-controlled lower limb prostheses.
Digit-Media Vision Ltd t/a DMV, Eastleigh, Hampshire: professional digital video compression technology.
Glaxo Research and Development Ltd, Greenford, Middlesex: Sumatriptan - Imigran Medicine for migraine and cluster headache.
Marks & Spencer plc, London W1: "Dry" discharge method for garment panel printing.
Oxford Magnet Technology Ltd, Witney, Oxfordshire: Open C magnet system for magnetic resonance imaging scanner.
Phillips Medical Systems - Radiotherapy, Crawley, West Sussex: multileaf collimator for radiotherapy treatment machine.
Rover Group Ltd, Electronics and Control Systems, Coventry: West Midlands: microprocessor-controlled Engine Management System.
Schmitz Ltd, Swindon, Wiltshire: membranes for the rechargeable battery industry.
Smith & Nephew plc, Group Research Centre, York, North Yorkshire: IV3000 - Materials innovation in infection control.
Ultra Electronics Ltd, Noise and Vibration Systems Division, Greenford, Middlesex: system for reducing cabin noise in turbo-prop aircraft.
Institute of Biotechnology, University of Cambridge: innovating means of separating protein pharmaceuticals.
Wace Screen - Wakefield, Wakefield, West Yorkshire: "Dry" discharge method for garment panel printing.
Westwind Air Bearings Ltd, Poole, Dorset: aerodynamic spindle for optical scanning.

1996 Queen's Awards for Exports: the winners

Anglo Beef Processors Ltd, Blisworth, Northamptonshire: processed fresh and frozen beef and lamb.
Audience Systems Ltd, Westbury, Wiltshire: auditoria, arena and stadium seating systems.
Autoflame Engineering Ltd, London SE5: combustion control equipment.
Avesta Sheffield Ltd, Sheffield, South Yorkshire: stainless steel.
Bartle Bogle Hegarty Ltd, London W1: planning, creation, production and implementation of advertising.
Bass Beers Worldwide Ltd, Birmingham, West Midlands: beer and non-alcoholic drinks.
Beamech Group Ltd, Trafford Park, Manchester: Greater Manchester: plastic foam-making equipment.
Beck & Pollitzer Engineering Ltd, Dartford, Kent: machinery, installation and relocation services.
Biotrace Ltd, Bridgend, Mid Glamorgan, Wales: hygiene testing systems.
J. Blackledge & Son Ltd, Chorley, Lancashire: waterproof fabrics.
Brett Martin Ltd, Newtownabbey, Co. Antrim, Northern Ireland: plastic building products.
Bridge of Weir Leather Company Ltd, Bridge of Weir, Renfrewshire, Scotland: leather.
British Chrome & Chemicals, Stockton-on-Tees, Cleveland: chromium-based chemicals.
British Steel Special Sections - Skinninggrove, Carlin How, Cleveland: steel sections.
Barberrys Ltd, Manufacturing & Export Division, London E9: clothing and accessories.
Camlaw Ltd, Tamworth, Staffordshire: furnaces.
Chadwick-Healey Ltd, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire: academic publishers.
The Chartered Association of Certified Accountants (ACCA), London WC2: professional examinations and membership.
Toby Churchill Ltd, Cambridge: communication aids for people suffering from speech disabilities.
Climacell Milacron UK Ltd, Machine Tool Division,

Birmingham, West Midlands: machine tools.
Corsair Toiletries Ltd, St Albans, Hertfordshire: toiletries and household products.
Daily Produce Packers Ltd, Coleraine, Co Londonderry, NI: processed cheeses.
Designers Guild Ltd, London W1: furnishing fabrics, wallpaper and soft furnishings.
Digit-Media Vision Ltd t/a DMV, Eastleigh, Hampshire: digital video compression products.
Dunlop Hydraulic Hose Ltd, Gateshead, Tyne and Wear: wire and textile reinforced rubber hydraulic hose.
EBI Foods Ltd, Abingdon, Oxfordshire: food stabilisers.
Edwards High Vacuum Ltd, Crawley, West Sussex: high vacuum pumps and instrumentation.
English Hop Products Ltd, Tonbridge, Kent: hop products and raw hops.
Epichem Ltd, Wirral, Merseyside: chemicals for the electronics industry.
Eurostock Meat Marketing Ltd, Newry, Co Down, NI: processed offal.
Evans Medical Ltd, Leatherhead, Surrey: vaccines and other pharmaceuticals.
Ferner Holdings Ltd, Salford, Manchester: light construction equipment.
J & S Franklin Ltd, London WC2: civil and military equipment.
GPT Public Networks Group, Coventry, West Midlands: telecommunication systems.
Garigue, London SW5: woollen, mohair and cotton fabrics.
Gates Power Transmission Ltd, Dumfries, Scotland: synchronous timing belts.
Genesis Tilmates Ltd, Stokesley, North Yorkshire: finishing profiles for buildings.
Glass Eels Ltd, Gloucester, Gloucestershire: baby cels.
Gossard, Leighton Buzzard, Bedfordshire: ladies' lingerie.
William Grant & Sons Ltd, Motherwell, Lanarkshire,

Scotland: Scotch whisky.
Guinness Brewing Worldwide Ltd, London NW10: beer and non-alcoholic drinks.
HSB Engineering Insurance Ltd, London EC3: machinery breakdown and related loss of profits insurance.
Halcrow Holdings Ltd, London W6: civil engineering consultancy.
Healey & Baker, London W1: property consultants.
International Diamond Co Ltd, Newark, Nottinghamshire: malt extracts and cereal syrups.
International Lubrite Ltd, St Albans, Hertfordshire: publishers.
IPT Ltd, Guildford, Surrey:

chemicals for pharmaceuticals.
McCall's Special Products, Sheffield, South Yorkshire: threaded bar fasteners.
McKechie Vehicle Components, Extrusion Operations: Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire: motor vehicle components.
Mechatronics International Ltd, Kingswinford, West Midlands: industrial furnaces and ovens.
Mivan Ltd, Antrim, Co Antrim, Northern Ireland: construction and civil engineering.
Mobile Systems International Plc, London E14: mobile telecommunications software.
Molypress Ltd, Calne, Wiltshire:

Croydon, Surrey: engineering consultancy services.
Malberry Company (Design) Ltd, Home Division, Shepton Mallet, Somerset: furnishing fabrics and furniture.
New Holland UK Ltd, Basildon, Essex: tractors and diesel engines.
Newbridge Networks Ltd, Newport, Gwent, Wales: digital transmission products.
Nikwax Ltd, Wadhurst, East Sussex: waterproofing chemicals.
GPS Unit of Nortel Radio Instruments, Pagniton, Devon: global positioning systems simulators.
Ocular Sciences Ltd, Southampton, Hampshire: soft contact lenses.
Orb Electrical Steels Ltd, Newport, Gwent, Wales: electrical steels.
Oxford Metals Ltd, Oxford, Oxfordshire: systems used to analyse human motion.
Oxford University Press, Oxford, Oxfordshire: educational and reference books.
Pamarco Europe Ltd, Warrington, Cheshire: laser engraved application rollers.
Paper Makers Export Ltd, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire: paper, office stationery and equipment.
Paradise Datacom Ltd, Tipster, Essex: digital satellite communication equipment.
Parsons Consultants Ltd, Sutton, Surrey: consultancy services in the transportation, water and sanitation sectors.
Percell Group Ltd, Newport, Gwent, Wales: money counting systems.
Purstone Ltd, Rochester, Kent: hearing aids.
Queensgate Instruments Ltd, Bracknell, Berkshire: wavelength demultiplexing devices.
Quick Controls Ltd, Middleton, Manchester, Greater Manchester: operator control interfaces.
RBR Armour Ltd, London SE1: body armour and combat helmets.
Retlor Ltd, Preston, Lancashire: pet accessories.

Reynard Racing Cars Ltd, Bicester, Oxfordshire: racing cars and components.
Robinson Special Packaging, Chesterfield, Derbyshire: spirally wound paperboard packaging.
Robobond UK Ltd t/a Easylit, London SE18: polystyrene picture frame mouldings.
Segal Quince Wickstead Ltd, Swavesey, Cambridgeshire: economic and management consultancy.
Simclair International Ltd, Norwich, Norfolk: fruit labelling systems.
Smith's Environmental Products Ltd, Chelmsford, Essex: fan conveyor heaters.
Speedibake Ltd, Northampton, Northamptonshire: frozen bread and frozen confectionery products.
Statestrong Ltd, Lytham, Lancashire: aerial ladders.
Steel Wheels Ltd, Kidderminster, Worcestershire: steel wheels.
Storehouse plc, London NW1: retail store products.
Swiftpack Automation Ltd, Alcester, Warwickshire: tablet and capsule counting machines.
Syfer Technology Ltd, Norwich, Norfolk: ceramic capacitors.
Torex Equipment Ltd, Motherwell, Lanarkshire, Scotland: earthmoving equipment.
Thermopol Ltd, Crawley, West Sussex: silicone rubber hoses.
TRAK Microwave Ltd, Dundee, Scotland: ferrite components.
Unipath Ltd, Consumer & Clinical Diagnostics, Bedford, Bedfordshire: consumer and clinical diagnostic products.
Universal Bulk Handling Ltd, Burscough, Lancashire: tank containers.
Van Leer Metallized Products Ltd, Caerphilly, Mid Glamorgan, Wales: metallized film and paper.
Visual Communications Group Ltd, London E14: stock photographs.
Westbair Ltd, Kettering, Northamptonshire: cereals.
The Financial Risks & Specie Division of Willis Corroon Green plc, London EC3: insurance and re-insurance broking and consultancy services.
Windsong International Ltd, St Mary Cray, Orpington, Kent: pre-recorded music products.




Mott MacDonald's Tsing Ma suspension bridge in Hong Kong

automatic test systems.
JCB Materials Handling Ltd, Runcorn, Staffordshire: telescopic material handlers.
JCB Special Products Ltd, Chendle, Stoke-on-Trent, Staffordshire: compact earthmoving, material handling and industrial equipment.
Laminar Media Ltd, Tring, Hertfordshire: insulated shipping systems.
Lilly Industries Ltd, Basingstoke, Hampshire: pharmaceuticals.
Lombard Risk Systems Ltd, London EC4: financial software.
Magneco/Metrol UK Ltd, Shildon, County Durham: ceramic materials.
Maybridge Chemical Company Ltd, Tintagel, Cornwall: research


polybrominated products.
Abraham Moon & Sons Ltd, Leeds, West Yorkshire: woven wool apparel fabric.
Morris Ltd, Consumable Tools Division, Daventry, Northamptonshire: rotary deburring tools.
Morrison Bowmore Distillers Ltd, Glasgow, Scotland: Scotch whisky distillers.
Motorola Ltd, European Cellular Infrastructure Division, Swindon, Wiltshire: cellular radio telephone equipment.
Motorola Ltd, Europe, Middle East & Africa Cellular Subscriber Division, Bathgate, West Lothian, Scotland: cellular telephones.
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Firms with a golden touch

THE choice of a company in Antrim, Northern Ireland, to restore the Dome of the Rock in Jerusalem, one of Islam's holiest shrines, might on the face of it seem an unlikely event. But in fact it is only one of a range of unusual contracts, ranging from theme parks to cruise liners and a Buddhist temple, that have helped Mivan to win a Queen's Award for Export Achievement.

The company itself has an unusual history, having been founded by Dr Ivan McCabrey while he was still an engineering student at Queen's University, Belfast. It employs some 3,800 people in 25 countries worldwide and has won more than £100 million of new business in the last year, four-fifths of it in export markets. The Dome of the Rock contract involved the total restoration of the roof of the shrine and the covering of the 1,500 sq m dome with pure gold.

At a less exalted level the company was the largest general contractor on the EuroDisney project with 750 workers responsible for constructing Cinderella's Castle, two traditional Mississippi paddle steamers and Big Thunder Mountain, the world's largest artificial rockwork structure. Mivan is at present working on a theme park for Warner Bros near Düsseldorf in Germany. The attractions include Batman, Gremlins, Looney Tunes and Police Academy and three large artificial volcanoes which form part of a Bermuda Triangle ride.

Within the last two years Mivan has won contracts from the Royal Thai Air Force worth more than £77 million. They include the design and construction of a new township complete with Buddhist temple, on the Don Muang Air Force base outside Bangkok. The company's marine ventures include the Harlequins nightclub for the P&O cruise liner *Oriana*, which was fabricated on site in Northern Ireland and later assembled at a shipyard in Germany. It has also recently completed a feasibility study to recreate a full size replica of the ill-fated *Titanic* and has converted a German river boat, renamed *The Road to Mandalay*, which will convey tourists up the treacherous river.

Disaster prevention is the speciality of HSB Engineering Insurance Limited, another award winner. At a large oil refinery an engineer employed by the company was using the Datalect vibration monitoring

John Young looks a some unusual successes in engineering

equipment to test the operating condition of a large expansion turbine. Over the course of several days he became concerned by steadily increasing vibration levels. A decision was made to shut down the system and a closer investigation revealed a severely cracked coupling; eight of the twelve coupling bolts had sheared off. Without repair the turbine would have been destroyed and cost the company some US\$20 million.

On another occasion an HSB engineer, Harry Whitehead, was carrying out oil

JCB Special Products, which moved to a new £10 million plant at Cheadle, Greater Manchester, last year, has increased export earnings from £17.5 million to £49.7 million over the last three years. It employs more than 200 people in the manufacture of compact earth moving, materials handling and industrial equipment.

JCB Materials Handling has a turnover of nearly £95 million and between 1993 and 1995 increased its exports from £20.4 million to £51.8 million. JCB is well known to the general public but familiar enough to farmers are the New Holland range of tractors and agricultural equipment. In the past three years the company's factory in Basildon, Essex, with 2,400 employees, exported nearly 28,000 tractors, 47,000 diesel engines and components worth more than £563 million.

In 1995 New Holland UK Limited ranked 27th in the Financial Times list of top UK exporters, but its net export sales of £218 million in 1994 placed it among the top ten. The company also won an award last year and its chief executive officer Riccardo Ruggeri said the awards emphasised the company's rapid expansion across the world in the past three years.

British Steel Special Sections, of Skinningrove, Teesside, is the first non-American company to acquire certified supplier status for the giant United States company, Caterpillar Inc. In 1990 the parent company made the decision to invest in the manufacture of vehicle components and re-engineered the Teesside plant at a cost of £20 million.

Orb Electrical Steels Limited of Newport, Gwent, was formerly a division of British Steel but is now owned by European Electrical Steels Limited, a joint venture by British Steel and Svenska Stål AB of Sweden. It produces electrical steel for transformers, generators, motors and other equipment, and in the two years to March 1995 its export revenue rose from £40 million to £65 million.

Oiling the wheels of all this heavy industry is Segal Quince Wicksteed, based in Swavesey, Cambridge, whose managing director Roger Quince has watched the consultancy grow from a partnership of three in 1983 to a company with almost 60 employees now. It works in areas where efforts are being made to revitalise economies, advising governments, for example, on economic policies to stimulate competition. Export earnings have tripled in three years.



Export winner: New Holland tractor

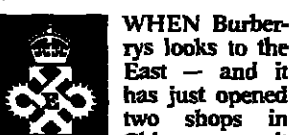


In the picture: Howard Simons, managing director of Emayl of London, among some of the moulded polystyrene frames which have won the company a Queen's Award for Export. Emayl began nine years ago with four people and now employs 500. The

company pioneered the use of polystyrene for picture and mirror frames in place of wood, and has also developed machines to create a finish on the frames as good as hand-made. It produces four-million feet of frame a week, and exports 75 per cent of it.

When cloth is cut to suit the market

Peter Brown looks at tailor-made winners



WHEN Burberrys looks to the East — and it has just opened two shops in China — it thinks small: coats for the Pacific Rim are designed down to fit the smaller frames of its new customers.

"For the Asian market," says Robert Kerr, export sales director, "we have developed a special fitting for raincoats, and our fabrics are kept cool and lightweight. There are also mini versions of our traditional handbags and rucksacks."

Thoughtful tailoring has brought outside rewards for the clothing manufacturer, which increased exports by more than 30 per cent in the last three years, and this year wins its sixth export award.

Another company looking towards Asia is Abraham Moon & Sons, of Netherfield Mills, Guiseley, Leeds. Founded in 1837, it has 150 employees making woven wool apparel fabric.

The company also takes care to adapt its designs and colours. "In Japan we can't use bright yellows," says John

Walsh, its chairman, "so we go for lots of greys and blues. The Italians love the British look — they think we all walk about in tweed jackets. The French go for brighter colours."

Also winning its first export award is Garigue, based in west London and selling woven fabrics of wool, mohair and cotton to top fashion markets. In particular it sells to the main fashion houses in Paris for haute couture and ready-to-wear. Nearly all its sales are exports.

With environmental considerations in mind, Nikwax, of Wadhurst, East Sussex, makes sure that its waterproof clothing is water rather than solvent-based. It now exports more than half of what it produces, its most recent market being South Africa.

For safe underwear, try RBR Armour, based in London's Old Kent Road. It supplies bullet-resistant clothing, helmets, visors and shields to soldiers, policemen and mine clearers, and has a global contract with the United Nations.

Quenching a global thirst

Derwent May on the expanding market for stout and whisky



BRITISH booze is going down well. Guinness Brewing Worldwide, of Park Royal, London, has won an Export Award this year — its stout is sold in 150 countries and brewed in 50 of them. A very successful scheme has been the Guinness Irish pubs initiative: the company puts people who want to open Irish pubs abroad in touch with Irish firms who will provide appropriate fittings and Irish staff. Guinness gets its reward in the amount of Guinness quaffed in 800 overseas pubs such as The Dubliners of Dubai and Delaney's in Hong Kong. British drinkers will soon get a taste of a very successful export brew, an Irish red ale called Kilkenny.

Whisky has its awards, too. Morrison Bowmore Distillers, of Glasgow, started trading in 1990: it has doubled its exports in the last three years. It has

two malt whiskies: Bowmore, an Islay malt distilled on the isle of Islay, and Auchentoshen, a smooth, triple-distilled malt made near Glasgow. Auchentoshen is the only triple-distilled malt currently available for export. Yesterday, the Queen's birthday, the company filled some specially chosen casks with their whiskies, and these will be drunk in 21 years' time as Queen's Award Malt.

The family owned firm of William Grant, of Motherwell, Lanarkshire, has also been sloshing whisky successfully down throats abroad. Apart from the blended Grant's, it produces the popular malt Glenfiddich and a connoisseur's malt called Balmoral. William Grant also produces a single-grain whisky called Black Barrel, a Swiss chocolate liqueur called Goldkorn and, as a joint venture with Richard Branson, Virgin Vodka — of which sales are ballooning.

DTI Packaging Systems
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- small business development
- skills and employment
- higher education
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1996

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- Edinburgh
- Hong Kong
- South Africa

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Prescott rebukes Short on tax

■ Clare Short was publicly warned by John Prescott, the deputy Labour leader, to accept collective responsibility or resign from the Shadow Cabinet, as a further row broke out over the party's tax plans.

However, soon after criticising his colleague, Mr Prescott appeared to make a similar gaffe on tax which was gleefully seized on by the Tories who claimed that it showed Labour would hit middle-income earners. Page 1

Viscount escapes Delhi blast

■ Viscount Weymouth, the 21-year old son of the Marquess of Bath and heir to the Longleat estate, survived a bomb blast in Delhi which killed his girlfriend, best friend, and ten other people. Two separatist groups opposed to the Indian elections, due next week, claimed responsibility. Pages 1, 3

Queen fêted

For all the Queen's efforts to keep her seventieth birthday within the bosom of her family, the occasion became something of a public event as she was fêted by well-wishers. Pages 1, 6

Goldsmith manifesto

Sir James Goldsmith set out his terms for a referendum on Europe, insisting that the people should decide whether they want to be governed by Brussels or Westminster. Page 1

Marathon conquest

Liz McColgan revelled in the hottest conditions of the year when she returned from injury to win the London Marathon women's race. Pages 1, 25, 27

Gardiner threat

Sir George Gardiner, the rightwing MP, has threatened to force a by-election, which could wipe out the Tories' majority, if he is deselected. Page 2

Thompson awards

The film *Sense and Sensibility*, which won an Oscar for Emma Thompson, took three awards at the annual ceremony of the British Academy of Film and Television Arts. Page 3

Academics fall out

The research world has been split by a dispute between physicists and astronomers who are accused of taking more than their share of resources. Page 4

Top tuber is smash hit with French

■ A rare variety of French potato brought back from the edge of extinction fetched the record price of £180 a pound when it went on sale at a Paris auction house at the weekend. The Bonnotte de Noirmoutier potato is regarded as the caviar of the tuber world, being grown on a bed of seaweed and planted and picked entirely by hand. Page 11

Heritage at risk

Exquisitely-carved cherubs and angels from a 19th-century altar at St Paul's Cathedral will be sold abroad unless £740,000 can be raised to save them for the nation. Page 5

'Zealots' challenge

Martin Mears, president of the Law Society, faces a campaign by women lawyers to oust him after he said some of them were "discrimination zealots". Page 8

Israeli inquiry

Israel ordered an inquiry into the disastrous bombardment of a UN base in Lebanon which killed 102 people as international efforts led by the United States to halt the conflict continued. Page 9

Mission to Liberia

The United States deployed four warships off Liberia and dispatched a diplomatic mission to try to halt the faction fighting in Monrovia, the capital. Page 10

Priest in Nazi row

Abbé Pierre, the popular French champion of good causes, is under fire for defending an author who says the Holocaust has been exaggerated. Page 11

Nato deadlock

Presidents Yeltsin and Clinton made headway in resolving disputes over two key arms control agreements but remained deadlocked over Nato's eastward expansion. Page 11



Emma Thompson at the scene of her British Academy of Film and Television Arts awards triumph yesterday. Report, page 2

Power play

The battle to gain control of Britain's second-biggest electricity generator has entered the political arena after John Redwood, the former Tory leadership contender, said bids such as that being lined up by a US firm for National Power should be blocked. Page 48

Struggle to end

Another big City takeover attempt is set to end this week, with observers forecasting a victory for the bidder. Rentokil's £2.1 billion onslaught is being resisted by its target, the services combine BET. Page 48

Tunnel plight

Eurotunnel, which operates the cross-Channel service, is set today to report losses that some City watchers think will approach £1 billion for 1995, the first full year of operation. Page 48

Party over

These days, positive sightings of Margaret Beckett are so rare that one fears she may soon become the subject of a David Attenborough documentary. Mary Riddell meets Labour's Trade and Industry spokeswoman. Page 15

Nuclear risk

The *Legge* is a more menacing vessel now than she ever was when she patrolled the Atlantic as part of the Soviet Navy. Michael Binyon on the Cold War legacy haunting Russia. Page 14

Ambitious review

As the town centre management congress opens in Coventry, a three-page special report examines plans to arrest the exodus from our city centres. Pages 39-41

Royal bashing

Tony Harrison's new play for the National Theatre, *The Prince's Play*, sets Rigoletto among the naughty royals of late Victorian London. Page 13

Theatrical investment

The Gabriel Fund and the Small Theatres Agreement between the increasingly collaborative nature of British theatre production. If you always wanted to be an angel, this is the time to start. Page 13

Birthday bash

The Albert Hall platform was packed on Saturday, as some of the world's top musicians celebrated the eightieth birthday of Lord Menuhin. Page 13

Sonic boom

As they confirmed in their gig at the Forum, the American group Sonic Youth are a great rock 'n' roll band. Page 12

London Marathon

Liz McColgan hit the front five miles from the finish to win the women's race by more than two minutes; in the men's event, Dionicio Cerón of Mexico secured his third successive victory. Page 25

Snooker: Angry words

In the world championship match between Ronnie O'Sullivan and the defeated Alain Robidoux of Canada yesterday rent the sport's normally hushed world. Page 27

Football: Sunderland

handed promotion to the Premier League, failed to ensure the First Division title when Stoke held them 0-0. Crystal Palace's 2-0 victory over Wolverhampton gives them the chance of the second automatic promotion spot. Pages 28, 29

Rugby union: Leicester

lost the first Sanyo Cup match against a World XV in front of a near 32,000 crowd at Twickenham. However, the club will still benefit by more than £50,000. Page 37

Equestrianism: Hugo Simon

won his second show-jumping World Cup in a dramatic jump-off. Nick Skelton, of Britain, finished third. Page 26

Sport for all: Christian Dymond

arrows in on the ancient sport of archery. Page 38

9, 28, 29, 31, 40, 48. Bonus: 23. Two

ticket holders share £10,370,000

Preview: Michael Frayn offers a personal portrait of Budapest in *Omnia*, BBC1, 10.40; Review: The BBC's royal birthday celebration, *Princess to Queen*, was a surprise and a delight. Page 42

WILLIAM REES-MOGG

Something strange is going on at the *Financial Times*. A journalists' mutiny is focusing on jobs rather than quality. Page 16

PETER RIDDELL

The case for the Major Government is largely going by default, squeezed out by the condemnation of the fashionable Left and made implausible by the stridency of Tory propagandists. Page 16

MATTHEW PARRIS

There are times when a need is obvious, but when neither money nor any other kind of help seems able to meet it. Page 16

Darkness in Damascus

Unless Mr Assad curbs Hezbollah, his reputation as a sponsor of terrorism and an enemy of peace stands. If he wishes to be interpreted otherwise, he must address Israel's legitimate security concerns in Lebanon today and, ultimately, on the Golan Heights. Page 17

The T-word

John Prescott told Clare Short to stick to agreed Labour policy, or get out of the Shadow Cabinet, a perfectly reasonable injunction save for one awkward fact. On tax, Labour has no policy to which to stick. As one Labour spokesman has said: "You cannot reveal a secret if it does not exist." Page 17

Christopher Robin Milne

bookshop owner; Louis Osman, architect and goldsmith; Bernard Edwards, pop musician. Page 19

Labour's plans for Lords reform

hymns to comfort travellers, restoring Old Masters. Page 17

An operation that Shimon Peres

the Israeli Prime Minister, may have approved with electoral as well as security considerations in mind is providing mixed credits at home and heavy debts abroad. —The Washington Post

IN THE TIMES

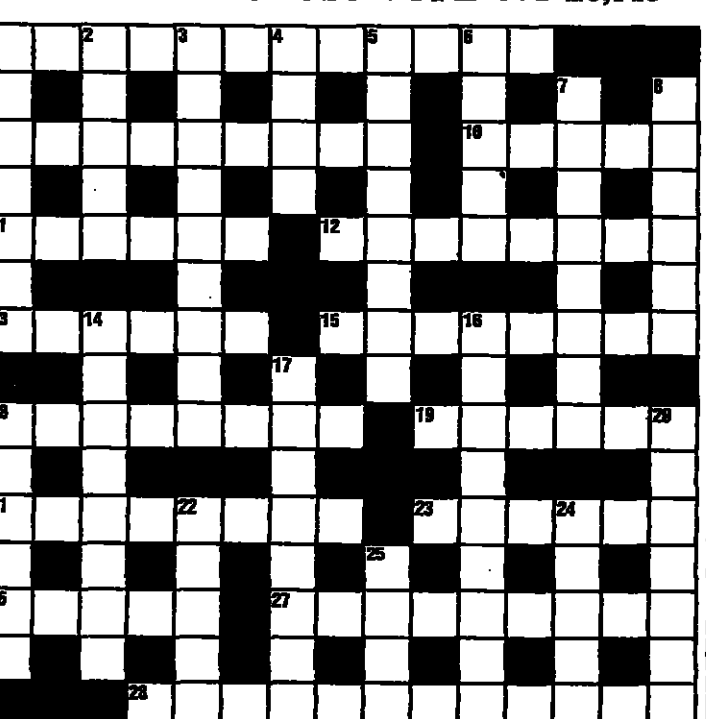
BUSY ACTRESS

From a mega-movie like *Assassins* to a small film like *Safe*, Julianne Moore will try anything

LAW

Why is the Inland Revenue rewriting all 6,000 pages of tax law?

THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,148



- ACROSS**
- Converted ground to lawn, with major extension (4-5-3).
 - Famous teacher who's mean about examination? (8).
 - Picture that's used as cover for publication (5).
 - US agents outside pub, having returned from part of Asia (6).
 - Sticky situation in yearly business gathering covered by paper (8).
 - Vital components in means of communication (6).
 - Rejected advance incorporated in payment not forthcoming (6).
 - Widespread complaint producing unending protest in alarm (8).
 - Planned course completely in flight (6).
 - Bid higher for garment, securing first of collection (8).
 - Barmid enters backstreet in old city (6).
 - Ruler taking venomous creature in embrace (5).
- DOWN**
- Cascade after burst is contained by barrier (9).
 - Top people in country delivered intelligence test (6,6).
 - You reportedly gambol freely about - back in trouble with this? (7).
 - Woman's article below standard (5).
 - Everything I put into social event is a waste of time (9).
 - Item included by National Socialists (4).
 - Trains run true to form on the second (8).
 - Taking advantage of pleasant morning off (5).
 - Fine adjustment needed in transmitting equipment, that's apparent (8).
 - Best - or worst - of French performance (6).
 - Argument mixture with lake that's sort of grey (8).
 - Club mount get-together for old track runner (4,5).
 - Outstanding account showed effect of inflation (8).
 - Use shares to generate turnover in farming business (6).
 - Show girl's set on dramatic production (7).
 - Partner inferior to Constable as producer of oil (5).
 - Emergent victorious astride a wild animal (5).
 - Boss's workroom unfinished (4).

THE TIMES WEATHERCALL

For regional forecast, dial 0851 500 followed by code.

Greater London	701
East of England	702
West of England	703
South of England	704
North of England	705
Scotland	706
Wales	707
West Midlands	708
East Midlands	709
Yorkshire	710
North West	711
South West	712
London & SE	713
West Midlands	714
East Midlands	715
Yorkshire	716
North West	717
South West	718
London & SE	719
West Midlands	720
East Midlands	721
Yorkshire	722
North West	723
South West	724
London & SE	725
West Midlands	726
East Midlands	727
Yorkshire	728
North West	729
South West	730

AA ROADWATCH

For AA traffic reports, dial 0335 401 followed by code.

London & SE	731
West Midlands	732
East Midlands	733
Yorkshire	734
North West	735
South West	736
London & SE	737
West Midlands	738
East Midlands	739
Yorkshire	740
North West	741
South West	742
London & SE	743
West Midlands	744
East Midlands	745
Yorkshire	746
North West	747
South West	748
London & SE	749
West Midlands	750
East Midlands	751
Yorkshire	752
North West	753
South West	754

HOUSES OF DARKNESS

First quarter April 25

London 8.00 pm to 5.48 am	8.05 pm
Bristol 8.10 pm to 5.58 am	8.15 pm
Edinburgh 8.24 pm to 5.47 am	8.29 pm
Manchester 8.28 pm to 5.51 am	8.33 pm
Perth 8.28 pm to 5.51 am	8.33 pm

FLIGHT SAVERS

London to Milan	from £99 return.
London to Amsterdam	from £69 return.
London to Newcastle	from £58 return.

FORECAST

General: cloud is expected to increase from the south, bringing rain to all parts of England and Wales except the north by midday. Warm in most places. Scotland and Northern Ireland will be cloudy and windy with outbreaks of rain.

London, SE England, E Anglia, Central S England, E Midlands, E England, W Midlands, Channel Isles, SW England, S Wales, Central N: bright spells after early mist. Rain spreading from the south. Wind mostly light, southerly, north-easterly later. Max 18C (64F).

N Wales, NW England, Lake District, Isle of Man, NE England: mostly dry, sunny spells. Becoming cloudier later. Wind moderate, southerly. Max 18C (64F).

Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Aberdeen, Moray Firth, NE Scotland: cloudy but mainly dry. Wind fresh to strong, south or south-westerly. Max 18C (64F).

SW Scotland, Glasgow, Central Highlands, Argyll, NW Scotland: cloudy with rain at times. Wind fresh, occasionally strong south or south-westerly. Max 14C (57F).

Orkney, Shetland: rain, slowly dying out. Wind strong to gale force, northeasterly. Max 9C (48F).

Ireland: rain at times, dying out from the southeast. Wind strong, south-westerly. Max 13C (55F).

Outlook: rain in east clearing, then sunny spells. Some showers.

AROUND BRITAIN

24 hrs to 5 pm: b = bright; c = cloud; d = drizzle; ds = dust storm; du = dull; f = fog; g = gale; h = hail; i = rain; s = sun; sh = shower; si = sleet; t = thunder; w = wind; x = snow; y = rain; z = rain; 1 = rain; 2 = rain; 3 = rain; 4 = rain; 5 = rain; 6 = rain; 7 = rain; 8 = rain; 9 = rain; 10 = rain; 11 = rain; 12 = rain; 13 = rain; 14 = rain; 15 = rain; 16 = rain; 17 = rain; 18 = rain; 19 = rain; 20 = rain; 21 = rain; 22 = rain; 23 = rain; 24 = rain; 25 = rain; 26 = rain; 27 = rain; 28 = rain; 29 = rain; 30 = rain; 31 = rain; 1 = rain; 2 = rain; 3 = rain; 4 = rain; 5 = rain; 6 = rain; 7 = rain; 8 = rain; 9 = rain; 10 = rain; 11 = rain; 12 = rain; 13 = rain; 14 = rain; 15 = rain; 16 = rain; 17 = rain; 18 = rain; 19 = rain; 20 = rain; 21 = rain; 22 = rain; 23 = rain; 24 = rain; 25 = rain; 26 = rain; 27 = rain; 28 = rain; 29 = rain; 30 = rain; 31 = rain; 1 = rain; 2 = rain; 3 = rain; 4 = rain; 5 = rain; 6 = rain; 7 = rain; 8 = rain; 9 = rain; 10 = rain; 11 = rain; 12 = rain; 13 = rain; 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